Sr. No.	•••••
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## **ENTRANCE TEST-2023**

#### SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

<b>Total Questions</b>	:	60	Question	Question Booklet Series					<u>_</u>
Time Allowed		<b>70 Minutes</b>	Roll No. :						

#### **Instructions for Candidates:**

- 1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
- 3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
- 4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
- 5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
- 6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
- 7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
- 8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
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- 13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
- 14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

- 1. Which of the following equipment is used for 5. measuring atmospheric humidity?
  - (A) Anemometer
  - (B) Hydrometer
  - (C) Lysimeter
  - (D) Psychrometer
- 2. Which is the largest delta of the World?
  - (A) Ganga delta
  - (B) Indus delta
  - (C) Mekong delta
  - (D) Sundarbans delta
- 3. A narrow strip of land with sea on either side, forming a link between two larger areas of land:
  - (A) Cape
  - (B) Isthmus
  - (C) Peninsula
  - (D) Strait
- 4. A high-level group 'Ambition on Melting Ice (AMI) on Sea-level Rise and Mountain Water Resources' was formed to ensure impacts of cryosphere loss is understood by political leaders and the public, and not only within mountain and polar regions, but throughout the planet. This broad coalition took place in
  - (A) Katowice Climate Change Conference (COP 24)
  - (B) Madrid Climate Change Conference (COP 25)
  - (C) Glasgow Climate Change Conference (COP 26)
  - (D) Sharm el-Sheikh Climate Change Conference (COP 27)

- Which of the following statements would stand true across the ecosystems in an ideal situation?
- (A) Primary consumers always outnumber primary producers
- (B) Primary consumers are least dependent upon primary producers
- (C) Primary producers always outnumber primary consumers
- (D) Secondary consumers are the largest and the most powerful
- The actual space that an organism inhabits and the resources it can access as a result of limiting pressures from other species is called
  - (A) Niche differentiation
  - (B) Niche density
  - (C) Niche segregation
  - (D) Niche width
- 7. In which of the following countries is the Pampas grasslands situated?
  - (A) Andes Ecuador
  - (B) Central Argentina
  - (C) South Brazil
  - (D) South Chile
  - Which of the following statements is NOT correct about the ecological pyramid?
    - (A) Pyramid of biomass is inverted in aquatic ecosystem
    - (B) Pyramid of biomass is upright in grassland ecosystem
    - (C) Pyramid of energy is inverted in ocean ecosystem
    - (D) Pyramid of numbers I upright in grassland ecosystem

9.	Rega	ardless of the underlying mechanisms of species	14.	The branch of geology which deals with study of rocks			
	inter	action, which of the following is one of the best		is			
	desci	ribed patterns in community ecology?		(A)	Lithology		
	(A)	Exponential distribution		(B)	Mineralogy		
	(B)	Lognormal distribution		(C)	Petrology		
	(C)	Normal distribution		(D)	Rockology		
	(D)	University distribution	15.	Whi	ch of the following is generally found in		
10.	Whi	ch of the following factors does not affect the		sedin	mentary rocks?		
	soluł	pility of gases in water?		(A)	Basalt		
	(A)	Nature of gas		(B)	Magnesium		
	(B)	Number of particles of gas		(C)	Shale		
	(C)	Pressure		(D)	Silica		
	(D)	Temperature	16.	The	process by which some elements enter in mineral		
11.	In thin layer chromatography, the stationary and the				tures with certain elements being incorporated		
	mob	ile phase is made up of		prefe	erentially is known as		
	(A)	liquid, gas		(A)	Element partitioning		
	(B)	liquid, liquid		(B)	Melonisation		
	(C)	solid, gas		(C)	Podsotization		
	(D)	solid, liquid		(D)	Transportations		
12.	Oxy	gen content can be controlled by adding which	17.	Cher	mical weathering of rock material is most effective		
	of th	e following material with water?		in w	hich of the following regions?		
	(A)	Acidic solution		(A)	Aravalli Hills		
	(B)	Basic solution		(B)	Ladhak Himalaya		
	(C)	Hydroxyzine		(C)	Vindhyan Hills		
	(D)	Iodine		(D)	Western Ghats		
13.	If Bi	ochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) is high, then	18.	India	a's first national park, also known as Hailey		
	whic	h of the following conditions is true?		Natio	onal Park, established in 1936 is		
	(A)	The air pollution is more		(A)	Gangotri National Park		
	(B)	The bacteria is less in it		(B)	Jim Corbett National Park		
	(C)	The water pollution is low		(C)	Nanda Devi National Park		
	(D)	The water pollution is more		(D)	Rajaji National Park		

- 19. Which of the following organizations published the 23. Which of the following is not an energy recovery 'Red Data Book'?
  - (A) Global Biodiversity Information Facility
  - (B) Green Peace
  - (C) International Union for Conservation of Nature
  - (D) World Wildlife Fund
- 20. Match List I with List II

List I (Movements)	List II (Leaders)
1. Appiko movement	(i) Amrita Devi
2. Bishnoi movement	(ii) Pandurang Hegde
3. Chipko movement	(iii) Sughathakumari
4. Save Silent Valley	(iv) Sundarlal Bahuguna
movement	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) 1 (i), 2 (ii), 3 (iii), 4 (iv)
- (B) 1 (ii), 2 (i), 3 (iv), 4 (iii)
- (C) 1 (ii), 2 (iv), 3 (i), 4 (iii)
- (D) 1 (iv), 2 (i), 3 (iii), 4 (ii)
- 21. Which of the following is the major source of mercury pollution in India?
  - (A) Dental amalgam fillings
  - (B) Electrical and electronic gadgets
  - (C) Pesticides
  - (D) Small scale gold mining
- The search for and the commercialisation of new products that have been sourced from nature:
  - (A) Biomagnification
  - (B) Biopiracy
  - (C) Bioprospecting
  - (D) Bioregulation

- method of soil waste management?
- (A) Biomethanation
- (B) Composting
- (C) Palletization
- (D) Pyrolysis
- Chlorosis is 24.
  - (A) destruction of leaf tissues
  - (B) severe drying
  - (C) the killing of tissues
  - (D) the reduction of chlorophyll from leaf
- Which of the following is aerobic waste water treatment method?
  - (A) Imhoff tank
  - (B) Percolating filter
  - (C) Septic tank
  - (D) Sludge digester
- 26. The most common cause of blue baby syndrome is water contaminated with
  - (A) Cobalt
  - (B) Fluoride
  - (C) Mercury
  - (D) Nitrate
- 27. The word noise is derived from the Latin word 'nausea', meaning
  - (A) Annoyance
  - (B) Seasickness
  - (C) Pleasure
  - (D) Sleeplessness

#### 28. Match List I with List II

List I (River)	List II (Origin)
1. Brahmaputra	(i) Amarkantak,
	Madhya Pradesh
2. Ganga	(ii) Trimbakeshwar,
	Maharashtra
3. Godavari	(iii) Kailash, China
4. Narmada	(iv) Gaumukh, Uttarakhand

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) 1 (i), 2 (iv), 3 (iii), 4 (ii)
- (B) 1 (i), 2 (iv), 3 (ii), 4 (iii)
- (C) 1 (iii), 2 (iv), 3 (ii), 4 (i)
- (D) 1 (iii), 2 (iv), 3 (i), 4 (ii)
- 29. Which of the following factors govern the solubility and availability of nutrients in the soil?
  - (A) Aeration
  - (B) pH
  - (C) Porosity
  - (D) Temperature
- 30. Match List I with List II

List I (Protected Area)	List II (IUCN Category)
1. Community Reserves	(i) II
2. Conservation Reserves	(ii) IV
3. National Park	(iii) V
4. Wildlife Sanctuary	(iv) VI

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) 1 (iii), 2 (iv), 3 (ii), 4 (i)
- (B) 1 (i), 2 (iv), 3 (iii), 4 (ii)
- (C) 1 (iv), 2 (iii), 3 (i), 4 (ii)
- (D) 1 (iv), 2 (i), 3 (iii), 4 (ii)

- 31. Which of the following pesticides persists for a long period in soil ?
  - (A) Carbaryl
  - (B) Lindane
  - (C) Monocrotophos
  - (D) Parathion
- 32. Which of the following forest types is most extensively distributed across India?
  - (A) Himalayan moist temperate forest
  - (B) Tropical dry deciduous forest
  - (C) Tropical dry evergreen forest
  - (D) Tropical moist deciduous forest
- 33. Which of the following is NOT the objective of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CDB)?
  - (A) Conservation of biological diversity
  - (B) Fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of the use of genetic resources
  - (C) Mainstreaming biological diversity across government and society
  - (D) Sustainable use of components of biological diversity
- 34. Who has written the book A Revised Survey of the Forest Types of India?
  - (A) G.S. Puri and R.K Gupta
  - (B) H.G. Champion and S.K. Seth
  - (C) J.S. Singh and S.P. Singh
  - (D) V.M. Meher-Homji and Madhav Gadgil
- 35. Who coined the term 'biodiversity'?
  - (A) Edward Osborne Wilson
  - (B) Norman Myers
  - (C) Sir David Attenborough
  - (D) Walter Rosen

Which of the following has the least or no possibility 36. While measuring the diversity between communities, 40. of being found in the e-waste? the following diversity index is computed: (A) Cadmium (A) Alpha diversity (B) Lead (B) Beta diversity (C) Mercury (C) Delta diversity (D) Neon (D) Gamma diversity 41. LEED in the Green Technology refers to The International Union for Conservation of Nature (A) Leadership in Energy and Efficiency Design lists one of the following as the most serious threat to (B) Leadership in Energy and Efficiency Document endangered species worldwide: (C) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (A) Habitat destruction by fires (D) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Document (B) Habitat destruction by global climate change Which of the following is not a main part of a Life 42. (C) Habitat destruction by human activities Cycle Analysis (LCA)? (D) Habitat destruction by meteorites and asteroids (A) Comparative analysis 38. Where is India's first green building located? (B) Impact analysis (A) CII - Sohrabji Green Business Centre, (C) Improvement analysis Hyderabad (D) Inventory analysis (B) ITC Green Centre, Gurgaon Which of the following types of worms are used for 43. vermicomposting? (C) Suzlon Earth, Pune (A) Black Wiggler (D) Wipro Technologies, Gurgaon (B) Blue Wiggler 39. The most appropriate term used by the IUCN within (C) Green Wiggler Nature Based Solutions as a solution for urban and (D) Red Wiggler climate challenges is Net calorific value of a waste is measured using

(A) Green Asset

(B) Green ICT

(D) Green System

(C) Green Infrastructure

(A) Bomb Calorimeter

(B) Galvanometer

(C) Photometer

(D) Tensiometer

- 45. Which of the following terms is best suited for Dioxin? 48.
  - (A) Antibiotic
  - (B) Fertilizer
  - (C) Pesticide
  - (D) Toxin
- 46. OTEC is related to a renewable energy technology 49. that used potential of oceans to produce clean, reliable electricity, day and night, year-round. What is expansion of OTEC ?
  - (A) Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion
  - (B) Ocean Thermal Energy Counter
  - (C) Oceanic Thermal Energy Conservation
  - (D) Oklahoma Thermal Energy Center
- 47. Match List I with List II

List I	List II			
(Minerals)	(Area of occurrence)			
1. Coal	(i) Bhandara, Maharashtra			
2. Gold	(ii) Karanpura, Jharkhand			
3. Mica	(iii) Hatti, Karnataka			
4. Manganese	(iv) Nellore, Andhra Pradesh			

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) 1 (ii), 2 (iv), 3 (iii), 4 (i)
- (B) 1 (ii), 2 (iii), 3 (iv), 4 (i)
- (C) 1 (iii), 2 (iv), 3 (ii), 4 (i)
- (D) 1 (ii), 2 (iii), 3 (i), 4 (iv)

- 48. Which of the following is called as the 'country of winds'?
  - (A) Austria
  - (B) Denmark
  - (C) Europe
  - (D) Italy
- 49. Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), an urgent call for action by all countries - developed and developing - in a global partnership, come with
  - (A) 17 goals and 169 targets
  - (B) 17 goals and 179 targets
  - (C) 18 goals and 169 targets
  - (D) 18 goals and 179 targets
- 50. What was the preindustrial (1750 AD) concentration of methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) in the atmosphere?
  - (A) 100 ppb
  - (B) 400 ppb
  - (C) 700 ppb
  - (D) 1000 ppb
- 51. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Deforestation and forest degradation are the biggest threats to forests worldwide.

Statement II: Nature-Based Solutions (NBSs) can reverse the effects of deforestation and degradation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (C) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false
- (D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true

- 52. UNCCD, the sole legally binding international 55. agreement linking environment and development to sustainable land management stands for
  - (A) United Nations Climate Change and Development
  - (B) United Nations Convention for Climate,Degradation and Deforestation
  - (C) United Nations Convention to Climate and Development
  - (D) United Nations Convention to Combat

    Desertification
- 53. Environmental education must be made an integral part of all academic programs as students need to be mainly sensitized about
  - (A) growing environmental degradation and its consequence for life on earth
  - (B) its emergence as a specialized field
  - (C) its interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary nature
  - (D) relationship between culture and environment
- 54. The most dominating oxides resulting acid rains are
  - (A) Carbon dioxide and Carbon monoxide
  - (B) Carbon oxides and Nitrogen oxides
  - (C) Carbon oxides and Sulphur oxides
  - (D) Nitrogen oxides and Sulphur oxides

- Who is popularly known as glacier man (or ice man) of India?
- (A) Chewang Norphel
- (B) Rajendra Singh
- (C) Sonam Wangchuk
- (D) Sunderlal Bahuguna
- Environmental education was mandated as a compulsory subject in all schools across the country following a Public Interest Litigation (PIL) in 1991 by
  - (A) Constitution of India
  - (B) High Courts of India
  - (C) Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate
    Change
  - (D) Supreme Court of India
- 57. Which of the following global agreements was instrumental to protect stratospheric ozone layer by phasing out the production and consumption of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)?
  - (A) Vienna Convention
  - (B) Basel Convention
  - (C) Montreal Protocol
  - (D) Stockholm Convention

- 58. The first of the major Environmental Protection Act 60. to be promulgated in India was
  - (A) Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act of 1981
  - (B) Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
  - (C) Water (Prevention and Control) Act, 1974
  - (D) Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972
- 59. Which of the following sections of the Wildlife Protection Act 1972 deals with the prohibition of hunting (i.e. no person shall hunt any wild animal specified in Schedules I, II, III and IV)?
  - (A) Section 6
  - (B) Section 9
  - (C) Section 12
  - (D) Section 15

- Right to live is a Fundamental Right under Article 21 of the Constitution of India and it includes the right of enjoyment of pollution free water and air for full enjoyment of life. In which Supreme Court has observed this?
- (A) Rajesh Kumar v. Union of India [(2012) SC]
- (B) Subhash Kumar v. State of Bihar [(1991) SC]
- (C) Subramaniam Swamy v. Union of India [(2012) SC]
- (D) Vineet Narain v. Union of India [(1998) SC]

### **ROUGH WORK**

SM-29551-A

### **ROUGH WORK**

## **ENTRANCE TEST-2021**

# SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

<b>ENVIRO</b>	NMENTA	L SCIENCE
	T IT I TITLE	

<b>Total Questions</b>	:	60			
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Time Allowed: 70 Minutes Roll No.:

Questio	1	A					
ll No. :		T	T	T	T	T	

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1.	Match List I with List II and select the appropriate	-
	combination:	

List I

List II

- A. Troposphere
- 1. Contains much of total atmospheric ozone
- B. Stratosphere
- 2. Temperature decrease with increasing height
- C. Ionosphere
- Aurora Borealis and Aurora Australis are produced
- D. Exosphere
- Molecules are almost collisionless

A B

- (A) 2 1 3
  - (B) 2 4 1 3
  - (C) 2 1 4 3
  - (D) 2 3 4 1
- The Asthenosphere is characterized by :

C

- (A) Low velocity zone
- (B) Zone of magma generation
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of the Above
- 3. The Oceanic Crust is rich in:
  - (A) Silica and Magnesium
  - (B) Calcium and Magnesium
  - (C) Silica and Aluminum
  - (D) None of the above

- Which of the following compartment of hydrological cycle has the highest residence time?
  - (A) Oceans and Seas
  - (B) Lakes and reservoirs
  - (C) Glaciers and ice caps
  - (D) Biospheric water
- Which one of the following is/are the key attribute/s of an ecosystem:
  - (A) Energy flow
  - (B) Biotic diversity
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) (A) is correct but not (B)
- 6. Identify the wrong match:
  - (A) Biosphere Totality of living things present on earth
  - (B) Ecosphere Zone where life is sustainable
  - (C) Gaia Single Living Entity
  - (D) Eduard Suess Chemical Evolution hypothesis
- 7. Identify the correct match with regard t ecosystem services:
  - (A) Fish production Cultural
  - (B) Nutrient Cycling Habitat
  - (C) Recreation Regulating
  - (D) Scientific knowledge Informational
  - 8. What is true about heterotrophic succession
    - (A) P > R
    - (B) P < R
    - (C) P = R
    - (D) None of the above

- by using the codes given below:
  - Acetylene 1.
  - Ethyl aceto acetate 2.
  - Phenol 3.
  - Benzoic acid 4.
  - Benzene Suplhonoic acid
  - (A) 1 & 2 only
  - (B) 2, 3, and 5
  - (C) 1 & 5 only
  - (D) 2 & 5 only
- 10. The usual vertical sequence of horizons in a soil from the surface downward is:
  - (A) O, A, B, C, E
  - (B) A, B, C, E, O
  - (C) O, A, E, B, C
  - (D) A, E, B, C, O
- 11. Which one of the following is the most prominent interfering agent in Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) estimation?
  - (A) Chloride
  - (B) Ammonia
  - (C) Nitrite
  - (D) None of the above
- 12. Compared to CO,, methane has more global warming potential of:
  - (A) 5-10 times
  - (B) 20-25 times
  - (C) 40-45 times
  - (D) 60-65 times

- Identify which of the following are carbon acids 13. Marusudar river which is an important tributary of Chenab originates from:
  - (A) Kishtiwar
  - (B) Himachal Pradesh
  - (C) Doda
  - (D) Rambandh
  - 14. Risk is comprised of which of the following two factors?
    - (A) Alert and alarm
    - (B) Hazard and vulnerability
    - (C) Vulnerability and susceptibility
    - (D) Hazards and threats
  - 15. Identify the correct match:
    - (A) Chernobyl disaster-1984
    - (B) Bhopal gas tragedy-1986
    - (C) Fukushima disaster-2012
    - (D) Three Mile Island Accident-1979
  - 16. Which one of the following era is considered as age of mammals?
    - (A) Paleozoic
    - (B) Cenozoic
    - (C) Mesozoic
    - (D) None of the above
  - 17. Sunderlal Bahuguna started Chipko movement in which of the following areas?
    - (A) Narmada Valley
    - (B) Rajasthan desert
    - (C) Western Ghats
    - (D) Garhwal Himalayas

23. A safe level of noise depends on : 18. Sardar Sarovar Dam is built on : (A) Level of noise and exposure to noise (A) Sabarmati river (B) Area (B) Narmada river (C) Pitch (C) Tapti river (D) Frequency (D) Chambal river 24. Apart from hearing loss, effects produced b 19. Narmada River flows through which of the excessive noise/noise pollution are: following state/s of India? Migraine headaches (A) Gujarat Heart Palpitation 2. (B) Maharashtra 3. Dizziness (C) Madhya Pradesh Nausea 4. (D) All the above Gastric Ulcers 5. 20. Who among the following has coined the term (A) Only 1, 2 and 3 Deep ecology? (B) Only 1, 2, 3 and 4 (A) Arne Naess (C) Only 4 and 5 (B) Ernst Haeckel (D) All of the above 25. Match the following Lists I and II and select (C) Frederick Clements correct answer using the code given below (D) Charles Elton lists: 21. Which of the following parameters are not List II List I measured while calculating the National Air i. Giardia intestinalis a. Typhoid fever Quality index ? ii. Salomonella typhi b. Salmonellosis (A) PM10 iii. Shigella species c. Diarrhea (B) PM2.5 iv. Salomonella specie d. Dysentery (C) Carbon dioxide v. Cryptosporidium par e. Giardiasis (D) Ammonia Codes: 22. Lichens are often used as biological indicator d b C a of: iii iv V ii (A) (A) Global warming iv i V ii iii (B)

iv

iii

V

i

i

V

iii

iv

ii

ii

(C)

(D)

(B) Air quality

(C) Soil pollution

(D) Water pollution

	1. Aq	uifer		a.	Saturated and permeable that can transfer some amount of water		(C) Cholera (D) Typhoid	(B) Mice (C) Iron ore
	2. Aq	uitard	Laksi Laksi Lwasi Lwasi Lwasi Lwasi	b.	Saturated and permeable that can transfer significant amount of water	29.	The major forest product in  (A) Fuel wood  (B) Resins  (C) Timber	India is :
	dateda	uiclude			Saturated zone below the water table	30.	(D) Oils  Which of the following croconsumer of irrigation water	
	4. Ph	reatic z	one	d.	Saturated but permeability so low as to be unable to transmit water		<ul><li>(A) Wheat</li><li>(B) Sugarcane</li><li>(C) Rice</li></ul>	
	Code:	1	2	3	de Langue de Lan	31.	(D) Soyabean  Identify the correct sequence ( in the order of their contribu in forest resources of India:	tion (percentage)
	(A) (B) (C)	a b a	a b	d d	c c		(A) Tropical wet evergreen moist deciduous forest deciduous forest	forest, Tropical
27.	(D) Which	b h of the	a follow	c ring	d is not a correct match?		(B) Tropical dry evergreen moist deciduous forest deciduous forest	The state of the s
		Cadmiui Mercury					(C) Tropical dry deciduous moist deciduous forest ar forest	
		Lead — Arsenic					(D) Tropical moist deciduous dry deciduous forest and temperate forests	d Himalayan dry
SS-	5458–4	A			**	5		[Turn over

26. Match Lists I and II and select the correct 28. Which one of the following diseases is not due

answer using the codes given below the lists:

List II

List I

to contamination of water?

(A) Hepatitis-B

(B) Jaundice

SS

32.	Koderma, in Jnarkhand is the leading produces	35.	Which one of the following is a qualifying criteria for biodiversity hot spots?				
	of which one of the following minerals?		(A) 1500 species of vascular plants as endemics				
	(A) Bauxite		(B) 70% habitat loss to its original habitat				
	(B) Mica		(C) Both (A) and (B)				
	(C) Iron ore		(D) (A) is correct but not (B)				
	(D) Copper	36.	The one-horned rhinoceros in India is specific to which of the following?				
33.			(A) Periyar National Park				
	the most appropriate answer using the code given below the lists:		(B) Jim Corbett National Park				
	Ci Endra Pedest		(C) Kazinag National Park				
	List 1		(D) None of the above				
	a. In-situ Conservation i. Reduction approach	37	. The most common three R's to save the environmental resources are :				
7.	b. Ex-situ Conservation ii. Nonuse		(A) Reserve, Reduce, Replenish				
	approach		(B) Reuse, Reverse, Reduce				
	c. Preservation iii. National park		(C) Reserve, Reuse, Recirculate				
	d. Conservation iv. Zoo		(D) Reduce, Recycle, Reuse				
	Codes:	3	<ol> <li>LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmen Design) for India covers which of the followin</li> </ol>				
	a b c d		(A) Sustainable sites and Water Efficiency				
	(A) iii iv ii i		(B) Energy, Atmosphere, materials and resour				
	(B) iii iv i ii		(C) Indoor Environmental quality and des in innovation				
	(C) ii iv iii i		(D) All of the above				
	(D) IV III II		Which of following pollutants is released				
13	34. Which one of the following is correctly matched	1?	the environment by disposal of comp				
	(A) Jim Corbett National Park—Rajasthan		fluorescent lights (CFLs) ?				

(B) Keoladeo National Park—Himachal Pradesh

(C) Hemis High Altitude National Park—Ladakh

(D) Kaziranga National Park—Uttar Pradesh

(A) Mercury

(B) Tungsten

(D) None of the above

(C) Boron

40	ECOMARK label of India is represented by:  (A) A blue bird  (B) An earther not	45.	pro	duci	ng cou	ntry (	y the world's largest oil including Crude Oil, NGLs lydrocarbons) in the World (	
	(B) An earthen pot			US.			o modernous in the world	
	(C) Red rose		100	Car				
41	(D) White rabbit				di Ar	ahia		
41	Which of the following products is not suitable for its application in vermicomposting?	- 16		Rus		aoia	B SDG No. 1 L	
	(A) Plant wastes	46.				ollow	ing countries is not among	
	(B) Animal Wastes		top	five	Coal p	roduc	ing countries of the world?	
	(C) Cow dung			Chi	40.05			
	(D) Kitchen waste		(B)	Indo	nesia			
42.	Waste to energy recovery can be obtained from		(C)	Indi	a			
	which of the following methods/ process?		(D)	Rus	sia			
	(A) Heat	47.	Mat	ch th	e List 1	and I	List II and select the correct	
	(B) Electricity		ansv	ver fi	rom th	e cod	les given below the lists:	
	(C) Cogeneration			List	I		List II	
	(D) All the above	8	a. B	ioma	SS	1.	. Indirectly supplies all the	
43.	Biomass can be converted into which of the following gases?						energy required for sustaining life on earth	
	(A) Biodiesel	b. Biogas 2. Good means of sto						
	(B) Ethanol						defuse and intermittent solar energy	
	(C) Methane	c. Petroplants 3. An important solution						
	(D) All the above						the present energy crisis	
44.	Which one of the following is not correctly	LUIN.	~				in rural areas	
	matched?	d	. Sc	olar e	energy	4.	Sources of liquid hydrocarbons	
	(A) Sanitary landfill-Groundwater pollution	C	ode	s:				
	(B) Pyrolysis-Sulphur dioxide			a	b	С	d to the control	
	(C) Incinerator-Dioxins	0	A)	4	3	2	1 Townsdoff (O)	
	(D) Shredding and Pulverization-Volume	- 2	3)	4	3	1	2 1 1131000	
	reduction		C)	3	2		parisal 16 set) ((I)	
			) ))	2		4	new Satisgand has	
aa =	450	(1	)	2	3	4	1	
33-3	458-A 'e 7							

32	Match the List I (SDG 2015) and List II (Title/description) and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:
	The state of the s

List II List I (SDG Goal tile/ (SDG Goal No.) description) water and 1. Clean a. SDG No. 3 sanitation

2. Sustainable cities and b. SDG No. 4 33 communities

3. Good Health and wellc. SDG No. 6 being

4. Climate action d. SDG No. 11

5. Quality education e. SDG No. 13

### Codes:

(D)

d a 2 5 (A) 2 5 3 (B) 4 2 5 3 (C) 5 2 3

# 49. Choose the incorrect statement:

- (A) The Montreal protocol is associated with the control of emission of ozone depleting substances
- (B) Kyoto Protocol is meant to reduce Green House gas emissions
- (C) Dobson units are used to measure oxygen content
- (D) Use of incinerators is crucial to disposal of hospital wastes

10

50. Match the List I (disease type) and List II (description) and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:

List I

List II

a. Sporadic disease

1. Worldwide epidemic

b. Endemic disease

2. Disease acquired by many hosts in a given area in a short time

c. Epidemic disease

3. Disease constantly present in a population

d. Pandemic disease

4. Disease that occurs occasionally in a population

### Codes:

b a

4 2 1 (A) 3

1 2 (B) 4

1 4 2 (C) 3

4 3 (D) 1 2

- 51. Which of the following today is not in top five populous countries of the world?
  - (A) China
  - (B) India
  - (C) Pakistan
  - (D) Brazil

5.	2. Which one of the following is largest consumer of the groundwater in world?								ce on		
	(A) China (B) USA	environmental education was held in:  (A) Jaipur in 1987									
	(C) India	(B) Tiblisi in 1997 (C) Ahmadabad in 2007									
	(D) Brazil				n 200		) / mda		(0)		
53	Which of the following is correct with Gro Harlem Brundtland?						elect the	most appro	priate		
	(A) Idea of sustainable development	ar	iswer List		the o	odes		below the	lists :		
	(B) Former Prime Minister of Norway	1.	Ven			Α.		st II acular langi	1000		
	(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) (A) is correct but not (B)	2.	Prod	clama	tion			al Govt.	uage		
54.	of the Green reace international	3.		rvatio Autho		C	OF: 0	To Italia			
	are located in which of the following country:  (A) Norway		200	Zutili	only	C.	warde	wildlife en			
	(B) Netherlands	4.		aratio		D.	State	Govt.			
	(C) Switzerland (D) Paris	5.		aratio		E.	Roden	its			
55.	First UNESCO-UNEP sponsored international conference on Environmental Education was	Co	des :	OCK							
	held in which of the following country?		1	2	3	4	5				
	(A) USA	(A)	E	A	В	D	С				
	(B) Georgia	(B)	E	A	D	В	С				
	(C) Johannesburg	(C)	A	В	C	D	Е				
	(D) Italy	(D)	A	В	D	E	C				
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		Match Lists I and II and select the correct answer
	58. Power to give directions under EPA 1986 60.	using the codes given below the
32.	includes the following:	List I
	(A) Closure of industry	1. Ozone depletion A. Paris Agreement
	(B) Stoppage of electricity	2. GHG reduction B. Kyoto Protocol
	(C) Stoppage of Water Supply	2 Article 48A C. Citizen
		4. Article 51 A (g) D. Montreal Protocol
	(D) All of the Above	5. Climate Change E. State
3:	59. The competency of dereservation of forests lies	Codes:
	with:	1 2 3 4 5
	(A) Central Govt.	(A) D B C E A
	(B) State Govt.	(B) D B A C E

Central Govt.

(C) State Govt. with prior approval from

B

В

C

E

E

A

C

D

D

D

(B)

(C)

(D)

## **ENTRANCE TEST-2021**

### SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

<b>Total Questions</b>		60	Question Dookiet Series		
I otal Questions	•	00			_
Time Allowed	•	70 Minutes			

#### **Instructions for Candidates:**

- 1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
- 3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
- 4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
- 5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
- 6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
- 7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
- 8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
- 9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
- 10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
- 11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
- 12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
- 13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
- 14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

1.	Match List I with List II and select the appropriate
	combination:

List I List II

- A. Troposphere 1. Contains much of total atmospheric ozone
- B. Stratosphere 2. Temperature decrease with increasing height
- C. Ionosphere 3. Aurora Borealis and Aurora Australis are produced
- D. Exosphere 4. Molecules are almost collisionless

A B C D

- (A) 2 1 3 4
- (B) 2 4 1 3
- (C) 2 1 4 3
- (D) 2 3 4 1
- 2. The Asthenosphere is characterized by:
  - (A) Low velocity zone
  - (B) Zone of magma generation
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) None of the Above
- 3. The Oceanic Crust is rich in:
  - (A) Silica and Magnesium
  - (B) Calcium and Magnesium
  - (C) Silica and Aluminum
  - (D) None of the above

- 4. Which of the following compartment of hydrological cycle has the highest residence time?
  - (A) Oceans and Seas
  - (B) Lakes and reservoirs
  - (C) Glaciers and ice caps
  - (D) Biospheric water
- 5. Which one of the following is/are the key attribute/s of an ecosystem :
  - (A) Energy flow
  - (B) Biotic diversity
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) (A) is correct but not (B)
- 6. Identify the wrong match:
  - (A) Biosphere Totality of living things present on earth
  - (B) Ecosphere Zone where life is sustainable
  - (C) Gaia Single Living Entity
  - (D) Eduard Suess Chemical Evolution hypothesis
- 7. Identify the correct match with regard to ecosystem services:
  - (A) Fish production Cultural
  - (B) Nutrient Cycling Habitat
  - (C) Recreation Regulating
  - $(D) \ \ Scientific \ knowledge -- Informational$
- 8. What is true about heterotrophic succession?
  - (A) P > R
  - (B) P < R
  - (C) P = R
  - (D) None of the above

9.	Identify which of the following are carbon acids by using the codes given below:	13.	Marusudar river which is an important tributary of Chenab originates from :
	1. Acetylene		(A) Kishtiwar
	2. Ethyl aceto acetate		(B) Himachal Pradesh
	3. Phenol		(C) Doda
	4. Benzoic acid		(D) Rambandh
	5. Benzene Suplhonoic acid	14.	Risk is comprised of which of the following
	(A) 1 & 2 only		two factors ?
	(B) 2, 3, and 5		(A) Alert and alarm
	(C) 1 & 5 only		(B) Hazard and vulnerability
	(D) 2 & 5 only		(C) Vulnerability and susceptibility
10.	The usual vertical sequence of horizons in a		(D) Hazards and threats
	soil from the surface downward is:	15.	Identify the correct match:
	(A) O, A, B, C, E		(A) Chernobyl disaster-1984
	(B) A, B, C, E, O		(B) Bhopal gas tragedy-1986
	(C) O, A, E, B, C		(C) Fukushima disaster-2012
	(D) A, E, B, C, O		(D) Three Mile Island Accident-1979
11.	Which one of the following is the most prominent interfering agent in Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) estimation?	16.	
	(A) Chloride		(A) Paleozoic
	(B) Ammonia		(B) Cenozoic
	(C) Nitrite		(C) Mesozoic
	(D) None of the above		(D) None of the above
12.	Compared to CO <sub>2</sub> , methane has more global warming potential of :	17.	Sunderlal Bahuguna started Chipko movement in which of the following areas ?
	(A) 5-10 times		(A) Narmada Valley
	(B) 20-25 times		(B) Rajasthan desert
	(C) 40-45 times		(C) Western Ghats

(D) 60-65 times

(D) Garhwal Himalayas

18.	Sardar Sarovar Dam is built on :	23.	A sa	ife leve	el of n	oise	depends	on:	
	(A) Sabarmati river		(A)	Level o	of nois	se an	d exposu	ire to no	oise
	(B) Narmada river		(B)	Area					
	(C) Tapti river		(C) ]	Pitch					
	(D) Chambal river		(D)	Freque	ncy				
19.	Narmada River flows through which of the following state/s of India?	24.	-			_	oss, effect pollution	-	ced by
	(A) Gujarat		1.	Migrai	ne hea	idach	ies		
	(B) Maharashtra			Heart 1	-	ation			
	(C) Madhya Pradesh			Dizzin					
	(D) All the above			Nausea					
20.				Gastric					
	Deep ecology ?		(A) Only 1, 2 and 3						
	(A) Arne Naess		(B) Only 1, 2, 3 and 4						
	(B) Ernst Haeckel		<ul><li>(C) Only 4 and 5</li><li>(D) All of the above</li></ul>						
	(C) Frederick Clements	25	Match the following Lists I and II and select the						
	(D) Charles Elton	23.	correct answer using the code given below the						
21.	Which of the following parameters are not		lists	:					
	measured while calculating the National Air			List I			List		
	Quality index ?		-	yphoid			Giardia		
	(A) PM10						Salomor		
	(B) PM2.5		<ul><li>c. Diarrhea</li><li>d. Dysentery</li></ul>			Shigella			
	(C) Carbon dioxide					Salomor	_		
	(D) Ammonia			iardias	1S	V.	Cryptosp	oridium	parvum
22.	Lichens are often used as biological indicator of :		Code	es : a	b	c	d	e	
	(A) Global warming		(A)	ii	iv	v	iii	i	
	(B) Air quality		(B)	ii	iii	i	V	iv	
	(C) Soil pollution		(C)	ii	iii	i	V	iv	
	(D) Water pollution		(D)	ii	iv	V	i	iii	
SS-5	5458-A	<b>4</b> ⋄							

26.					and select the correct given below the lists:	20.	to contamination of water?			
	]	List I			List II		(A) Hepatitis-B			
	1. Aquifer a.				Saturated and permeable that can transfer some amount of water	20	<ul><li>(B) Jaundice</li><li>(C) Cholera</li><li>(D) Typhoid</li><li>The major forest product in India is :</li></ul>			
<ol> <li>Aquitaro</li> <li>Aquicluo</li> </ol>	2. Aquitard b.			b.	Saturated and permeable that can transfer significant amount of water		(A) Fuel wood (B) Resins (C) Timber			
	quiclud	le	c.	Saturated zone below the water table	30.	(D) Oils  Which of the following crop is the largest				
	4. Phrea	hreatic zone d.			Saturated but permeability so low as to be unable to transmit water		consumer of irrigation waters in India?  (A) Wheat  (B) Sugarcane  (C) Rice  (D) Soyabean			
	Code	s : 1	2	3 4		31.	Identify the correct sequence (highest to lowest) in the order of their contribution (percentage)			
	(A)	a	b	c	d		in forest resources of India:			
	(B)	b	a	d	c		(A) Tropical wet evergreen forest, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical dry deciduous forest			
	(C) a (D) b	b a	d c	c d		(B) Tropical dry evergreen forests, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical dry				
27.	Which of the following is not a correct match?						deciduous forest			
	,		um — ry — N				(C) Tropical dry deciduous forest, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical thorn forest			
	` /		– Oucl				(D) Tropical moist deciduous forest, Tropical dry deciduous forest and Himalayan dry			

temperate forests

(D) Arsenic — Arsenicosis

32.	Koderma, in Jharkhand is the leading producer of which one of the following minerals?	35.	Which one of the following is a qualifying criteria for biodiversity hot spots ?
	(A) Bauxite		(A) 1500 species of vascular plants as endemics
			(B) 70% habitat loss to its original habitat
	(B) Mica		(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(C) Iron ore		(D) (A) is correct but not (B)
33.	(D) Copper  Match the following Lists I and II and select	36.	The one-horned rhinoceros in India is specific to which of the following ?
	the most appropriate answer using the code		(A) Periyar National Park
	given below the lists:		(B) Jim Corbett National Park
	List I List II		(C) Kazinag National Park
	a. In-situ Conservation i. Reduction		(D) None of the above
	approach	37.	The most common three R's to save the environmental resources are :
	b. Ex-situ Conservation ii. Nonuse approach		(A) Reserve, Reduce, Replenish
			(B) Reuse, Reverse, Reduce
	c. Preservation iii. National park		(C) Reserve, Reuse, Recirculate
	d. Conservation iv. Zoo		(D) Reduce, Recycle, Reuse
	Codes:  a b c d	38.	LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) for India covers which of the following?
	(A) iii iv ii i		(A) Sustainable sites and Water Efficiency
			(B) Energy, Atmosphere, materials and resources
	(B) iii iv i ii (C) ii iv iii i		(C) Indoor Environmental quality and design in innovation
	(D) iv iii ii i		(D) All of the above
34.	Which one of the following is correctly matched?  (A) Jim Corbett National Park—Rajasthan	39.	Which of following pollutants is released into the environment by disposal of compact fluorescent lights (CFLs) ?
	(B) Keoladeo National Park—Himachal Pradesh		(A) Mercury
		al Park—Ladakh	(B) Tungsten
	(C) Hemis High Altitude National Park—Ladakh		(C) Boron
	(D) Kaziranga National Park—Uttar Pradesh		(D) None of the above
SS-		6	

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			(D)	2	3	4	1				
	reduction		(C)	3	2	4	1				
	(D) Shredding and Pulverization-Volume		(B)	4	3	1	2				
	(C) Incinerator-Dioxins		(A)	4	3	2	1				
	(B) Pyrolysis-Sulphur dioxide			a	b	c	d				
	(A) Sanitary landfill-Groundwater pollution		Codes:								
44.	Which one of the following is not correctly matched?		•			4.	Sources of liquid hydrocarbons				
	(D) All the above						in rural areas				
	(C) Methane					3.	An important solution to the present energy crisis				
	(B) Ethanol						solar energy				
	(A) Biodiesel			J			defuse and intermittent				
43.	Biomass can be converted into which of the following gases ?		b. Bi	sustaining lift b. Biogas 2. Good means							
	(D) All the above		a. Biomass 1				Indirectly supplies all the energy required for				
	(C) Cogeneration		List I				List II				
	(B) Electricity		answer from the codes given below the lists:								
	(A) Heat	47.	Match the List I and List II and select the correct								
42.	Waste to energy recovery can be obtained from which of the following methods/ process ?		(D) Russia								
	(D) Kitchen waste		(C) India								
	(C) Cow dung		(B) Indonesia								
	(B) Animal Wastes		top five Coal producing countries of the world?  (A) China								
	(A) Plant wastes	46.	Which of the following countries is not among								
41.	Which of the following products is not suitable for its application in vermicomposting?		(D) Russia								
41	D) White rabbit		(C) Saudi Arabia								
	(C) Red rose		(B) Canada								
	(B) An earthen pot		(A) USA								
	(A) A blue bird		Biofuel, and Other Hydrocarbons) in the World?								
40.	ECOMARK label of India is represented by:	45.	Which is currently the world's largest oil- producing country (including Crude Oil, NGLs,								

48.	Match the List I (SDG 2015) and List II (Title/
	description) and select the correct answer from
	the codes given below the lists:

List I	List II					
(SDG Goal No.)	(SDG Goal tile/ description)					
a. SDG No. 3	1. Clean water and sanitation					
b. SDG No. 4	2. Sustainable cities and communities					
c. SDG No. 6	3. Good Health and well-					

being

- d. SDG No. 11 4. Climate action
- e. SDG No. 13 5. Quality education

### Codes:

d a b e (A) 5 3 1 4 2 5 2 (B) 1 3 4 5 (C) 3 1 2 4 (D) 3 2 5

#### 49. Choose the incorrect statement:

- (A) The Montreal protocol is associated with the control of emission of ozone depleting substances
- (B) Kyoto Protocol is meant to reduce Green House gas emissions
- (C) Dobson units are used to measure oxygen content
- (D) Use of incinerators is crucial to disposal of hospital wastes

50. Match the List I (disease type) and List II (description) and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:

List I

List II

- a. Sporadic disease
- 1. Worldwide epidemic
- b. Endemic disease
- 2. Disease acquired by many hosts in a given area in a short time
- c. Epidemic disease
- 3. Disease constantly present in a population
- d. Pandemic disease
- 4. Disease that occurs occasionally in a population

#### Codes:

a b c d

- (A) 3 1 2 4
- (B) 4 3 2 1
- (C) 3 2 4 1
- (D) 1 2 3 4
- 51. Which of the following today is not in top five populous countries of the world?
  - (A) China
  - (B) India
  - (C) Pakistan
  - (D) Brazil

52.	Which one of the following is largest consumer of the groundwater in world?	56.						onal con			
	(A) China		(A)	Jaipu	ır in	1987					
	(B) USA		(B)	Tibli	si in	1997	7				
	(C) India		(C)	Ahm	adaba	ıd in	2007	7			
	(D) Brazil		(D)	Delh	i in 2	2008					
53.	Which of the following is correct with Gro Harlem Brundtland?	57.	Mato	ch Lis	ts I and	d II aı			ost appropriate		
	(A) Idea of sustainable development			answer using the codes given below the lists:  List I  List II							
	(B) Former Prime Minister of Norway			Vermi	n		A.		ılar language		
	(C) Both (A) and (B)		2. 1	Procla	ımatic	n	B.	Central	Govt.		
	(D) (A) is correct but not (B)		1	eserv	ation						
54.	The headquarters of the Green Peace International are located in which of the following country:		3. 2	Zoo A	uthor	ity	C.	Chief w	vildlife		
	(A) Norway		4 1	Decla	ration	of	D	State G	ovt		
	(B) Netherlands				nal Pa		Σ.	State G	0 7 0.		
	(C) Switzerland		5. 1	Decla	ration	l	E.	Rodents	<b>;</b>		
	(D) Paris		(	of sto	ck						
55.	First UNESCO-UNEP sponsored international		Cod	es :							
	conference on Environmental Education was held in which of the following country?			1	2	3	4	5			
	(A) USA		(A)	Е	A	В	D	C			
	(B) Georgia		(B)	Е	A	D	В	C			
	(C) Johannesburg		(C)	A	В	C	D	E			
	(D) Italy		(D)	A	В	D	Е	C			
SS-		<b>9</b> ∻							[Turn over		

58.	Power to give directions under EPA 1986 includes the following:	using the ender given below the liv							
	(A) Closure of industry		I	List 1	[				List II
	(B) Stoppage of electricity	1.	1. Ozone depletion					A.	Paris Agreement
	(C) Stoppage of Water Supply	2.	2. GHG reduction					B.	Kyoto Protocol
	(D) All of the Above	3.	3. Article 48A					C.	Citizen
59.		4.	4. Article 51 A (g)					D.	Montreal Protocol
	1 5		5. Climate Change E. State						State
	with:	Co	de	s :					
	(A) Central Govt.			1	2	3	4	5	
	(B) State Govt.	(A	.)	D	В	C	E	A	
	(C) State Govt. with prior approval from	(B	)	D	В	A	C	E	
	Central Govt.	(C	)	D	В	E	C	A	
	(D) All of the Above	(D	)	D	В	E	A	C	

#### **ROUGH WORK**

SS-5458-A 11

#### **ROUGH WORK**



Sr. No. 1079

## **ENTRANCE TEST-2020**

# SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

## ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Total Questions : 60
Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series
Roll No. :

#### **Instructions for Candidates:**

- 1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
- 3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
- 4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
- 5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
- 6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
- 7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
- 8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
- 9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
- 10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
- 11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
- 12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
- 13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
- 14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

- 1. In case of genetic engineering, all are required 6. except:
  - (A) Restriction enzymes
  - (B) DNA ligase
  - (C) Alkaline phosphatase
  - (D) Topoisomerase
- 2. Black stem rust disease caused by *Puccinia graminis* infects:
  - (A) Wheat and barley
  - (B) Rice and barberry
  - (C) Barley and grains
  - (D) Wheat and barberry
- 3. What type of pyramid depicts the total amount of living material at various tropic levels of the food chain?
  - (A) Energy
  - (B) Number
  - (C) Biomass
  - (D) All of the above
- 4. No two different species can occupy the same niche.

  This principle was put forward by:
  - · (A) Elton
  - (B) Lindeman
  - (C) Shelford
  - (D) Gause
- 5. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): Dal Lake has become Eutrophic Reason (R): Lot of pollution is coming in the form of sewage.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

- 6. At the end of secession diverse and stable community is:
  - (A) Climax community
  - (B) Pioneers community
  - (C) Top community
  - (D) Stable community
- 7. In a national park, protection is given to the:
  - (A) Entire fauna
  - (B) Entire flora
  - (C) Plants and animals
  - (D) Entire ecosystem
- Which among the following is the most phytotoxic in nature?
  - (A) Carbon monoxide
  - (B) Carbon dioxide
  - (C) Sulphur dioxide
  - (D) None of the above
- 9. High B.O.D. is a measure of:
  - (A) Air pollution
  - (B) Land pollution
  - (C) Water pollution
  - (D) Noise Pollution
- 10. Sound level meter is a device used for measuring:
  - (A) The noise level
  - (B) Intensity of noise
  - (C) Effect of noise
  - (D) None of the above
- 1. Composting offers a method of processing and recycling of:
  - (A) Garbage
  - (B) Sewage sludge
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)

12. Pesticides are having deleterious effects on human	18. Consider the following statements about Polest conservation:
health through various mechanisms like:	C. 1
(A) Endocrine disruptors	1. It is the practice of planning and maintaining forested areas for the benefit and sustainability
(B) Carcinogens	of future generations.
(C) Mutagens	2. It involves the upkeep of the natural resources
(D) All of the above	within a forest which are beneficial to both
13. Apart from audits, other management strategies for	humans and the ecosystem.
hazardous waste management include:	Select the correct answer from the codes given
(A) Life cycle analysis (A)	below:
(B) Volume reduction	(A) 1 only
(C) Recycling and reuse (D) All of the above	(B) 2 only
C 4 and CTDa mainly	(C) Both 1 and 2
14. Tertiary treatment of sewage through \$17\$ mainly include:	(D) Neither 1 nor 2
months and 10 the following the state of the	19. Eco-friendly products are those products:
(A) Removal of Big solid particles  (B) Removal of bacteria/fungus	(A) Which are cheap
(C) Removal of Phosphates and Nitrates	PRODUBLICORUL (1)
(D) All of the above	(B) Which do not harm environment through its use or manufacturing process
15. Which of the following is not a waterborne disease?	25/10615 CITE TO 156 IN TO 156 IN THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL
(A) Cholera	
(B) Diarrhea	(D) All of the above
(C) Hepatitis	20. Taxol is an important agent isolated from Taxus wallchina and its associated
(D) Diabetes type II	
16. Which of the following is a renewable source?	endophytes.
(A) Minerals	(A) Anti diabetic
(B) Forests	(B) Anti malarial (C) Anticancer
(C) Underground water (A)	(C) Anticancer (D) Anti hyperlipidemic
(D) None of the above	(D) Anti hyperlipidemic
17. Hirpur sanctuary is famous for:	21is the nature's best genetic engineer.
(A) Hangul (A) (A)	(A) Agrobacterium tumefaciens
(B) Brown bear	(B) E. coli
(C) Markhor	(C) Pseudomonas putida
(D) All of the above (A)	A Secretary of the Control of the Co
(B) Hydrolysis and obclation at tent (D)	(D) Bacillus thuringiensis
(C) Hydrolysis and reduction to enal (C)	
(D) All of the above	

- IUCN categories of threatened species are divided 22. 28. categories: (A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 7 (D) 9 One of the useful social activity called as establishment of Sacred groves are especially useful in: (A) Conserving rare and threatened species (B) General environmental awareness (C) Preventing soil erosion (D) All of the above 24. Anticipated health effect due to ozone layer depletion is/are: (A) Increase in the skin cancer (B) Increase in the eye cataracts (C) Reduction in the growth of ocean phytoplanktons (D) All of the above The global community is in need of a set of imperatives 25. that would allow: (A) Equitable access to the environmental benefits of the planet (B) Sharing the resources of the globe (C) Understanding the current global environment (D) None of the above 26. India signed the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change in 1992 as: (A) Annex I country (B) Non-Annex country (C) Primary member country (D) All of the above 27. The prices of a wheat flour during a week were 350, 260, 340, 290, 320, 310, 300. The range is: (A) 60 (B) 70 (C) 90 (D) 100
- 28. The median of the data 78, 56, 22, 34, 45, 54, 39, 68, 54, 84 will be:
  - (A) 55
  - (B) 54
  - (C) 53
  - (D) 51
  - 29. A coin is tossed five times in succession, the probability of getting at least four heads is:
    - (A) 1/16
    - (B) 3/16
    - (C) 1/4
    - (D) 3/4
  - 30. The mean of a distribution is 14 and the standard deviation is 5, the value of the coefficient of variation is:
    - (A) 60.4 %
    - (B) 48.3 %
    - (C) 35.7%
    - (D) 27.8 %
  - 31. The era in which the emergence of life came into being, is called as:
    - (A) Cambrian
    - (B) Precambrian
    - (C) Mesozoic
    - (D) Coenzoic
  - 32. In Earth "Lehmann discontinuity" lies between:
    - (A) Crust and mantle
    - (B) Mantle and core
    - (C) Outer core and inner core
    - (D) Asthenosphere and lithosphere
  - 33. The processes involved in the chemical weathering are:
    - (A) Carbonation and oxidation
    - (B) Hydrolysis and chelation
    - (C) Hydrolysis and reduction
    - (D) All of the above

- One of the rivers in Jammu and Kashmir called as "Wyeth" is: (A) Sind (B) Jhelum (C) Chinab (D) Tawi 35. The reason for poor standard of living and malnutrition in India is due to: (A) Environmental conditions (B) Over population (C) Absence of natural resources (D) Due to the poor economy of India The State with largest forest in the country is: (A) Madhya Pradesh (B) Arunachal Pradesh (C) Maharashtra (D) Chhattisgarh 37. Salal hydro electric power project belongs to: (A) Jammu and Kashmir (B) Leh Ladakh (C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Arunachal Pradesh 38. The mineral present in the monazite sand is: (A) Oil (B) Uranium (C) Thorium (D) Coal 39. Which natural disaster is the sliding down of a mass of earth or rock from a mountain or cliff? (A) Tsunami (B) Thunderstorm
  - O. In which layer of the atmosphere gases are excited by the solar radiation to form ions and electrically charged particles?
    - (A) Troposphere
    - (B) Stratosphere
    - (C) Mesosphere
    - (D) Ionosphere
  - 41. The most heat entrapping power per molecule lies in:
    - (A) Carbon dioxide
    - (B) Methane
    - (C) Chlorofluorocarbon
    - (D) Carbon monoxide
  - 42. Consider the following statements:
    - 1. Monsoons play a pivotal role in the agrarian economy of India.
    - 2. 75% of the total rain in the country is received during the South-West Monsoon season.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (A) 1 only
- (B) 2 only
- (C) Both 1 and 2
- (D) Neither 1 nor 2
- 43. Consider the following statements about the alluvial soil:
  - 1. It is the largest soil group which covers 40% of the total area of the country.
  - 2. The soil is porous because of its loamy nature.
  - Alluvial soil has high nitrogen but has low potash and phosphoric acid.

Which of the statements are/is correct?

- (A) Only 1
- (B) 1 and 2
- (C) 1 and 3
- (D) 1, 2 and 3

(C) Landslide(D) Tornado

44. The color of "red soils" is due to: (A) Abundance of magnesium (B) Accumulated humus (C) Presence of ferric oxides days therefore equals: (D) Abundance of phosphates (A) 40 45. Which of the following soil is dominant in Deccan (B) 14 plateau? (C) 9 (A) Alluvial soil (D) 3 (B) Black soil (C) Laterite soil being slowest in nature is: (D) Arid soil (A) RUBISCO 46. Consider the following statements: (B) Nitrate reductase Overgrazing is the main causative factor for (C) Succinate dehydrogenase desertification. Tourism is the main causative factor for (D) PEP carboxylase 2. desertification Select the correct answer from the codes given (A) Calcium (B) Magnesium below: (A) 1 only (C) Lead (B) 2 only

L bns i

- (C) Both 1 and 2
- (D) Neither 1 nor 2
- 47. Buffering capacity of a buffer depends on:
  - (A) Its concentration
  - pK
  - (C) Dissociation constant
  - (D) All of the above
- Mg ions are essential for the activity of:
  - (A) Taq polymerase
  - (B) Glucokinase
  - (C) Hexokinase
  - (D) All of the above

The average precipitation over the globe is estimated as 1000 mm per year, and the amount of water vapour in the earth's atmosphere is estimated to equal a liquid water layer of 25 mm. The average residence time of water vapour in the earth's atmosphere in

During carbon fixation one very important enzyme

- Which of the following causes damage to blood?
  - (D) Arsenic
- Phenylbutazone is a non steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) effective in treating:
  - (A) Pain
  - (B) Fever
  - (C) Inflammation
  - (D) All of the above
- Proteins, starch and DNA are:
  - (A) Synthetic polymers
  - (B) Natural polymers
  - (C) Proteins and DNA are homopolymers and starch is a heteropolymer
  - (D) All of the above

54.	Tick odd one out with respect to a peculiar property	58.	Seeds in which germination is not stimulated by light		
	of the following:		are called as:		
	(A) Glucose		(A) Thermoblastic seeds		
	(B) Fructose		(B) Positively photoblastic		
	(C) Mannose		(C) Negatively photoblastic		
	(D) Galactose		(D) None of the above		
55.	The two pigment system theory of photosynthesis	59.	The first multicellular organism appeared		
	was proposed by:		during		
	(A) Aron		(A) 1 billion years ago		
	(B) Blackman		(B) 1.5 billion years ago		
	(C) Hill		(C) 2 billion years ago		
	(D) Emerson		(D) 2.5 billion years ago		
56.	High concentration of Glucose 6-phosphate	60.	In case of double helical structure of DNA, Guanine		
	inhibits		is paired with Cytosine through:		
	(A) Fructokinase		(A) Two hydrogen bonds		
	(B) Glucokinase		(B) Three hydrogen bonds		
	(C) Hexokinase		(C) Double bond		
	(D) All of the above		(D) Triple bond		
57.	Which of the following is an artificial ripening agent?				
	(A) Ethephon				
	(B) 2, 4-D				
	(C) NAA				
	(D) Ethylene				

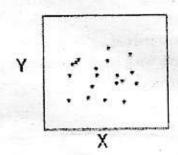
- First Genetically modified organism was a:
   A. Mayer
  - (A) Mouse
  - (B) Bacteria
  - (C) Sheep
  - (D) Fish
- 2. A primary host or definitive host is:
  - (A) That host which harbors the parasite only for a 8. short transition period
  - (B) The host in which the immature forms of parasite lives
  - (C) The host in which the adult parasite lives, and reproduces sexually
  - (D) All of the above
- 3. Of the three types of ecological pyramids, which one is always upright?
  - (A) Pyramid of energy
  - (B) Pyramid of number
  - (C) Pyramid of biomass
  - (D) All of the above
- Succession driven by the biotic components of an ecosystem:
  - (A) Autogenic succession
  - (B) Retrogressive succession
  - (C) Allogenic succession
  - (D) Secondary succession
- Lakes situated on the inner Himalayas between altitudes of 3000-4000 m asl:
  - (A) Pine forest lakes
  - (B) Valley lakes
  - (C) Glacial mountain lakes
  - (D) None of the above
- India stretches over which zoogeogrpaphic region ?
  - (A) Palaearctic
  - (B) Oriental
  - (C) Neotropical
  - (D) Ethiopian

- The best control device for particulate contaminants is:
  - (A) Fabric filters
  - (B) Cyclone separators
  - (C) Gravitational settling
  - (D) Electrostatic precipitators
- A neurological syndrome caused by severe mercury poisoning:
  - (A) Minamata disease
  - (B) Yokkaichi Asthma
  - (C) Itai-itai disease
  - (D) Fanconi syndrome
- An economic system aimed at minimizing waste and making the most of resources is:
  - (A) Circular economy
  - (B) Natural economy
  - (C) Green economy
  - (D) Industrial economy
- 10. The permissible noise level for industrial area is:
  - (A) 55 day time / 45 Night time
  - (B) 75 day time / 70 Night time
  - (C) 85 day time / 80 Night time
  - (D) 50 day time / 40 Night time
- Increase in concentration of a pollutant in an organism is referred as:
  - (A) Biomagnification
  - (B) Bioamplification
  - (C) Biopersistence
  - (D) Bioaccumulation
- 12. Which of the following is not waterborne disease caused by protozoa?
  - (A) Amoebiasis
  - (B) Giardiasis
  - (C) Botulism
  - (D) Cryptosporidiosis

- In waste management indicate an order of preference 18. from most to least preferred methods:
  - (A) Reduction-Reuse-Recovery-Recycle-Disposal
  - (B) Reduction-Recycle-Reuse-Recovery-Disposal
  - (C) Reduction-Reuse-Recycle-Recovery-Disposal
  - (D) Reduction-Recovery-Reuse-Recycle-Disposal
- Moving bed biofilm reactor (MBBR) forms a part
  - (A) Pre-treatment
  - (B) Secondary treatment
  - (C) Primary treatment
  - (D) Tertiary treatment
- 15. The coal types as per highest amount of carbon 21. As per IUCN category a species that is unlikely to present is:
  - (A) Peat > Lignite > Anthracite > Bituminous
  - (B) Anthracite > Bituminous > Peat > Lignite
  - (C) Peat > Lignite > Bituminous > Anthracite
  - (D) Anthracite > Bituminous > Lignite > Peat
- State bird of Jammu and Kashmir is:
  - (A) Common merganser
  - (B) Northern pintail
  - (C) Black necked crane
  - (D) Graylag goose
- 17. REDD stands for :
  - (A) Reducing effective deforestation and degradation
  - (B) Reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation
  - (C) Renewing effectively degraded and deforested lands
  - (D) Renewing effects of degraded and deforested lands

- The production of two useful forms of energy from same fuel is termed as:
  - (A) Cogeneration
  - (B) Coproduction
  - (C) Coassembly
  - (D) Cointegration
- The average protein content per 100 gm of raw egg is:
  - (A) 11gm
  - (B) 12gm
  - (C) 13gm
  - (D) 16gm
- Which of the following is not denitrifying bacteria?
  - (A) Lactobacillus
  - (B) Thiobacillus
  - (C) Pseudomonas
  - (D) Nitrosomonas
- become extinct in near future is:
  - (A) Data Deficient (DD)
  - (B) Least Concerned (LC)
  - (C) Not Evaluated (NE)
  - (D) Near Threatened (NT)
- 22. A critical value below which a species, population or metapopulation will go extinct:
  - (A) Critical threshold
  - (B) Extinction debt
  - (C) Critical debt
  - (D) Extinction threshold
- Which of the following is not a greenhouse gas?
  - (A) Nitrogen oxide
  - (B) Methane
  - (C) Argon
  - (D) Water vapor
- Smog term was first used in 1905 by:
  - (A) H.A. Des Voeux
  - (B) Charles Fabry
  - (C) Christine Corton
  - (D) Henri Buisson

- 25. Kyoto Protocol was adopted in Kyoto Japan on:
  - (A) 14 June 1992
  - (B) 11 December 1997
  - (C) 16 February 2005
  - (D) 21 March 1994
- 26. Environmental education does not include:
  - (A) Public awareness and knowledge of 31. Age of the earth is approximately: environmental issues
  - (B) Teaching individuals critical thinking
  - (C) Advocating a particular view point
  - (D) Enhancing individuals' problem solving and decision-making skills
- 27. In a normally distributed data set, which is greatest?
  - (A) Mean
  - (B) Mode
  - (C) Median
  - (D) All of the above
- 28. If data is skewed, which is preferred measure of central tendency?
  - (A) Mean
  - (B) Mode
  - (C) Median
  - (D) All of the above
- 29. What is the correlation coefficient (r) indicated in figure?



- (A) r = 1
- (B) r = 0
- (C) r = -1
- (D) None of the above

- There are five coins in bag, four gold and one silver. 30. What is probability of gold coin being picked?
  - (A) 0.8
  - (B) 0.2
  - (C) 1.25
  - (D) 0.25
- - (A) 4.571 billion years
  - (B) 3.571 billion years
  - (C) 4.524 billion years
  - (D) 4.543 billion years
- 32. Earth's mantle extends to a depth of:
  - (A) 2,890 km
  - (B) 660 km
  - (C) 270 km
  - (D) 5,150 km
- Physical weathering does not involve:
  - (A) Oxidation
  - (B) Frost weathering
  - (C) Thermal stress
  - (D) Pressure release
- 34. Catchment of Jhelum river comprises of:
  - (A) 16 watersheds
  - (B) 18 watersheds
  - (C) 24 watersheds
  - (D) 20 watersheds
- If population of city increases from 150,000 in 1980 to 300,000 in 2017. The growth rate is:
  - (A) 8108 approx.
  - (B) 4054 approx.
  - (C) 48648 approx.
  - (D) 3054 approx.
- Champion and Seth (1968) recognized following forest types in India:
  - (A) Eight types
  - (B) Sixteen types
  - (C) Thirteen types
  - (D) Twelve types

37.	The	Britan moderne				
		eration capacity (in MW) is:				
	(A)					
		Himachal Pradesh				
	(C)	Jammu and Kashmir				
		Maharashtra				
38.		shmir valley covers an area of:				
	(A)	16658 sq. km				
	(B)	15645 sq. km				
	(C)	15948 sq. km				
	(D)	15588 sq. km				
39.	Wh	ich of the following is not a hydrological disaster?				
	(A)	Sinkholes	-			
	(B)	Flood	32			
	(C)	Tsunami				
	(D)	Limnic eruptions				
40.	Bhopal gas tragedy occured due to leakage of:					
		Methyl isocyanide gas				
	(B)	Methyl isocyanate gas	3			
1	(C)	Methylisonitrile gas	•			
7.5	(D)	Methaneisonitrile gas				
41.	The	air pressure at 5 km above sea level is:				
		Equal to that at surface				
	(B)	1/4 of that at surface				
	(C)	1/2 of that at surface				
	(D)	1/3 of that at surface	4			
42.	India	an summer monsoon is also known as:				
		Northeast monsoon				
	(B)	Southwest monsoon				
	(C)	East Asia monsoon				
	(D)	Retreating monsoon				
43.	Hori	zon comprising bedrock, compacted and ented by the weight of the overlying horizons is:	4			
		C Horizon				
	(B)	R Horizon				
	(C)	A Horizon				
	(D)	EHorizon				

		*
44.	C. BUNKS	India Soil Survey Committee setup in 1953 ded the Indian soils into:
	(A)	Six major groups
	(B)	Ten major groups
	(C)	Five major groups
	(D)	Eight major groups
45.	Uni as:	versal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) is represented
	(A)	A = K * LS * C * P
	(B)	A = R * K * LS * C * P
	(C)	$A = 95 (Q.q_p)^{0.56} K * LS * C * P$
	(D)	Both (A) and (B)
46.		e of drought that occurs when the demand for exceeds the supply:
	(A)	Socioeconomic drought
	(B)	Meteorological drought
	(C)	Hydrological drought
	(D)	Agricultural drought
47.		ater molecule bond angle between the central gen atom and the hydrogen atoms is:
	(A)	109.5°
	(B)	107°
	(C)	104.5°
	(D)	105°
48.	Whi (mac	ch of the following is not major element cronutrient) in plants?
	(A)	N
	(B)	Mn
-	(C)	Ca
	(D)	Mg
49.	Whice phase	ch biogeochemical cycle has no atmospheric e?

(A) Phosphorous cycle

(B) Sulphur cycle(C) Carbon cycle(D) Nitrogen cycle

	constitute:		from:
	(A) 68.7%		(A) Division of preexisting mitochondria
	(B) 0.8%		(B) Endoplasmic reticulum or plasma membrane
2	(C) 30.1%		(C) Building blocks such as amino acids and lipids
-	(D) 0.4%		(D) All of the above
	51. Disorder caused by copper accumulation in the body:	57.	Which of the following is not plant growth promoter?
	(A) Minamata disease		(A) Auxins
	(B) Myocarditis		(B) Abscisic acid
	(C) Argyrosis		(C) Cytokinins
NEW YORK	(D) Wilson's disease		(D) Gibberellin
27	52. Drug used for the short-term treatment of pain and	58.	. Dormancy that is caused by underdeveloped or
	fever in animals:		undifferentiated embryo is:
	(A) Paracetamol	1	(A) Secondary dormancy (B) Combined dormancy
	(B) Phenylbutazone	- 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
28.	(C) Asprin		
	(D) All of the above	. 50	initially developed
	53. Which is not a synthetic polymer?	59.	by:
	(A) Polynucleotides		(A) Thomson (1884)
	(B) Polypropylene		(B) Van Tieghem (1891)
	(C) Polyethylene		(C) Helmholtz(1884)
29.	(D) Polystyrene		(D) Richter (1865)
	54. Nobel Prize for studies on mechanism of action of	of 60	<ol> <li>The rules of base pairing (or nucleotide pairing) was given by:</li> </ol>
	hormones and role of cyclic AMP was awarded to		(A) Watson and Crick
	(A) M. Calvin, 1961		(B) Friedrich Miescher
	(B) Aaron Klung, 1982		(C) Erwin Chargaff
	(C) Haris and Watkins, 1965		(D) Raymond Gosling
	(D) E. A. Sutherland, 1971	13	er and the second of the second of the
	55. The atmospheric carbon dioxide accepter in C		neto mese analisa come one partici
6	plants is:  (A) Phospho enol pyruvate		was wear of a find a second and a find the state of the
(1			
((			
1)	(C) 3-phosphoglyceric acid		
	(D) Both (A) and (B)		
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		00	00

50. Out of 2.5% of global fresh water reserves, glaciers 56. As per "de novo" hypothesis mitochondria originated

First experiment regarding evolution of life was 7. In which of the following States, copper is not mined: performed by: (A) Jammu and Kashmir (B) Bihar (A) Watson and Crick (C) Maharashtra (B) Oparin and Haldane (D) Rajasthan (C) Urey and Miller Consider the following statements: (D) Meselson and Stahl India has about 25% of the world's reserve of Which among the following is the widest section Thorium 2. Thorium is found in the form of mineral (ii) of Earth? Monazite in the beach sands of Kerala and (A) Inner core Tamil Nadu. (B) Outer core Choose the correct answer/s from the codes given below: (C) Mantle (A) (i) only (D) Crust (B) (ii) only Rocks when expand and contract repetitively can (C) (i) and (ii) give rise to: (D) None 9. With regard to classification of natural disasters, (A) Stress consider the following statements: (B) Heat Broadly natural disasters can be classified into (C) Volume four categories, like terrestrial, atmospheric, (D) Force aquatic and biological. The ...... River is the only major Himalayan River 4. Bird flu and dengue are examples of aquatic (ii) which flows through the Kashmir valley: disaster. India has experience of all four kinds of disasters. (iii) (A) Indus Choose the correct answer/s from the code given (B) Jhelum below: (A) (i) only (C) Tawi (B) (ii) only (D) Ravi (C) (i) and (iii) only Human population pressure in poor areas like sub-(D) (i), (ii) and (iii) Saharan Africa often results in: Two great industrial tragedies namely, MIC and 10. Chernobyl tragedies respectively occured where and (A) Increased environmental degradation as when? marginal land is brought into production (A) Bhopal 1984: Ukraine 1986 (B) Decreased political unrest as multinational food (B) Bhopal 1986: Ukraine 1984 producers take over production facilities (C) Bhopal 1986: Russia 1988 (C) Increased self-sufficiency as aid agencies (D) Bhopal 1984: Ukraine 1990 Consider the following statements: respond to urgent need Assertion (A): Monsoons play a pivotal role in the (D) Decreased internal migrations as people lose agrarian economy of India. energy to travel within the country Reason (R) : Seventy-five percent of the total rain According to 1878 Act which of the following in the country is received during the categories of forests is/are considered as the best on south-west Monsoon season. Select the correct answer from the codes given below: the basis of their utility? (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, (R) is the correct (A) Reserved forests explanation of (A) (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is not the (B) Protected forests correct explanation of (A) (C) Village forests

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(D) Community forests

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

12.	The part of atmosphere which contains constant	9.	Consider the following statements: Assertion (A): The circulation of ocean water is an
	gases with known composition is called:		important factor in zir temperature
	(A) Homosphere		distribution.
	(B) Thermosphere		Reason(R): There is a complex two way
	(C) Hetrosphere		interaction between ocean and the
	(D) None of the above		atmosphere.
13.	Average content of silica in soil is:		Select the correct answer from the codes given below:
	(A) 24%		(A) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct
	(B) 27%		explanation of (A)
	(C) 31%		- (D) is not the
	(D) 35%		(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
1.4	Which of the micro organisms have highest biomass		. (D) : C1
14.			(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
	in soils?	00	the mhogahomic is
	(A) Bacteria	20.	available in the form as:
	(B) Algae		
	(C) Fungi		(A) $P_2$
	(D) Actinomycets		(B) HPO <sub>3</sub>
15.	Laterite soil is developed in areas with:		(C) AlPO <sub>4</sub>
	(A) Low temperature and low rainfall		(D) PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>
	(B) High temperature and low rainfall	21.	Which of the following chelating agents is
	(C) Low temperature and heavy rainfall		recommended for acute Lead poisoning with signs
	(D) High temperature and heavy rainfall		of encephalopathy?
16.			(A) Penicillamine
	(A) Irrigated agriculture		(B) Dimercaprol
	(B) Overgrazing		(C) Calcium EDTA
	(C) Tourism		(D) Dimercaprol + Calcium EDTA
	(D) Developmental activities	22.	
17	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Cyclooxygenase?
17	. Willingard to hydrogen bonds in water, water		(A) Aspirin
	the following statements is correct?		(B) Puromycin
	(A) Hydrogen bond is 10% covalent and 90%		(C) Lovastatin
	electrostatic		(D) Vancomycin
	(B) Hydrogen bond is 25% covalent and 75%	23.	
	electrostatic		(A) Synthetic polymer
	(C) Hydrogen bond is 50% covalent and 50%		(B) Natural polymer
	electrostatic		(C) Heteropolymer
	(D) Hydrogen bond is 100% electrostatic.		(D) All of the above
18	3. Carbonic anhydrase containsions in	24.	4. Tick odd one out with respect to some features
	its active site.		amino acids:
	(A) Zinc		(A) Methionine
	(B) Cobalt		(B) Tyrosine
	(C) Ferric		(C) Tryptophan
	(C) Territo		(D) Threonine
	(D) Cupric		
			Turno

- 25. 90% of the total photosynthesis is carried out by:
  - (A) Algae
  - (B) Pteridophytes
  - (C) Xerophytes
  - (D) Mesophytes
- 26. During respiration, out of 36 ATPs produced per glucose molecule:
  - (A) 2 are produced outside mitochondria and 34 inside the mitochondria
  - (B) 2 are produced outside mitochondria and 34 during glycolysis
  - (C) 2 are produced out of glycolysis and 34 during Krebs cycle
  - (D) All are produced inside mitochondria.
- 27. The hormone formed in leaves, helping in blooming of flowers is/are:
  - (A) Auxin
  - (B) Traumatic
  - (C) Florigens
  - (D) None of the above
- 28. Seed dormancy allows plant to:
  - (A) Overcome unfavorable climate conditions
  - (B) Develop healthy seeds
  - (C) Reduce viability
  - (D) Prevent deterioration of seeds
- 29. Consider the following statements:
  - Assertion (A): The earliest organisms that appeared on the earth were non-green and presumably anaerobes.
  - Reason (R): The first autotrophic organisms were the chemo-autotrophs that never released oxygen

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct 33. explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

30. What type of structures are the compounds (i)-(iv)?

- (A) Nucleic acids
- (B) Nucleotides
- (C) Nucleosides
- (D) Deoxyriboses
- 31. 2nd step of genetic engineering is:
  - (A) Growth of GMO
  - (B) Expression of gene
  - (C) Isolation of gene interest
  - (D) Insertion of gene into vector
- 32. Protozoal disease is:
  - (A) Commonest in the tropics
  - (B) Generally acute
  - (C) Seldom fatal
  - (D) Only seen in immunodeficient individuals
- 33. The rate at which solar energy is fixed by autotrophs is:
  - (A) Gross primary productivity
  - (B) Gross secondary productivity
  - (C) Net primary productivity
  - (D) Net secondary productivity

- 34. The order of basic processes involved in succession is:
  - (A) Nudation --> Invasion --> Competition and co-action --> Reaction --> Stabilization
  - (B) Nudation --> Stabilization --> Competition and co-action --> Invasion --> Reaction
  - (C) Invasion --> Nudation --> Competition and co-action --> Reaction --> Stabilization
  - (D) Invasion --> Stabilization --> Competition and co-action --> Reaction --> Nudation
- The Dal and Wular lakes are:
  - (A) Volcanic basins
  - (B) Glacial basins
  - (C) Fluviatile basins
  - (D) Groundwater basins
- 36. The significant species endemic to Western Ghats include:
  - (A) Nilgiri Langur
  - (B) Grizzled Giant Squirrel
  - (C) Malabar Civet
  - (D) All of the above
- 37. Which one is not a pollutant normally?
  - (A) Hydrocarbon
  - (B) Carbon dioxide
  - (C) Carbon monoxide
  - (D) Sulphur dioxide
- 38. With reference to oil spills, consider the following statements:
  - They make the water deficient in oxygen (i)
  - They can cause algal bloom

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) Both (i) and (ii)
- (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)

- 39. Consider the following statements:
  - The UN General Assembly declared 2014 the international year of soils
  - The IYS 2015 aims to increase awareness and (ii) understanding of the soils for food security and essential ecosystem functions

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) Both (i) and (ii)
- (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)
- 40. A safe level of noise depends on:
  - (A) Level of noise and exposure to noise
  - (B) Area
  - (C) Pitch
  - (D) Frequency
- The process of accumulating higher and higher amounts of toxic material such as PCBs within the body of any animal is called a:
  - (A) Bioaccumulation
  - (B) Biological amplification
  - (C) Biological half life
  - (D) Biological persistence
- 42. Consider the following statements with respect to water born diseases and their causative agents:
  - Cholera ..... viral (i)
  - (ii) Diarrhoea ..... protozoan
  - (iii) Hepatitis ...... viral

Which of the statements given above is/are correctly matched?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (ii) and (iii) only (C)
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- Consider the following statements with regard to Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016?
  - The jurisdiction of the rules covers only the (i) Municipal area
  - The rules emphasizes source segregation of waste

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) Both (i) and (ii)
- (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)

- 44. Consider the following statements with respect to 48. tertiary stage of waste water treatment:
  - Tertiary treatment is the final cleaning process that improves wastewater quality before it is reused, recycled or discharged to the environment
  - (ii) The treatment removes remaining inorganic compounds, and substances, such as the nitrogen and phosphorus
  - (iii) Heavy solids can settle to bottom while oil, gases and lighter solids float to the surface during tertiary treatment

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) (i) and (ii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- 45. The Carbon Positive Area means:
  - (A) Area with carbon emissions more than carbon sequestration
  - (B) Area with carbon emissions balanced with carbon sequestration
  - (C) Area with carbon emissions are zero
  - (D) Area with more renewable energy generation than needed to sustain the area
- 46. Consider the following statements with respect to protected Area Network in J & K:
  - (i) National Parks ..... 05
  - (ii) Wildlife Sanctuaries ...... 14
  - (iii) Conservation Reserves ......37

Which of the statements given above is/are correctly matched?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) (ii) and (iii) only
  - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- 47. National forest policy has recommended that for maintaining the ecological balance, there should be 33% area under forests in plains of India, but at present it is around:
  - (A) 32-33%
  - (B) 25-26%
  - (C) 21-22%
  - (D) 17-18%

- 48. Consider the following statements with respect to Renewable energy sources:
  - (i) Renewable energy sources include wind, solar, biomass, geothermal and hydro, all of which occur naturally
  - (ii) Renewable energy, generally speaking, is clean energy and non-polluting
  - (iii) Many forms do not emit any greenhouse gases or toxic waste in the process of producing electricity

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) (i) and (ii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- 49. Which of the following plants can be used as the source of anti malarial drug?
  - (A) Arnebia benthamii
  - (B) Saussurea costus
  - (C) Artemisia annua
  - (D) None of the above
- 50. Red data book provides data on:
  - (A) Red flowered plants
  - (B) Red colored fishes
  - (C) Lists of plants and animals
  - (D) Endangered plants and animals
- 51. The microbe used in control of oil spills is:
  - (A) Methanobacterium
  - (B) Pseudomonas putida
  - (C) Bacillus thuringiensis
  - (D) Rhizobium
- 52. Which endangered animal is the source of the world's finest, lightest, warmest and most expensive wool—the shahtoosh?
  - (A) Nilgai
  - (B) Cheetal
  - (C) Kashmiri goat
  - (D) Chiru
- 53. Sacred groves are specially useful in:
  - (A) General environmental awareness
  - (B) Preventing soil erosion
  - (C) Year-round flow of water in rivers
  - (D) Conserving rare and threatened species

- 54. Consider the following statements with regard to 57. solving environmental problems:
  - (i) We must assess the situation
  - (ii) We must educate the public
  - (iii) We must predict the consequences of environmental intervention

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) (i) and (ii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- 55. Montreal Protocol to reduce production of chlorofluorocarbons was assigned in:
  - (A) 1977
  - (B) 1982
  - (C) 1987
  - (D) 1992
- 56. Consider the following statements:
  - (i) Acid rains are produced by excess of NO<sub>2</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> from burning fossil fuels
  - (ii) Acid rains are produced by excess production of NH,
  - (iii) Acid rains are produced by excess formation of CO<sub>2</sub> by combustion and animal respiration

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) only
- (C) (i) and (ii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

- 7. What is the possibility of having 53 Thursdays in a non-leap year?
  - (A) 6/7
  - (B) 1/7
  - (C) 1/365
  - (D) 53/365
- 58. If the value of any regression coefficient is zero, then two variables are:
  - (A) Qualitative
  - (B) Correlated
  - (C) Dependent
  - (D) Independent
- 59. The mean of hemoglobin content of 100 pregnant women is 10% with standard deviation of 1%, then the standard error of the estimate would be:
  - (A) 0.01
  - (B) 0.1
  - (C) 1
  - (D) 10
- 60. Mode is best measure of tendency if analysis is:
  - (A) Descriptive
  - (B) Exploratory
  - (C) Experimental
  - (D) Set of deciles

Sr. No. 0011

# **ENTRANCE TEST-2017**

## SCHOOL OF EARTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

## **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Question Booklet Series

Roll No.:

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5/10/2	38.	1	

Time Allowed

**Total Questions** 

60

ed: 70 Minutes

## **Instructions for Candidates:**

- 1. Write your Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
- 3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
- 4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
- 5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
- 6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
- 7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
- 8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
- 9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
- 10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
- 11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
- 12. OMR Answer sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
- 13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
- 14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

- 1. Which of the following best explains how water vapor and carbon dioxide affect the radiation emitted by the Sun and Earth?
  - (A) Water vapor and carbon dioxide absorb ultraviolet radiation from the Sun, but they transmit infrared radiation from Earth's surface into the upper atmosphere
  - (B) Water vapor and carbon dioxide absorb much of the ultraviolet radiation emitted by the sun, but they transmit visible light reflected from Earth's surface
  - (C) Water vapor and carbon dioxide absorb the infrared radiation emitted by the Sun, but they trap the ultraviolet radiation emitted by Earth in the lower atmosphere
  - (D) Water vapor and carbon dioxide allow much of 7. the Sun's radiation to reach Earth's surface, but they absorb much of the infrared radiation emitted by Earth
- 2. The S-wave Shadow zone is evidence that
  - (A) The core is made of Iron and Nickel
  - (B) The inner core is solid
  - (C) The outer core is fluid
  - (D) The mantle is plastic
- 3. Which is not a foliated metamorphic rock?
  - (A) Slate
  - (B) Gneiss
  - (C) Quartzite
  - (D) Schist
- 4. Marusudar river which is an important tributary of Chenab originates from
  - (A) Kishtiwar
  - (B) Himachal Pradesh
  - (C) Doda
  - (D) Rambandh
- 5. Which of the following is the wrong combination of 10. global population statistics (UN, World Population Prospects, 2015)?
  - (A) Asia-50%
  - (B) Africa-13 %
  - (C) Europe-10%
  - (D) North America and Oceania-5%

- 6. Identify the correct sequence (highest to lowest) in the order of their contribution (percentage) in forest resources of India
  - (A) Tropical wet evergreen forest, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical dry deciduous forest
  - (B) Tropical dry evergreen forests, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical dry deciduous forest
  - (C) Tropical dry deciduous forest, Tropical moist deciduous forest and Tropical thorn forest
  - (D) Tropical moist deciduous forest, Tropical dry deciduous forest and Himalayan dry temperate forests
- 7. Koderma, in Jharkhand is the leading producer of which one of the following minerals?
  - (A) Bauxite
  - (B) Mica
  - (C) Iron ore
  - (D) Copper
- 8. The western syntaxial bend of the Himalayas is nearer to
  - (A) Zanaskar Range
  - (B) Nanga Parbat
  - (C) Dhauladhar Range
  - (D) Pir Panjal Range
- 9. Risk is comprised of which of the following two factors?
  - (A) Alert and alarm
  - (B) Hazard and vulnerability
  - (C) Vulnerability and susceptibility
  - (D) Hazards and threats
- 0. Identify the correct match
  - (A) Chernobyl disaster-1984
  - (B) Bhopal gas tragedy-1986
  - (C) Fukushima disaster-2012
  - (D) Exxon Valdez disaster-1989

- 11. Match List I with List II and select the right combination
  - A. Troposphere
- 1. Contains much of total atmospheric ozone
- B. Stratosphere
- 2. Temperature decrease with increasing height
- C. Ionosphere
- 3. Aurora Borealis and Aurora Australis are produced
- D. Exosphere
- 4. Atoms of oxygen, hydrogen and helium form the tenuous atmosphere

A B C D

- (A) 2 1 3 4
- (B) 2 4 1 3
- (C) 2 1 4 3
- (D) 2 3 4 1
- 12. Consider the following conditions for the formation of temperature inversions:
  - 1. Cloudy sky
  - 2. Strong winds
  - 3. Long winter nights
  - 4. Cold dry air

Which of the above conditions are ideal?

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 1 and 2
- (C) 3 and 4
- (D) 2, 3 and 4
- 13. Which of the following is/are characteristic of soil horizons?
  - (A) Distinguished from one another by appearance and chemical composition
  - (B) Boundaries between soil horizons are usually transitional rather than sharp
  - (C) They are classified by letters
  - (D) All the above
- 14. The correct sequence in ascending order of the following soil types in terms of coverage in India is
  - (A) Laterite, red, black, alluvial
  - (B) Laterite, black, red, alluvial
  - (C) Black, laterite, red, alluvial
  - (D) Laterite, black, alluvial, red

- 15. The usual vertical sequence of horizons in a soil from the surface downward is
  - (A) O, A, B, C, E
  - (B) A, B, C, E, O
  - (C) O, A, E, B, C
  - (D) A, E, B, C, O
- 16. Identify the wrong combination
  - (A) Gobi desert-Mongolia
  - (B) Kalahari desert-South Africa
  - (C) Karakum desert-Turkmenistan
  - (D) Dasht-e Margo- Iran
- 17. What do cohesion, surface tension, and adhesion have in common with reference to water?
  - (A) All increase when temperature increases
  - (B) All are produced by ionic bonding
  - (C) All are properties related to hydrogen bonding
  - (D) All have to do with nonpolar covalent bonds
- 18. Cu deficiency can lead to
  - (A) Leucopenia
  - (B) Ganulocytopenia
  - (C) Anemia
  - (D) All of the above
- 19. Match lists I and II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists

## List I

#### List II

- 1. Azobacter
- A. Conversion of ammonia or NH<sub>4</sub> into nitrite
- 2. Pseudomonas B. Conversion of nitrite into nitrate
- 3. Clostridium
- C. Denitrification
- 4. Rhizobium
- D. Anaerobic Nitrogen fixation
- 5. Nitobacter
- E. Aerobic Nitrogen fixation
- 6. Nitrosomonas F.
- F. Symbiotic nitrogen fixation

## Codes

- (A) 1-E, 2-C, 3-D, 4-F, 5-B, 6-A
- (B) 1-E, 2-C, 3-D, 4-B, 5-F, 6-A
- (C) 1-E, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A, 5-B, 6-F
- (D) 1-E, 2-C, 3-A, 4-F, 5-B, 6-D

- 20. A saturated geologic unit, which may contain water but is essentially impermeable to the flow of water through it, is known as
  - Aquifer (A)
  - Aquifuge (B)
  - Aquitard (C)
  - Aquiclude (D)
- A toxic heavy metal that tends to accumulate in high concentrations in marine fishes at the top of the food chain is
  - (A) Lead
  - Mercury (B)
  - Zinc (C)
  - (D) Copper
- What is true about Phenylbutazone? 22.
  - Insoluble in water (A)
  - **Odorless** (B)
  - Insoluble in Ethanol (C)
  - All the above (D)
- The polymer which is used for making nonstick utensils
  - Polyurethane (A)
  - Bakelite (B)
  - Teflon (C)
  - All the above
- Which of the following enzymes would be most useful 24. as a marker for Chloroplasts during isolation of plant cell organelles?
  - Malate dehydrogenase (A)
  - DNA polymerase (B)
  - Phosphoribulokinase (C)
  - Hexokinase
- Consider the following events involved in stomatal
  - pH of guard cells decreases 1.
  - Water moves into guard cells 2.
  - K ions move into guard cells 3.
  - Turgor pressure of the guard cells increases Identify the correct sequence of events leading to stomatal opening
  - 1-4-2-3 (A)
  - 3-2-4-1 (B)
  - 1-3-2-4
  - (D) · 3-1-2-4

Match lists I (Compound oxidized during Krebs cycle) and II (Compound formed on oxidation) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

#### List I

## List II

- I. Pyruvic acid
- A. Acetyl CoA
- II. Isocitric acid
- B. Succinyl CoA
- III. α-Ketoglutaric acid C. Oxalosuccinic acid
- IV. Succinic acid
- Fumaric acid

## Codes:

- (A) I-A, II-C, III-B, IV-D
- (B) I-A, II-C, III-D, IV-B
- (C) I-A, II-B, III-C, IV-D
- (D) I-A, II-D, III-C, IV-B
- Match List I and List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

## List I

#### List II

- I. Cell division
- A. Auxins
- II. Dormancy
- B. Gibberellins
- III. Cell elongation
- C. Abscisic acid
- IV. Flowering
- D. Ctyokinins

#### Codes:

- (A) I-D, II-C, III-B, IV-A
- (B) I-D, II-A, III-C, IV-B
- I-D, II-C, III-A, IV-B (C)
- (D) I-D, II-A, III-B, IV-C
- During germination, mustard seed converts its lipids 28. into sugars by
  - Glyoxylate cycle (A)
  - Calvin cycle (B)
  - TCA cycle (C)
  - Glycolate pathway (D)
- In which one of the following geological periods did the first land plants appear?
  - Carboniferous (A)
  - Silurian (B)
  - (C) Permian
  - Precambrian (D)

DA

- The number of hydrogen bonds needed to bind 37. cytosine with guanine in a DNA strand are
  - (A) Two
  - Three (B)
  - (C) Four
  - Six (D)
- DNA is amplified by
  - (A) Southern Blotting technique
  - (B) Northern Blotting technique
  - (C) Nucleic acid hybridization technique
  - (D) PCR technique
- 32. Elephantiasis in man is caused by
  - Microfilariae (A)
  - (B) Dracunculus
  - (C) Ancylostoma
  - (D) Oxyuris
- The land and water ecosystems that provide the 33. resources that a person uses and that neutralize that person's wastes is part of that person's
  - (A) **Biodiversity**
  - (B) **Ecological footprint**
  - (C) Habitat
  - Ecological sustainability (D)
- 34. The most important factor/s affecting the distribution of biomes is/are
  - Precipitation and temperature
  - (B) Latitude and Longitude
  - (C) Altitude
  - (D) None of the above
- When the lake water circulates at times incompletely, 35. the lake is termed as
  - (A) Amictic
  - Holomitic (B)
  - Meromictic (C)
  - Polymictic
- Sphenodon punctatum which is most primitive living lizard is restricted to
  - (A) Australia
  - (B) New Zealand
  - Zimbabwe (C)
  - North America

- Choose the incorrect statement.
  - The Montreal protocol is associated with the control of emission of ozone depletir substances
  - Methane and carbon dioxide are greenhous (B)
  - Dobson units are used to measure oxyge (C)
  - Use of incinerators is crucial to disposal (D) hospital wastes
- Match the items in column I and column II and choose the most correct and appropriate option:

## Column I

## Column II

- A. Sewage
- I. Biomagnification
- B. Biodegradable Organic matter
- II. Eutrophication
- C. DDT
- III. Pathogenicity
- D. Phosphates
- IV. BOD
- A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III (A)
- A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-1 (B)
- A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II (C)
- A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
- Which of the following is a potent threat for microbi diversity?
  - (A) Mining operations
  - Forest fires (B)
  - Application of chemical fertilizers (C)
  - Soil erosion (D)
- 40. A safe level of noise depends on
  - (A) Level of noise and exposure to noise
  - (B) Area
  - Pitch (C)
  - (D) Frequency
- The organic compound responsible for impairing 41. calcium metabolism in birds, resulting in the laying thin shelled, fragile eggs is
  - **PCB** (A)
  - DDT (B)
  - Vinyl chloride (C)
  - Diisomethylphosphonate (D)

one wish

- Which one of the following diseases is not due to 42. contamination of water?
  - Hepatitis-B (A)
  - Jaundice (B)
  - Cholera (C)
  - **Typhoid** (D)
- Which one of the following is not correctly matched? 43.
  - Sanitary landfill-Groundwater pollution
  - Pyrolysis-Sulphur dioxide (B)
  - Incinerator-Dioxins (C)
  - Shredding and Pulverization-Volume reduction
- Match the following lists I and II and select the correct 44. answer using the code given below the lists:

W		4	W
	is	SI I	- 8

### List II

- A. Trickling filter
- I. Tertiary treatment
- B. Biological nitrification- II. Fixed growth denitrification system
- C. Sludge volume
- III. Suspended growth system
- Secondary Treatment IV. Biological treatment
- Activated sludge
- V. Inversely proportional to solids concentration

## Codes:

- E C D B A
- II III I V IV (A)
- IV III V (B) II
- V II I IV III (C)
- III IV V (D) II
- Which is currently the world's largest oil-producing 45. country (including Crude Oil, NGLs, Biofuel, and Other Hydrocarbons) in the World (IEA, 2016)?
  - (A) USA
  - Canada (B)
  - Saudi Arabia (C)
  - Russia (D)
- Which of the following combination is wrongly 46. matched?
  - Markhor and Hangul -Critically Endangered (A)
  - Hangul and Chiru- Critically Endangered (B)
  - Tibetan antelope and Markhor- Endangered (C)
  - Western Tragopan and Cheer Pheasant-(D) Endangered

- Which of the following countries contribute more than 47. 50% of global share of tropical forests?
  - (A) India, Zimbabwe and Egypt
  - Brazil, Egypt and Malaysia (B)
  - Brazil, India and Kenya (C)
  - Brazil, Zaire and Indonesia (D)
- The example/s of Phosphorus solubilizing biofertilisers 48. is/are
  - Bacillus (A)
  - Pseudomonas (B)
  - Aspergillus (C)
  - All the above (D)
- Among the following plants, the fibres of which one 49. has least amount of Cellulose?
  - (A) Jute
  - (B) Flax
  - Cotton (C)
  - Hemp (D)
- Match lists I and II and select the correct answer using 50. the codes given below the lists

## List I

### List II

- 1. Aspergillus niger
- A. Butyric acid
- 2. Acetobacter aceti
- B. Acetic acid
- 3. Clostridium butylicum
- C. Lactic acid
- 4. Lactobacillus acidophylus
- D. Ethanol
- 5. Saccharomyces cerevisiae
- E. Citric acid

### Codes:

- (A) 1-E, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A, 5-B
- (B) 1-E, 2-C, 3-D, 4-B, 5-A
- (C) 1-E, 2-B, 3-A, 4-C, 5-D
- (D) 1-E, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D, 5-C
- Which of the following is a correct set of endangered 51. species in India?
  - Great Indian bustard, Kashmiri Hangul (Stag), Asiatic lion, Royal Bengal tiger
  - Musk deer, Cheetah, Blue bull, Great Indian (B) bustard
  - Snow leopard, Swamp deer, rhesus monkey, (C) Hanuman langur
  - Lion tailed macaque, blue bull, Hanuman langur, (D) cheetah

# **ENTRANCE TEST-2016**

## FACULTY OF PHYSICAL & MATERIAL SCIENCE

## M.Sc. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

<b>Total Questions</b>	60	<b>Question Booklet Series</b>	A
Time Allowed		Roll No. :	

## Instructions for Candidates:

- 1. Write your Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
- 3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
- 4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
- 5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
- 6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
- 7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
- 8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
- 9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
- 10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
- 11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
- 12. OMR Answer sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
- 13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
- 14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

SF

# M.Sc. Environmental Science/A

1.	The diffe	erence between equatorial ar	nd polar dian	neters of the earth is about:	
	(A)	42.8 km	(B)	77 km	
	(C)	88 km	(D)	111km	
2.	The corr	ect descending order by vol	ume of the th	aree basic layers of the earth is:	FACIN
	(A)	Core, crust, mantle	(B)	Crust, core, mantle	
	(C)	Core, mantle, crust	(D)	None of the above	
3.	The pare	ent materials of soils are deriv	ved more free	quently from :	
	(A)	Igneous rocks	(B)	Metamorphic rocks	
	(C)	Sedimentary rocks	(D)	Biological action	BRETTERRY YEAR STOR
					ON CARSWERS BEEK
4.	The San	skrit name as "Wythusta" ref	fers to:		
	(A)	River Tawi	(B)	River Jhelum	
	(C)	River Chenab	(D)	Dal lake	Viego
5.	The state	among the following, which	n has more m	umber of women than men, is:	
	(A)	Himachal Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka	
	(C)	Tamil Nadu	(D)	Kerala	
6.	Which a	mong the following plants is	not a medicii	nal plant?	
	(A)	Artemisia annua	(B)	Ernebia benthami	
	(C)	Palm	(D)	Chinchona	
		difference in the second section of the section of			
7.	The term	"White coal" refers to:			
	(A)	Ice	(B)	Uranium	
	(C)	Diamond	(D)	Hydro-electricity	
8.	Coal der	posits of the J&K State are al	bundantly fo	und in:	Processman Ab/O 3
	(A)	Pulwama	(B)	Kalakote	
	(C)	Dandil	(D)	Baramulla	
	10010012				

	(A)	5 <sup>th</sup> Oct, 2005	(B)	5 <sup>th</sup> Oct, 2008	
	(C)	8th Oct, 2005	(D)	8th Oct, 2008	(6)
10.	In 1986,	the Chernobyl nuclear reactor inci	dent to	ook place in which of the	
	following	g country:			
	(A)	USSR	(B)	USA	
	(C)	Japan	(D)	France	
1	DN	VI) - & Sower By	()		
11./	The low	est layer of the atmosphere is calle	d as th	e:	
T	(A)	Troposphere	(B)	Stratosphere	
	(C)	Ionosphere	(D)	Exosphere	
12.	Which D	Division of Jammu and Kashmir sta	te has	semi-Arctic type of climate?	
	(A)	Kashmir-Division	(B)	Jammu-Division	
	(C)	Ladakh - Division	(D)	None of the above	
13.	Red soil	s are red in color mainly because of	fpres	ence of:	
	(A)	Aluminium	(B)	Iron (1)	
	(C)	Lead oxide	(D)	Chromium	
				of automobile celebratis that affect a province sy	
14.	The nam	es for soils as "Gurti, Nambal, and	Sekil	"refer to:	
	(A)	Kashmiri names	(B)	Dogrinames	
	(C)	Maharati names	(D)	None of the above	(0)
15.	When th	e soil is washed away in thin layer	s by w	rater or wind, it is called as:	
	(A)	Gully erosion	(B)	Sheet erosion	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	Neither (A) nor (B)	
16.	Defores	tation is the major causal agent of:			
	(A)	Depletion of natural resources	(B)	Environmental pollution	
	(C)	Desertification of habitat	(D)	Genetic erosion	

The major havoc due to earthquake in Uri region took place on:

9.

17.	The max	imum buffering capacity of a	buffer is:		or havoc due to earth				
	(A)	1 pH unit below its pK				(A)			
	(B)	1 pH unit above its pK			8# Del. 2005				
	(C)	Near its pK							
	(D)	pK has no concern with the	buffering ca	apacity of a buffer					
					1 Consult.				
18.	Mg <sup>++</sup> is e	essential for the activity of:		图1 (6)					
	(A)	DNA polymerase	(B)	Glucose kinase					
	(C)	Hexose kinase	(D)	All of the above	red A with				
					samp are to reval to				
19.	Unicellu	lar symbiotic organisms impr	ove yield of l	egumes by:	rendicada (18)				
	(A) Fixing nitrogen without colonizing roots of host								
	(B)	(B) Fixing atmospheric nitrogen and colonizing roots of host							
	(C)	Inducing the host plant to a	bsorb more	phosphorous	na central la nelebri	d stately			
	(D)	Stimulating the host plant to	o become to	lerant to drought	notelyki santasisi.				
				mid (c).	nobiviO-robba.l				
20.	The rate	of transpiration can be deter	mined by:						
	(A)	Photometers	(B)	Potometers					
	(C)	Polarimeters	(D)	Conductivity meters					
					abber basil				
21.	Pollutan	t of automobile exhausts that	affects nerv	ous system and produces	mental				
	disease i	s:		Number, and Selections of					
	(A)	Mercury	(B)	Nitric oxide					
	(C)	Sulphur dioxide	(D)	Lead	edeata penedald.				
22.	Aspirin	is a/an:							
	(A)	Antibiotic	(B)						
	(C)	Antihelminthic	(D)	Antipyretic/Analgesic					
23.	Polyacry	ylamide is a:		in the trees were		rizozo) s			
	(A)	Synthetic polymer	(B)	Natural polymer					
	(C)	Basic unit of a polymer	(D)	Protein					

	(C)	Mannose	(D)	Sucrose	
25.	Which a	umong the following is the	slowest enzyme	e in plants?	t Marangovika, manifikal mas
	(A)	Glucose kinase	(B)	Catalase	
	(C)	DNA pol	(D)	RUBISCO	sor any
26.	The nun Krebs cy	nber of ATPs produced fro	om complete ox	idation of Acetyl- CO	A during
	(A)	12	(B)	36	
	(C)	8	(D)	15	
27.	The phy	tohormone responsible for	r stem elongatio	n is :	
	(A)	Ethylene	(B)	Cytokinin	
	(C)	Abscisic acid	(D)	Gibberellin	
			(-)		
28.	The seed	germination is inhibited b	ov:		
	(A)	Gibberellins	(B)	Cytokinins	
	(C)	Abscisic acid	(D)	Auxins	
29.	The appr	oximate time when the life	e originated was	<b>3:</b>	
	(A)	4000-10000 million yea	rs ago		
	(B)	3000-4000 million years	ago		
	(C)	1000 million years ago			
	(D)	400 million years ago			
30.	Which ar	mong the following is true	for DNA struct	ure?	
	(A)	Adenine pairs with thym	ine through a do	ouble bond	
	(B)	Adenine pairs with thym	ine through two	hydrogen bonds	
	(C)	Adenine pairs with cytos	ine through a tri	ple bond	A) Biodilomical engages del
	(D)	Adenine pairs with thym			

24. Tick odd one out in terms of chemical reactions:

(A) Glucose

(B) Galactose

31.	The natur	re's best genetic engineer is:		
	(A) '	Rhizobium	(B)	E.Coli
	(C)	Agro bacterium	(D)	None of the above
32.	The term	pathogenicity refers to:		
	(A)	Ability to cause disease	(B)	Degree of disease
	(C)	Virulence	(D)	All of the above
33.	The term	n ecosystem was introduced by:		notes the period transfer and the extraction
	(A)	Ernst Haeckel	(B)	A.G. Tansely
	(C)	Odum	(D)	None of the above
34.	In an eco	ological succession from pioneer to	clima	x community, the biomass shall:
	(A)	Decrease	(B)	Increase and then decrease
	(C)	No relation	(D)	Increase continuously
35.	Dal Lak	e is an example of:		
	(A)	Eutrophic type of lakes	(B)	Oligotrophic type of lakes
	(C)	Mesotrophic type of lakes	(D)	None of the above
36.		at Indian bustard is a huge ground ant of the semi arid areas of:	bird w	ith a long neck and long legs. It is
	(A)	Gujarat	(B)	Rajasthan
	(C)	Maharashtra	(D)	All of the above
37.	Inagivo	en area, the best indicator of sulphu	r diox	ide pollution is:
	(A)	Algae	(B)	Bryophyte
	(C)	Lichen	(D)	Pteridophyte
38.	BOD st	ands for:		aged of all diseases after all three energy
	(A)	Biochemical oxygen demand	(B)	Biological oxidation demand
	(C)	Biochemical oxidation demand	(D)	) Biotic oxidation demand

4 14 1

	(A)	Asbestos		(B)	Textile			
	(C)	Coal mines		(D)	Paper			
40.	dB is a st	tandard abbro	eviation used	for the quantit	ative expression o	f:		
	(A)	The domina	ant Bacillus in	a culture	elegant, to mon.			
	(B)	The density	of bacteria in	a medium				
	(C)	A certain pe	esticide					
	(D)	A particular	pollutant					
41.				not properly fo ce in the activi	rmed) due to the p ty of:	ollution of		
	(A)	Calmodulin		(B)	Mg ATPase			
	(C)	Ca ATPase		(D)	None of the abo	ve		
4								
42.	One of the	ne water born	ne bacterial pa	athogen is:		5471-1281		
	(A)	Entamoeb	а	(B)	Giardia		, Miles	
	(C)	Salmonello	Ÿ.	(D)	Ascaris		MCC 1	71
43.			ist-I and List-	II, select the co	orrect answer from	n the code	नवस्त्रीत्	
	given be			House A poor			VSUIC I	
		List-I		List-II				
	a.	Asphalt	1.		ors, scrubbers and			
	L	Comount	2.	cyclones	and scrubbers			
	b.	Cement	3.		and multicyclone			
	C.		4.		s, cyclones and	•		
	d.	Gypsum	<b>"</b>		ic precipitators			
	Code:							
	а	b c d				an of the Citizens		
	(A) 1	2 3 4			in built he salation	Noted Manufacture from		
	(B) 2	3 4 1						
	(C) 4	3 2 1						
	(D) 3	4 2 1		•				
	. , -				7			42.5

[Turn over

39. White lung cancer is most abundant in the workers of which industry?

CWG-33212-A

44.	In sewag	e treatment plants, the processes t	hat rem	ove inorganic nutrients	s, such as	
	phospha	te from waste water are considered	ed:			
	(A)	Primary treatment	(B)	Secondary treatment		
	(C)	Tertiary treatment	(D)	None of the above		
		cao noise				e a el lab el dir
45.	The exam	nple of non-renewable sources o	fenergy	is/are:	is and the manusched fire	
	(A)	Tidal energy	(B)	Petroleum	The donate or back	
	(C)	Solar energy	(D)	All of the above		
46.	The total	forest area in India is:				
	(A)	17.3%	(B)	23.3%		
	(C)	3.3 %	(D)	33.3%	militarionis )	
47.	Dachiga	m National Park is situated in:		. 7.C. III		
	(A)	Naranag area	(B)	Dodpathri area		
	(C)	Near Harwan area	(D)	Patnitop area		
48.	Fuel cell	s are examples of:				
	(A)	Non-polluting energy sources	(B)	Electrochemical cells		
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	Neither (A) nor (B)		ied pwra je
				11-16.1		
49.	The first	animal to be domesticated by prin	mitive n	nan was :		
		Horse		Goat		
	(C)	Dog	(D)	Cat		
50.	The adv	antage/s of using cyanobacteria as	s biofert	ilizer is/are:		
	(A)	Its low cost				
	(B)	Simple technology for use			h 6 0	
	(C)	Potential to supply large quantit	ty of fixe	ed nitrogen		
	(D)	All of the above				
	()					

(A) Extinct—No individuals remaining								
	(B)	Critically endangered—Extremely high risk of extinction in the wild						
	(C)	Endangered—low risk, does not qualify for a more at risk category						
	(D)	Vulnerable—High risk of endangerment in the wild						
52.	Most bio	odiversity hot spots are in:						
	(A)	Tropical forests (B) Mountain regions						
	(C)	Dry shrub lands (D) Wet lands						
53.	Carbon	dioxide is called green-house gas because it is:						
	(A)	Transparent to sunlight but traps heat						
	(B)	Transparent to heat but traps sunlight						
	(C)	Used in green-house to increase plant growth						
	(D)	Transparent to both sunlight and heat						
54.	Acid rai	n is caused by increase in the atmospheric concentration of:						
	(A)	Ozone and dust (B) SO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>2</sub>						
	(C)	SO <sub>3</sub> and CO (D) CO <sub>2</sub> and CO						
55.	Identify	the correctly matched pair:						
	(A)	Basal convention — Biodiversity conservation						
	(B)	Montreal Protocol — Global warming						
	(C)	Kyoto protocol — Climatic change						
	(D)	Ramsar Convention — Ground water pollution						
56.	What co	uld be the possible outcomes from Environmental Education Systems?						
	(A)	An environmentally educated person understands the scientific concepts and facts that underlie environmental issue and the interrelationships that shape nature						
	(B)	An environmentally educated person understand how human society is influencing the environment as well as the economic, legal, and political mechanisms that provide avenues for addressing issues and situations						
	(C)	An environmentally educated person becomes involved in activities to improve, maintain and restore natural resources and environmental quality for all						

51. Among the following, which one is wrongly matched?

(D) All of the above

	line, it is	No cor		(B)	VAUMECC			
	(C)		correlation	(D)	None of the above	manage in Stall		
	(C)	1 CITCO	Conciation	(2)	teed being ing ince th			
60.	In a pack	of 52 ca	ards, the probability	of finding a	queen is:			
	(A)	1/52		(B)	1/26			
	(C)	1/13		(D)	None of the above		(0)	
				340		idone Droamiñ		
					rsbounds population vil			
						AND RECORDED SPEED		
					menories print moles full			
CV	VG-33212	2-A			10 ⊗			

57. The median of the data 160, 180, 200, 280, 300, 320, 400 will be:

58. A given data distribution is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and if x is 4, then the sum of squared

(A) 160

(C) 280

(A) 10

(C) 6

deviations from the x will be:

(B) 300

(D) 180

(B) 8

(D) 12

## M.Sc. Environmental Sciences/A

	"Uniform	mitarianism" which is heralded to	day as	a fundamental concept of Earth
	Sciences	s was first suggested by:		
	(A)	Leopold, A. in 1949	(B)	Hutton, J. in 1785
	(C)	Lovelock, J. in 1988	(D)	Keller, E.A. in 1999
2.	The soils	s commonly called as 'regur' are:		
	(A)	Laterite soils	(B)	Red soils
	(C)	Black soils	(D)	None of these
3.	Accordin	ng to estimates of National Commiss	sion on	Agriculture the area of land under
	some for	rm of degradation in India is:		
	(A)	75 million ha	(B)	175 million ha
	(C)	275 million ha	(D)	375 million ha
	G 111			
1.		ne limestone is technically called as		
	(A)	Micrite	(B)	Sparite
	(C)	Oolite	(D)	Coquma
5.	Narmad	a, Tapti and Mahanadi rivers ha	ve the	eir several important catchment
	areas in			
	(A)	Punjab	(B)	Himachal Pradesh
	(C)	Haryana	(D)	Madhya Pradesh
		Surger box list. A portraine		
5.	Together	r China and India have what % of v	vorld's	s population?
	(A)	17	(B)	27
	(C)	37	(D)	47
7.	Which o	of these pairs of minerals represent p	rimar	y and light minerals?
	(A)	Quartz, Olivine	(B)	Mica, magnetite
	(C)	Quartz, feldspar	(D)	Calcite, biotite
8.	The red	transparent variety of corundum ge	m calle	ed 'Ruby' is found in the areas of:
	(A)	Poonch	(B)	Newshehra
	(C)	Zanskar	(D)	Baramulla
CI	M-53720	<b>-A</b>		2

9.	The swir	ling funnel-shaped clo	uds that form ove	er la	nd and can cause serious damages			
	in areas where they touch down on earth's surface are called:							
	(A)	Tropical cyclones	(1	B)	Tornadoes			
	(C)	Hurricanes	(1	D)	Typhoons			
10.	Bhopal l	MIC disaster took pla	ce on the 3rd D	ecei	mber of:			
	(A)	1982	()	B)	1983			
	(C)	1984	()	D)	1985			
11.			hing between 17	7 an	d 48 km above the earth's surface			
	is know			-				
	(A)	Ionosphere		B)	Troposphere			
	(C)	Stratosphere		D)	Biosphere			
12.	The thic	kness of outer core of	earth is just over	er:				
	(A)	1000 km		B)	2000 km			
	(C)	3000 km	(	(D)	4000 km			
13.	The two	layers of a mature soil	profile that are te	eme	ed with bacteria, fungi, earthworms			
	and other	r many small multicell	ular organisms i	nclu	de:			
	(A)	A and B	(	(B)	B and C			
	(C)	O and A	(	(D)	None of these			
14.	The fore	est cover % of India as	per the recent a	isses	ssments of Forest Survey of India			
	is:	•						
	(A)	9.36	(	(B)	19.36			
	(C)	29.36		(D)	39.36			
15.	Accordi	ng to United Nations	Environment P	rog	ramme (UNEP) the approximate			
	area (mi	llion ha) of croplands	and rangelands	s wh	nich become desertified currently			
	each yea	aris:						
	(A)	7 to 9	(	(B)	9 to 11			
	(C)	11 to 13		(D)	13 to 15			
		·						
			* - [					

16.	Baltoro	is the famous glacier of:			
	(A)	Himachal Range	(B)	Shiwa	alik Range
	(C)	Korakaram Range	(D)	None	of these
17.	Water h	as its greatest density at:			
	(A)	4 °C	(B)	8°C	
	(C)	12 °C	(D)	16 °C	•
1.8.	During p	periods of rapid growth of produ	ucers, which	ch ofter	occurs in the spring, all of
		able phosphorus (in an ecosyst			
	(A)	Producers and consumers			
	(B)	Litter and sediment materials	lying below	W	
	(C)	Producers only			
	(D)	Consumers only			
19.	Vagatah	log dyog vyhich one name in Nata		1.1.1.	11 1
19.		les dyes which are rare in Natu			
	(A)	Direct dyes	(B)		ant dyes
	(C)	Vat dyes	(D)	None	of these
20.	The low	molecular weight organic mole	ecule of a h	oloenz	yme is called as:
	(A)	Apoenzyme	(B)	Coenz	zyme
	(C)	Exoenzyme	(D)	None	of these
21	Llutahin	gan in 1014 action at ad that the		CN I'.	Cond
21.		son in 1944 estimated that the from the air was between:	amount of	Nitrog	gen fixed per meter square
	(A)	100 and 140 mg		(D)	140 and 700 m =
	(C)	700 and 1400 mg		(B)	140 and 700 mg
	(C)	700 and 1400 mg		(D)	1400 and 2800 mg
22.	In Israel	where fresh water is limited, th	a amount	fmuni	ainal vyatan yaad ta imi aata
<i></i> ,		op only is:	e amount	or mum	cipal water used to irrigate
	(A)	25%	(B)	35%	
	(C)	45%		55%	
	(0)	73/0	(D)	3370	

23.	In Sweden and other northern European countries during the 1950s and 1960 many							
	deaths of seed-eating birds, and of predatory birds feeding upon them were attributed							
	to comp	ounds of:						
	$(A^{\cdot})$	Organoarsenic	(B)	Organolead				
	(C)	Organomercury	(D)	Organotin				
24.	Acetylsa	licylic Acid is:						
	(A)	Paracetamol	(B)	Aspirin				
	(C)	Phenylbutazone	(D)	None of these				
25.	Which o	f these theories does not	account for the	origin of life on Earth?				
	(A)	Special Creation						
	(B)	Spontaneous generation	1					
	(C)	Darwin's Natural Select	tion	• 4 .				
	(D)	Biochemical Evolution			4.7			
26.	The mos	t abundant photosynthetic	e pigment in nat	ure is:				
	(A)	Chlorophyll a	(B)	Chlorophyll b				
	(C)	Carotenes	(D)	Xanthophyll				
27.	The grou	up of Auxins that act as se	elective broad-le	eaved/dicot weed killers	is:			
	(A)	Indoles	(B)	Naphthyls				
	(C)	Phenoxyacetic acids	(D)	None of these				
28.	The form	nation of winter buds in te	mperate trees an	d shrubs is usually a phot	toperiodic			
		to shortening days in aut		경기되어 시간 경기 시간 그렇다 하는 그런				
	-	evels of which plant horm		19.11 (dg*				
	fall?	*	5					
	(A)	Florigen	(B)	Cytokinin				
	(C)	Gibberellins	(D)	Abscisic Acid				
29.	The amo	ount of energy (kj) require	d to make ATP fi	rom ADP and inorganic	ohosphate			
	per mole	eis:						
	(A)	20.6	(B)	30.6				
	(C)	40.6	(D)	50.6				

30.	The experiments that strictly demonstrated the DNA as the hereditary material were						
	those of						
	(A)	Frederick Griffith, 1928	(B)	Harshey and Chase, 1952			
	(C)	Sutton and Boveri, 1900	(D)	None of these			
31.	The clor	ing of mammal Dolly-Sheep took	place i	in the year:			
	(A)	1995	(B)	1996			
	(C)	1997	(D)	1998			
32.	The amo	ount (%) of the solar energy used by	the g	reen plants, algae, and bacteria on			
		produce their food through photosy					
	(A)	More than 0.1	(B)	Less than 0.1			
	(C)	Equal to 0.1	(D)	None of these			
33.	The abil	ity of a living system to resist being	distu	rbed or altered is termed as:			
	(A)	Persistence	(B)	Resilience			
	(C)	Constancy	(D)				
34.	Hybrids	possess phenotypes or characters	super	ior to either of the parental stock,			
	the phen	omenon is known as:					
	(A)	Polymorphism	(B)	Heterosis			
	(C)	Ugenics	(D)	None of these			
				Bridge Contract			
35.		with drier, sunnier climates and lo					
	nitrogen	oxides from motor vehicles react t	o form				
	(A)	Industrial Smog	(B)	Photochemical Smog			
	(C)	Urban Smog	(D)	Smoke			
36.	In stream	ns and lakes inorganic Mercury, en	mitted	by Vinyl factories and coal-fired			
	Power F	lants, is converted by bacteria int	o a nu	mber of organic forms, which of			
	these for	rms of Mercury evaporates quickly	from	water?			
	(A)	Methyl Mercury	(B)	Dimethyl Mercury			
	(C)	Trimethyl Mercury	(D)	None of these			
				and the new terms of th			

37.	The oper called as		epth of effective l	igh	nt penetration in a deep lake is
	(A)	Limnetic Zone	(B)	L	ittoral Zone
	(C)	Profundal Zone	(D)	N	None of these
38.	The stage	of Sewage Treatment	which destroys bio	ode	gradable organic matter through
		al decay represents:			
	(A)	Primary Treatment	(B)	5	Secondary Treatment
	(C)	Tertiary Treatment	(D)	ľ	None of these
39.	Indian M	fustard stands recom	mended for remo	val	of which radioactive elements
	from the				
	(A)	Ceasium and Stronti	um (B)	Ţ	Uranium and Plutonium
	(C)	Uranium and Thoriu	m (D)	1	None of these
40.	It has bee	en reliably estimated	that recycling a 1.2	2 m	eter stack of News Papers saves
	how man	ny 12 meter tall trees			
	(A)	One	(B)	11	Two
	(C)	Three	(D)	) ]	Four
41.	Since the	e advent of Agricultu	re the area of fores	sts t	that has been cleared worldwide
	(in billio	n hectares) is:			
	(A)	One	(B)	) '	Two (8)
	(C)	Three	(D	)	Four
42.	The cau	sative agent (pathoge	n) for Typhoid Fe	ver	is:
	(A)	Vibrio cholera			Shigella dysenteriae
	(C)	Clostridium sp.	(D	)	None of these
43.	Which	of these represents the	first generation p	esti	cides?
	(A)	Carbamates			Chlorinated Hydrocarbons
	(C)	Organophosphates	(D	))	None of these
44.	Sound	level (in dB) in case o	fa jet plane at tak	e of	ffis:
74.	(A)		Ta jet plane at tak (E		140
				941	160
	(C)	150	(I	')	100
C	LM-5372	0-A			7

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45.	The mos	st abundant fossil fuel on earth is:					
	(A)	Natural Gas	(B)	Crude Oil			
	(C)	Coal	(D)	Oil Shales			
	•		Jie				
46.	Who, in	his classic book "Small is Beautif	ul" po	opularized the term 'Appropriate			
	Technol	ogy'?					
	(A)	E.F. Schumacher					
	(B)	Rachel Carson					
	(C)	Daniel D. Chiras					
	(D)	Eugene P. Odum					
47.	The key maintain	stone animal species for which E	Iirpor	ra Sanctuary (Kashmir) is being			
	(A)	Musk Deer	(B)	Markhor			
	(C)	Snow Leopard	(D)	Hangul Deer			
		The second of the second of the second of					
48.	Which o	ne of these is now regarded as Exti	nct?				
	(A)	Capra falconeri	(B)	Panthera tigris			
	(C)	Acinonyx jubatus	(D)	Cervus hangul			
49.	Which o	f these protozoans inhabits the hum	an int	testinal tract in the area of caecum			
		ess commencial?					
	(A)	Entameba histolytica	(B)	Endolimax nana			
	(C)	Pentatrichomonas hominis	` /	Iodameba butschlii			
50.	The IUCN Red Data Book categorizes Snow Leopard as:						
	(A)	Critical	(B)	Endangered			
	(C)	Vulnerable	(D)	Insufficiently Known			
51.	The com	mon five toed species of Echidna	acule	ate is found in the zoogeographic			
	realm:						
	(A)	Palaearctic	(B)	Ethiopian			
	(C)	Oriental	(D)	Australian			
52.	Which o	ne of these is a cyanobacterium?					
	(A)	Nitrobacter winogradskyi	(B)	Anabaena planktonica			
	(C)	Clostridium botulinum	(D)	Streptomyces scabies			

53.	The Stratospheric Ozone layer screens out how much (%) of sun's Ultra Violet radiations?					
	(A)	69	(B)	79		
		89		99		
	(C)	89	(D)	99		
54.	In an unp	polluted environment	Rain Water has a pl	H of about:		
	(A)	4.7	(B)	5.7		
	(C)	6.7	(D)	7.7		
55.	1997 Ky	oto Protocol was sign	ed by how many n	ations?		
	(A)	140	(B)	150		
	(C)	160	(D)	170		
			,			
56.	The Inter	national Workshop on	Environmental Edu	cation was organized by UN	VESCO	
	at Belgra	ade (Yugoslavia) as "T	he Belgrade Charte	er" in the year:		
	(A)	1972	(B)	1975		
	(C)	1978	(D)	1981		
57.	While su	mmarizing many indiv	ridual values in a sin	gle number the common av	rerage is	
	statistica	ally referred to as:				
	(A)	Geometric Mean	(B)	Harmonic Mean		
	(C)	Arithmetic Mean	(D)	None of these		
58.	The Star	ndard Deviation of a v	variate x is a. The S	Standard Deviation of the	variate	
	ax + b/c	where a, b, c are cons	stants is:			
	(A)	(a/c) <del>d</del>	(B)	a/c ÷ ∂		
	(C)	$(a^2/c^2)$ $\overrightarrow{o}$	(D)	None of these		
		4				
59.	If Corre	ation Coefficient betw	reen X and Y is r, the	en correlation Coefficient l	oetween	
	X <sup>2</sup> and `					
	(A)	r	(B)	$\mathbf{r}^2$		
	(C)		(D)			
60				d and tail, are tossed toge	ther the	
60.					ther the	
		value of probability of				
	(A)	0.005	(B)	0.25		
	(C)	0.50	(D)	1.00		
CI	M-53720	<b>-</b> Δ		9		
CL	111-33/20	4.8		Δ		

## M.Sc. Environmental Science/A

- 1. In Earth's crust, the second most abundant element is:
  - (A) Aluminium

(B) Calcium

(C) Silicon

- (D) Magnesium
- 2. The texture of an igneous rock:
  - (A) determines the colour of the rock
  - (B) is controlled by the chemistry of magma
  - (C) refers to the shape of the rock body
  - (D) records the rock's cooling history
- 3. Minimum years age of the earth is approximately:
  - (A)  $2 \times 10^5$

(B)  $2 \times 10^7$ 

(C)  $2 \times 10^2$ 

- (D)  $2 \times 10^9$
- 4. The maximum and minimum discharges of the Jhelum river recorded near the Indo-Pak border are:

Max	. discharge	Minimum discharge	
(A)	29600 m <sup>3</sup>	&	$112 \text{ m}^3$
<b>(B)</b>	28600 m <sup>3</sup>	&	$110 \text{ m}^3$
(C)	27500 m <sup>3</sup>	&	$105 \text{ m}^3$
(D)	26500 m <sup>3</sup>	&	$100 \text{ m}^3$

- 5. Which of the following is most convincing reason for increasing population growth in a country?
  - (A) high birth rate

- (B) low mortality rate
- (C) low population of old persons
- (D) high population of young people
- 6. Type of forest mainly found in India is:
  - (A) subtropical deciduous
- (B) tropical moist deciduous
- (C) tropical deciduous
- (D) temperate deciduous

	amount o	of air, is called:		
	(A)	fusion temperature	(B)	calorific intensity
	(C)	ignition temperature	(D)	none of the above
8.	As per D	Pirectorate of Geology and Mining,	the li	gnite deposits in J & K State are:
	(A)	about 85 million tons	(B)	about 95 million tons
	(C)	about 100 million tons	(D)	about 150 million tons
9.	In earthq	uake prediction the most importan	t facto	oris:
	(A)	magnetic property of rocks		
	(B)	changes in electrical resistivity of	the ear	rth
	(C)	previous patterns and frequency of	of eart	hquakes
	(D)	anomalous behaviour of animals		
10.	Chernob	yl disaster in erstwhile USSR occu	rred d	lue to :
	(A)	entry of cooling water in reactor		
	(B)	reactor meltdown resulting from lo	oss of	cooling
	(C)	failure in movement of control rod		
	(D)	reaction of molten sodium with co	oling	water
11.	Atmosph	nere consists of :		
	(A)	Lithosphere + Hydrosphere		
	(B)	Lithosphere + Stratosphere + Hyd	drosnl	nere
	(C)	Troposphere + Stratosphere + Ion	-	
	(D)	None of the above	pr.	
12.	Climatal	agria a saign sa af.		
12.		ogy is a science of:	<i>(</i> D)	1. 0.
	(A)	edaphic factors	(B)	topographic factors
	(C)	climatic factors	(D)	biotic factors

The maximum temperature reached when the coal is completely burnt in the theoretical

7.

A layer o	of the soil is made of:		
(A)	decaying litter	(B)	rocky matter
(C)	soil mixed with organic matter	(D)	soil rich in inorganic matter
Alluvial	soils are mostly found in which regi	on?	
(A)	Northern India	(B)	Eastern India
(C)	Southern India	(D)	Gangetic planes
Soil eros	sion can be prevented by :		
(A)	restricted human activity	(B)	good plant cover
(C)	checking movements of animals	(D)	wind screen alone
Deforest	ation has an alarming effect on :		
	_		
` ,			
` ,			
(D)	•	abitat	
			•
(A)	field capacity	(B)	gravitational water
(C)	storage water	(D)	hygroscopic water
Which o	f the following role is played by Co	opperi	in the human body?
Willeli	t the tonowing fore is played by ex	* *	
(A)	it is an activator of insulin	••	
	• • • • •		
(A)	it is an activator of insulin	nain	
(A) (B)	it is an activator of insulin it is a part of electron transport ch	nain	
(A) (B) (C) (D)	it is an activator of insulin it is a part of electron transport ch it is an essential element of bones	nain	ly:
(A) (B) (C) (D)	it is an activator of insulin it is a part of electron transport ch it is an essential element of bones none of the above	nain	ly: within terrestrial ecosystem
	(A) (C)  Alluvial: (A) (C)  Soil eros (A) (C)  Deforest (A) (B) (C) (D)  Amount (A) (C)	(A) decaying litter (C) soil mixed with organic matter  Alluvial soils are mostly found in which regine (A) Northern India (C) Southern India  Soil erosion can be prevented by: (A) restricted human activity (C) checking movements of animals  Deforestation has an alarming effect on: (A) increase in grazing area (B) sunlight (C) weed control (D) soil erosion or desertification of he amount of water a soil can hold against pull (A) field capacity (C) storage water	(A) decaying litter (B) (C) soil mixed with organic matter (D)  Alluvial soils are mostly found in which region? (A) Northern India (B) (C) Southern India (D)  Soil erosion can be prevented by: (A) restricted human activity (B) (C) checking movements of animals (D)  Deforestation has an alarming effect on: (A) increase in grazing area (B) sunlight (C) weed control (D) soil erosion or desertification of habitat  Amount of water a soil can hold against pull of grace (A) field capacity (B)

20.	Fresh water needed for humans, animals and plants is provided only by:						
	(A)	precipitation	(B)	oceans			
	(C)	ground water	(D)	rain			
21.	In huma	n body which component is the be	st indic	cator of Lead accumulation?			
	(A)	fatty tissues	(B)	bones			
	(C)	brain	(D)	blood			
22.	Among	drugs which one induces dreamy s	state of	consciousness?			
	(A)	sedative	(B)	stimulant			
	(C)	depressant	(D)	hallucinogen			
23.	Cell wall	develops from :					
	(A)	protoplast	(B)	environment			
	(C)	nucleus	(D)	chromosomes			
24.	Plasma r	membrane is composed of:					
	(A)	two layers of protein molecules a	ınd two	layers of lipid molecules			
	(B)	two layers of protein molecules a	nd sing	gle layer of lipid molecules			
	(C)	C) single layer of protein molecules and double layer of lipid molecules					
	(D)	single layer of protein molecules	and sin	gle layer of lipid molecules			
25.	Photosyr	nthesis in $C_4$ plants is relatively les	s limite	ed by atmospheric carbon dioxide			
	level because :						
	(A)	four carbon acids are the primary	initial	CO <sub>2</sub> fixation product			
	(B)	the primary fixation of CO <sub>2</sub> is me	ediated	via PEP carboxylase			
	(C)	effective pumping of CO <sub>2</sub> into bu	ındle sl	neath cell			
	(D)	RUBISCO in C <sub>4</sub> plants has higher	er affin	ity for CO <sub>2</sub>			
26.	Which is	s not true for Glycolysis?					
	(A)	end product is CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O	(B)	substrate level phosphorylation			
	(C)	production of ATP	(D)	expenditure of ATP			

27.	7. A plant hormone is:			
	(A)	an ion that alters turgor pressure	:	
	(B)	a pigment that responds to enviro	onmen	tal changes
	(C)	a chemical messenger that coord	linates	body cells
	(D)	a secondary metabolic compour	nd	
28,	Gibbere	llihs can promote seed germination	ı becaı	use of their influence on:
	(A)	rate of cell division		
	(B)	production of hydrolyzing enzym	ies	
	(C)	synthesis of abscisic acid		
	(D)	absorption of water through har	d seed	coat
29.	The sea	uence of Origin of Life may be cor	nsidere	ed as :
	(A)	amino acids $\rightarrow$ protein $\rightarrow$ chlore		, a ab .
	(B)	chlorophyll $\rightarrow$ starch $\rightarrow$ glycoge	- •	•
,	(C)	nucleic acid → amino acid → ch		vII
	(D)	chlorophyll → nucleic acid → ar	-	•
30.	In DNA	:		
	(A)	thymine pairs with guanine	(B)	adenine pairs with thymine
	(C)	adenosine pairs with thymidine	(D)	guanine pairs with cytosine
31.	Thetran	sfer of genetic material from one b	actaria	e call to another besterial call with
, ,				
		of a bacteriophage was discovere	a by L	ederberg and Zinder. It is known
	as:			
	(A)	mutation	(B)	transformation
	(C)	transduction	(D)	genetic transfer
32.	Influenza	a is caused by:		
	(A)	Mycobacterium	(B)	Neisseria
	(C)	Mxyovirus	(D)	Rubeola

33.	An eco	An ecosystem resists change because it is in a state of:						
	(A)	imbalance	(B)	homeostasis	·			
	(C)	storage of components	(D)	deficiency of light				
34.	Primary	succession, refers to the devel	opment of	Communities on a:				
	(A)	nearly exposed habitat with	no record o	of earlier vegetation				
	(B)	pond freshly filled with water	er after dry	phase				
	(C)	forest clearing after devastati	ng fire					
	(D)	freshly cleared crop field						
35.	Shallow	v lakes with abundant organic n	natter are :					
	(A)	Saprophytic	(B)	Oligotrophic				
	(C)	Eutrophic	(D)	Heterotrophic				
36.	Populat	ion of ferocious red ant is kept	under che	ck by :				
	$(\Lambda)$	Rufus wood pecker	(B)	Red billed ox pecker				
	(C)	Yellow billed ox pecker	(D)	Sparrow				
37.	Which v	vill not cause atmospheric pollu	tion?					
	(A)	$SO_2$	(B)	$CO_2$				
	(C)	Со	(D)	H <sub>2</sub> .				
38.	The mai	n cause of water pollution is:						
	(A)	soap	(B)	industrial effulents				
	(C)	smoke	(D)	ammonia				
39.	Which c	ity has most arsenic pollution?						
	(A)	Delhi	(B)	Kolkata				
	(C)	Ahmedabad	(D)	Maharashtra				
40.	Noise po	ollution is measured in:						
	(A)	hertz	(B)	fathoms				
	(C)	nanometers	(D)	decibles				
CZI	B-29320(A	<b>A</b> )		7	Turn ov			

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<b>+1.</b>	resticia	e nigredient which killed 2500 per	opie in	Bhopai gas tragedy in 1984 was:
	(A)	Mustard gas	(B)	DDT
	(C)	Methyl isocynate	(D)	Carbon tetrachloride
42.	Among	the following which one is the bes	t metho	od for treating sewage sludge?
	(A)	Aerobic digestion	(B)	Anaerobic digestion
	(C)	Incineration	(D)	Psiculture
43.	The prol	blem of wastage management is b	ecomii	ng complicated day by day due to:
	(A)	obsolete techniques employed for	or wast	e management
	(B)	large population		
	(C)	insanitary methods adopted for o	disposa	al of solid wastes
	(D)	all the above		
44.	Sewage	water can be purified for recycling	g with t	he action of :
	(A)	Micro-organisms	(B)	Penicillin
	(C)	Fishes	(D)	Aquatic plants
45.	Which ty	pe of fossil fuel power plant has m	aximu	m electrical efficiency?
	(A)	Steam turbine	(B)	Gas turbine
	(C)	Combined-cycle gas turbine	(D)	Fluidized bed combustion
46.	Rangela	nd is used for :		
	(A)	shooting wild life	(B)	rearing domestic stock
	(C)	protecting wild life	(D)	cultivating grains
<b>1</b> 7.	Forests-	their management and conservati	on is c	onnected with:
	(A)	Apiculture	(B)	Agriculture
	(C)	Sericulture	(D)	Silviculture
18.	Eco-frier	ndly method is:		
	(A)	use of CNG in automobiles	(B)	energy plantation
	(C)	both (A) and (B)	(D)	plantation of C <sub>3</sub> plants
	` '		` /	3

49.	. Which of the following organisms is useful in degrading organic pollutants?							
	(A)	Nitrosomonas	(B)	Chlamydia				
	(C)	Actinomycetes	(D)	Pseudomonas				
50.	Microbo	e which is harmful and enters th	ne human	body to cause disease, is called:				
	(A)	Saprophyte	(B)	Symbiont				
	(C)	Pathogen	(D)	Commensal				
51.	Accordi	ng to 2000 IUCN, Red List, ho	ow may pl	ant and animal species are threatened?				
	(A)	5485 plant species and 5611	animals					
	(B)	5611 plant species and 5485	animals					
	(C)	5738 plant species and 5738	animals					
	(D)	1237 plant species and 11040	6 animals					
52.	Which is	s correct for threatened (T) spe	cies?					
	(A)	it is an endangered species like Rhino, Asiatic Lion, which is in danger of extinction						
	(B)	it is rare species like wild Asiatic Ass with small population in certain geographical areas						
	(C)	it is a vulnerable species like musk deer, black buck which is likely to move into endangered category in near future						
	(D)	- •	l to avoid	its becoming rare, endangered or vulnerable species.				
53.	Ozone la	yer is present in :						
	(A)	Stratosphere	(B)	Troposphere				
	(C)	Ionosphere	(D)	Mesosphere				
54.	Smog is:							
	(A)	smoke	(B)	moistened air gases				
	(C)	other name of dust storm	(D)	smoke and fog				
55.	Amendn	nents to the Montreal Protocol	were unde	ertaken in 1990 at :				
	(A)	Paris	(B)	London				
	(C)	Tokyo	(D)	Amsterdam				

56.	Objectiv	es and guiding principles of enviror	nment	tal education were first formulated in 1977 at which place?
	(A)	Stockholm	(B)	Tbilisi
	(C)	Rio-de Janeiro	(D)	New Delhi
57.	In an unb	palanced or skewed distribution, who	hich n	neasure of Central tendency is least biased?
	(A)	Mean	(B)	Median
	(C)	Mode	(D)	Range
58.	Which st	tatistical device helps in analyzing t	he cov	variation of two or more variables?
	(A)	Regression	(B)	Median
	(C)	Standard deviation	(D)	Correlation
59.	Product	moment coefficient of correlatio	n, me	easures which particular type of
	relations	hip between two variables?		
	(A)	Linear	(B)	Curvilinear
	(C)	Parabolic	(D)	Circular
60.	Which o	f the following is probability sampli	10 ?	
00.	(A)	Purposive sampling	(B)	Snowball sampling
	` /		, ,	
	(C)	Cluster sampling	(D)	Dimensional sampling

# **Environmental Science**

1.	when i	irst formed, some 4.5 b	illion year	s ago	, the early earth was very ho	t. Its
	surface	temperature was:				
	(a)	1,000 − 1,200°C		(b)	3,500 − 4,000°C	
	(c)	5,000 - 6,000°C		(d)	8,000 − 10,000°C	
2.	The thic	kness of earth's core is:	*,*		.*	
	(a)	2883 Km		(b)	3295 Km	
	(c)	3475 Km		(d)	6370 Km	
3.	The esse	ential constituent of igne	ous rock is:			
	(a)	Carbon		(b)	Calcium	
	(c)	Magnesium		(d)	Silica	
		**				B 16
4.	Of whic	h river system does the	Teesta form	apa	rt?	
	(a)	Ganga		(b)	Indus	
	(c)	Brahamputra		(d)	Godavari	
5.	Which a	re the factors leading to	the develor	ment	of nucleated settlements?	
		versal availability of rainfa		1		
		gh terrain				
ì		ger to life and property				
	,	n topography				
	(a)	I and IV		(b)	I, II and IV	
	(c)	II, III and IV		(d)	III and IV	
6.	In which	type of forests would y	ou find the	pines	spruce, redwood, fir and larch	n?
	. (a)	Rain forest		(b)	Savannah	
	(c)	Deciduous		(d)	Coniferous	
7.	Copper-	-goldironcoal are con	nected with			
	(a)	Kolar - Kundermaukh			ia ·	
	(b)	Khetri - Kolar - Kund				
	(c)	Kundermaukh - Kolar				
	(d)	Kolar - Khetri - Jahari				
. :	(4)		- Izunioi	mun		

8.	Which a	rea in J&K does contain lime	stone?		
	(a)	Doda	(b)	Kupwara	to .
	(c)	Kargil	(d)	Poonch	
9.	The dian	neter of tropical cyclones is a	bout:		·
	(a) •	75 to 100 miles	(b)	100 to 300 miles	
	(c)	350 to 550 miles	(d)	None of the above	
10.	Major po	ollutant behind the Bhopal G	as Tragedy v	was:	
Α.,	(a)	Methyl purporate	(b)	Methyl cyanide	
	(c)	Methyl isoformate	(d)	Methyl isocyanate	٠, .
11.	The atmo	osphere is held to the earth by the	ne gravitatio	nal pull. 95% of earth's	atmosphere
	lies with			-	
	(a)	15 km	(b)	20 km	
, 1.	(c)	25 km	(d)	30 km	
			,		
12.	Which o	of the following is must to dete	ermine the c	limate?	
	(a)	Distance of earth from the s			
4,	(b)	Movement of earth around			
	(c)	Geometry of the earth-atmo		tem	
	(d)	None of the above	,		
			. ~		
13.	The ped	ogenic regime of calcification	is common	ly associated with:	
	(a)	Hot and humid areas	(b)	Cool and temperate	areas
	(c)	Mid-latitude steep lands	(d)	Coastal areas	
	(0)		. (-)		
14.	Geograf	phically, mature soils of Penin	gular India i	achide mainly.	
14.	(a)	Alluvial soils and red soils	Juliu IIAiu I	iorado maniny .	
	(a) (b)	Black soils and alluvial soil	s		
	(c)	Lateritic soils and alluvial so	•		
	• • •	Red soils, black soils and la			
	(d)	Red Solls, plack solls and le			

15.	Which	country loses high	est among o	f top soils fi	rom its crop lands due	e to erosion?
	(a)	India		(b)	Brazil	
	(c)	China		(d)	USÀ	
						* **
16.	The mo	st important factor	for desertifi	cation is:		
	(a)	Wind erosion		(b)	Over grazing	
	(c)	Water erosion		(d)	Deforestation	
17.	Fluidicit	ty of water is maint	ained by:			
	(a)	Rapid formatio	n and disso	ciation of	hydrogen bonds bet	ween water
		molecules				
	<b>(b)</b>	Delayed format	ion and diss	sociation of	hydrogen bonds bet	ween water
		molecules				
	(c)	Greater electron	egativity of o	oxygen than	hydrogen	
	(d)	All the above				
18.	Little lea	f/leaf rosetting is d	leficiency di	sease of:		
	(a)	Zn		(b)	Mn	
	(c)	Fe		(d)	В	
		- '				
19.	Which b	iogeochemical cy	cle does not	necessarily	have to involve deco	mposers?
	(a)	Carbon		(b)	Nitrogen	
	(c)	Phosphorus		(d)	None of the above	
				, ·		
20.	How mu	ch solar energy is	required to r	un the hydr	ological cycle in natu	ire?
	(a)	6.0×10 <sup>20</sup> KJ yr	1	(b)	7.1×10 <sup>20</sup> KJ yr <sup>-1</sup>	
	(c)	8.2×10 <sup>20</sup> KJ yr	1	(d)	9.3×10 <sup>20</sup> KJ yr <sup>-1</sup>	
				~ ^ ·		
21.	In human	n body which tissu	e is best indi	cator of lea	d accumulation?	
	(a)	Fatty tissues		(b)	Bones	
	(c)	Brain		(d)	Blood	

22.	Aspir	in is the name of organic co	mpound:	
	(a	) Hydroxy benzoic acid	(b)	Acetyl salicylic acid
	(0	) Phenyl salicylate	(d)	
23.	Synth	etic polymer which resemb	les natural rubbe	eris:
	(a	•	(b)	Glyptal
	(c	) Neoprene	(d)	None of the above
24.	A vita	min that contains both nitro	gen and sulphur	is:
	(a)		(b)	Vitamin B,
	(c)	Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	(d)	Vitamin C
25.	Emers	sion effect is related to:		
	(a)	Decrease in photosynth	esis in presence	of high light intensity
	<b>(b</b> )			s of two different wavelengths are
		provided together		
	(c)	Increase in photosynthe	sis in presence o	f monochromatic light
	(d)	4	esis when lights	of two different wavelengths are
		produced together		
•				
26.		ate phosphorylation occurs		
	(a)	,		
	(b)	,		acid
	(c)			
	(d)	α-Ketoglutaric acid →	Succinic acid	**
27.	Cytoki	nins are mostly produced in		
- /.	(a)			Pastanan
	(c)		(b) (d)	Root apex Lateral buds
		10mg louves	(u)	Lateral butts
28.	The se	eds of tomato cannot germin	nate in the prese	nce of light and hence are known
	as:		p. 000	Samura de licitor de C Kilowii
	(a)	Negatively photoblastic	(b)	Non photoblastic
	(c)	Light sensitive seeds	(d)	Photoblastic

	(a)	90 − 100°C	(b)	50 – 60°C
	(c)	35 − 40°C	(d)	10 − 15°C
30.	Termina	tion of polypeptide chain is brought	abou	tby:
	(a)	UUG, UAG and UCG	(b)	UAA, UAG and UGA
	(c)	UUG, UGC and UCA	(d)	UCG, GCG and ACC
			, î s	
31.	Two bac	teria most useful in Genetic Enginee	ringa	nre:
	(a)	Escherichia and Agrobacterium	<b>(</b> b)	Rhizobium and Azotobacter
	(c)	Nitrosomonas and Klebsiella	(d)	Rhizobium and Diplococcus
32.		f the following diseases are caused	by pa	
		cidiosis	II.	Babesiosis
		ing disease	IV.	Johne's disease
	(a)	I and II	(b)	I, II and IV
	(c)	II and IV	(d)	I, II and III
33.	In detritt	us food chain, transfer of food is:		
	(a)	Detrite (dead organic matter) → 1	Detri	vores → Decomposers
	(b)	Detrite → Microbes → Detrivore	$es \rightarrow$	Decomposers
	(c)	Detrivores → Organic matter →	Micr	obes → Decomposers
	(d)	Grass → Detrivores → Decompo	osers	
34.	The clim	nax community is characterized by a	relatio	on of production (P) and respiration
	(R):			
	(a)	P = R	(b)	P < R
	(c)	P > R	(d)	All the above
35.	n the b	oasis of trophic status Dal lake can l	be cat	regorized as:
	(a)	Mesotrophic	(b)	Oligotrophic
	(c)	Eutrophic	(d)	Hypertrophic
			. *,	

29. At the time of origin of life, the surface temperature of earth was:

	(a)	Palaeartic region	(b)	Oriental region
	(c)	Ethopian region	(d)	Neoarctic region
37.	Lichens,	bioindicators of air quality, are	extre	mely sensitive to two common
	atmosph	eric pollutants:		
	(a)	NO, and SO,	(b)	O, and SO,
	(c)	CO, and NO,	(d)	O, and NO,
38.	What mi	nerals are found in the runoff from a	gricul	tural land and treated and untreated
	sewage e	effluents, which are highly respons	ible fo	r eutrophication of water bodies?
	(a)	Phosphorus and carbon	(b)	Potassium and arsenic
	(c)	Nitrogen and phosphorus	(d)	Sodium, calcium and magnesium
	. 1			
39.	Biodegra	adable plastics contain:		
	(a)	Poly hydroxy butyrate	(b)	Cross linked glycols
	(c)	Straight glycols	(d)	Biodegradable cellulose
40.	Sound b	ecomes hazardous noise pollution	at leve	1:
	(a)	Above 30 dB.	(b)	Above 80 dB
	(c)	Above 100 dB	(d)	Above 120 dB
41.	Which p	pesticide is a herbicide ?		
	(a)	Malathion	(b)	Lindane
	(c)	ВНС	(d)	2,4-D
42.	Which o	one of the disease is water borne?		
	(a)	Hydrophobia	(b)	Malaria
	(c)	Cholera	(d)	Yellow fever
	, ,		(-)	
43.	The carr	linal principle in waste managemen	nt is .	
٦٥.				Effective management
	(a)	Reduction, reuse and recycle	(p)	Collection of solid waste
	(c)	Use of latest technique	(d)	Conceilon of solid waste

36. Mammals like aye-aye and jumping hares are found in:

44.	Sewage	treatment in which a portion of de	compo	ser bacteria present in wastewater is
		d in the beginning of the process:		
	(a)	Cyclic treatment	(b)	Activated sludge treatment
	(c)	Primary treatment	(d)	Tertiary treatment
<b>45</b> .	Domest	ic cooking gas consists mostly of	:	사는 사람들 생활을 되는 경기에 있다.
	(a)	Methane and ethane	(b)	Ethylene and carbon monoxide
	(c)	Butane and isobutane	(d)	Acetylene and hydrogen
46.	Which	of the high altitude plants of J&Ks	tate are	included in Guiness Book of World
	Records			
	(a)	Picrorhiza kurrooa and Taxus	wallic	hiana
	(b)	Stellaria decumbens and Taxi	ıa wall	ichiana
	(c)	Christolea himalayensis and l	Picrorh	iza kurrooa
	(d)	Arenaria bryophylla and Chri	stolea i	himalayensis
47.	An exan	nple for In-situ biological conserv	ation m	ethod is to establish:
	(a)	Seed banks	(b)	Botanical gardens
	(c)	Zoos	(d)	Biosphere reserves
48.	Which a	mong the following is generally the	ne best v	way to extract energy from biomass
		high moisture content?		
	(a)	Gasification	(b)	Pyrolysis
	(c)	Anaerobic digestion	(d)	Hydrolysis and distillation
			. ,	
49.	Which o	f the following plants yield cardia	c stimul	ant and tonic?
	(a)	Rauwolfia	(b)	Aconitum
	(c)	Digitalis -	(d)	Dioscorea
v				
50.	In nitrog	gen cycle Nitrosomonas converts	:	
	(a)	Ammonia into nitrates	(b)	Ammonia into nitrites
	(c)	Nitrites into nitrates	(d)	Nitrates into N, gas
				•

51.	Which of th	e following speci	ies of rhinocero	os is said	to be most critically e	ndangered
	species?					
	(a) Ir	ndian one-homed	rhino	(b)	Javan rhino	
	(c) A	frican black rhine	0	(d)	Sumatran rhino	
52.	In India, w	here one can find	Siberian Cra	ne (Gra	s leucogeranus)?	
, 3r .	(a) H	lokarsar wetland	l, Kashmir, J&	K		
1.3	(b) S	Sultanpur Lake B	ird Sanctuary,	Haryan	a di di	
	(c) K	Keolado National	l Park, Bharatj	pur, Raj	asthan	
	(d) (	Chilka Lake Bird	Sanctuary, Or	issa		
		ja kr				
53.	Among the	following ozone	depleting pote	ential is	maximum in case of:	
	(a) I	Halon 1301		(b)	HCFC <sub>22</sub>	
	(c) (	CFC <sub>115</sub>		(d)	CFC <sub>12</sub>	
54.	Photochen	nical smog consis	sts of:			
	(a)	O <sub>3</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> and hyd	rocarbons	<b>(b)</b>	O <sub>3</sub> , PAN and NO <sub>X</sub>	
	(c)	SO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> and hy	drocarbons	(d)	SO <sub>2</sub> , PAN and smo	ke
55.	Match lis	t I and list II and	select the cor	rect ans	swer using codes give	n below the
	lists:					
	(A)	Ozone depletion	i giran jiri	<b>(I)</b>	Basel convention	
	(B)	CO <sub>2</sub> reduction		(II)	Kyoto protocol	
	(C)	Sustainable deve	elopment		) Rio-summit	
	(D)	Hazardous wast	e i	(IV	) Montreal protocol	
	CODE:					
		A B	CD			
	(a)	I IV	m n	[		
	(b)	IV II	III I			-
	(c)	п п	IV I			
	(d)	IV III	II I			
						€

56. The fourth international conference on environmental education was held at

(a) Jaipur in 1987

- Tiblisi in 1997
- (c) Ahmedabad in 2007
- Delhi in 2008

57. The formula 3x Median -2x Mean is used to find:

(a) Mode

- (b) Median
- (c) Arithmetic mean
- (d) Geometric mean

58. The relationship between standard deviation (SD) and variance is:

- $SD = -\sqrt{Variance}$ (a)
- (b)  $SD = +\sqrt{Variance}$
- (c)  $SD = -(Variance)^2$
- (d) Variance =  $\sqrt{SD}$

59. Which statistical device helps in analyzing the covariation of two or more variables?

Regression (a)

- (b) Median
- (c) Stand and deviation
- Correlation (d)

60. There are n persons  $(n \ge 3)$  among whom are A and B, who are made to stand in a row in random order. Probability that there is exactly one person between A and B is:

(a)  $\frac{n-2}{n(n-1)}$ (c)  $\frac{2}{n^2}$ 

(b)  $\frac{2(n-2)}{n(n-1)}$ (d)  $\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{2}$ 

# Environmental Science - 2010

#### M.Sc. Environmental Science

1.	It appear	s that Laplace's nebular hypoth	esis is jus	t the modified version of:
	(a)	Chamberlin's hypothesis	(b)	James Jeans Hypothesis
	(c)	Russell's hypothesis	(d)	None of these
2.	Which t	ype of soil is ideal for growing of	cotton?	
	(a)	Alluvial soil	(b)	Red soil
	(c)	Laterite soil	(d)	Regursoil
3.	In which	fashion wind moves soil partic	les having	size 0.1-0.5mm?
	(a)	Hopping	(b)	Rolling
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	None of these
4.	Which t	ype of rock is Gneiss?		
	(a)	Sedimentary	(b)	Igneous
	(c)	Metamorphic	(d)	Any of these
5.	Chenab	originates from the confluence	of river/s:	
	(a)	The Chandra	(b)	The Bhaga
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	The Bhaga and the Satluj
6.	Specific	aspect/s of the environmental	change at	ffected by population dynamic is/
	are:			
	(a)	Climate change	(b)	Land use change
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	None of these
7.	In nature	e Graphite occurs in the form o	f:	
	(a)	Vein	(b)	Dissemination
	(c)	Amorphous	(d)	All of these
8.	In J&K	zinc is found at:		
	(a)	Rampur	(b)	Buniyar
	(c)	Uni	(d)	Karnah
9.	Which	of the following have the potent	ial to gene	rate Tsunami?
	(a)	Earthquakes	(b)	Landslides
	(c)	Volcanic eruptions	(d)	All of these

10.	Chemob	yl accident released how many	y curies of	radioactivity?				
	(a)	10-25 million curie		25-50 million curie				
	(c)	50-100 million curie	(d)	100-150 million curie				
11.	Which la	ayer of atmosphere protects the	e earth from	m meteoroids?				
	(a)	Mesosphere	(b)	Stratosphere				
	(c)	Troposphere	(d)	Thermosphere				
12.	The rock	s of the crust fall into which to	wo major o	categories?				
	(a)	Mafic and Basalt	(b)	Granite and Felsic				
	(c)	Sial and Sima	(d)	None of these				
13.	Differen	t soil horizons are in:						
	(a) direct contact with their immediate neighbours							
	(b)	indirect contact with their immediate neighbours						
	(c)	Either (a) or (b)						
	(d)	None of these						
14.	As per Green indicators 2004, GWI denotes:							
	(a)	Green World Index	(b)	Green World Indicator				
	(c)	Green Wealth Indicator	(d)	Green Wealth Index				
15.	Desertification is:							
	(a)	Developmental problem	(b)	Environmental problem				
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	None of these				
16.	Typical Indian climate is represented by:							
	(a)	Tropical zone	(b)	Sub tropical zone				
	(c)	Arid zone	(d)	Alpine zone				
17.	Which o	Which one of the following is the incorrect statement?						
	(a)	(a) Alkalinity refers to buffering						
	(b)	General hardness measures the cations						
	(c)							
	(d)	(d) All fresh water sources contain calcium and magnesium						

18.	Which	one is not a trace eleme	ent?					
	(a)	Mn		(b)	Mg			
	(c)	Zn		(d)				
10	PVCis	generally referred as :						
1 2		Homopolymer		(b)	Co nolumen			
		Monomer		(b) (d)	Co-polymer None of these			
	(0)	1410110111CI		(u)	None of these			
20.	Tryptop	han is involved in the fo	ormation of:					
	(a)	Auxin (IAA) in plant	is _	(b)	Nicotinamide (vitamin B <sub>s</sub> ) in			
					animals			
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)		(d)	None of these			
21.	The rese	ervoir pool of gaseous	cycles of ma	tteris				
	(a)	Lithosphere			Atmosphere			
	(c)	Hydrosphere			Both (b) & (c)			
22	Water or	rola is mada un afil au	odonia a se		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
447	Water cycle is made up of 2 overlapping cycles, which are:  (a) Ground water and atmospheric water cycles							
	(b) Surface water and atmospheric water cycles							
		Larger global and sn						
		Oceanic fresh water		atti t	yeles			
23.	Franile b	one may result due to	tavialna et					
2.3.	(a)	Cd Cd	toxicity of .	(b)	Pb			
	(c)	Hg		(d)	None of these			
	(0)	ng		(a)	tvone of these			
24.	Paraceta	mol can be taken by a	person:					
	(a)	Using anti-coagulants	S	(b)	Allergic to aspirin			
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)		(d)	None of these			
25.	Whicho	f the following compo	ands had very	impo	ortant role in pre-biotic evolution?			
		NO			SO,			
	(c)	SO <sub>2</sub>			CH <sub>4</sub>			
26.	In pure s	tate chlorophyll b is:						
		Bluish green		(h)	Olive green			
	Caption	Yellowish green			Any of these			
	(4)	. Short long growth		(4)	and or mose			

27.	Stress ho	ormone is:							
	(a)	Gibberellic acid	(b)	Abscisic acid					
	(c)	Auxin	(d)	Cytokinin					
28.	Whicho	Which one of the following has no effect on seed dormancy?							
	(a)	Auxins	(b)	Cytokinins					
	(c)	Gibberellins	(d)	Abscisic acid					
29.	Maximu	ım energy is liberated on respira	tory breal	kdown of:					
	(a)	Proteins	(b)	Carbohydrates					
	(c)	Fats	(d)	Nucleic acids					
30.	Which fo	orm of DNA occurs under physi	ological o	conditions of cells?					
	(a)	A-DNA	(b)	B-DNA					
	(c)	C-DNA	(d)	D-DNA					
31.	The first genetically engineered human insulin (Humulin) was launched by an Ameri-								
	can company on:								
		5th July 1983	-	5th July 1993					
	(c)	15th June 1985	(d)	None of these					
32.	Which of following statements is incorrect?								
	(a)	<ul> <li>(a) The first order consumers in the fresh water pond include larva of may-fly and dragon-fly</li> </ul>							
	(b)	(b) Floating populations of plankton are present in high reaches of perennial rivers							
	(c)	(c) Eutrophic lakes are relatively shallow lakes							
	(d) Smabar lake of Rajasthan contains saline or brackish water								
33.	Which	Which of the groups represent rooted submerged stage of hydrosere?							
	(a)	(a) Typha, Fragmites and Sagittaria							
	(b)	(b) Carex, Juncus and Eleocharis							
	(c)	Hydrilla, Elodea and Utrica	ılaria						
	(d)	Lemna, Azolla and Wolffia							
34.	Importa	ant edible fresh water fishes of I							
	(a)	Hilsa, Salmon, Eel	(b)	Sardine, Pomphret					
	(0)	Labon Calhasy Catla	(d)	All of these					

35.	The bun	in pine seedling is caused by po	llutant :				
	(a)	SO,	(b)	PAN			
	(c)	NO	(d)	None of these			
36.	Presence	e of diatoms in water is an indica	ion of:				
	(a)	Pollution by sewage	(b)	Adequate oxygen in water			
	(c)	Petroleum deposits	(d)	All of these			
37.	A lake which has no significant outflow, either through rivers or underground diffu-						
	sion is ca	alled?					
	(a)	Meromietic lake	(b)	Crater lake			
	(c)	Oxbow lake	(d)	Endorheic lake			
38.	Filtratio	n over activated carbon removes					
	(a)	Residual suspended matter	(b)	Residual toxins			
	(c)	Biofilms	(d)	All of these			
39.	Bioindio	cator of soil pesticide is:					
	(a)	Actinomycetes	(b)	Yeasts			
	(c)	Cyanobacteria	(d)	Filamentous fungi			
40.	In India,	on an average, what percentage	of muni	cipal solid waste generated can be			
	recycled	1?					
	(a)	5-10 %	(b)	20-25%			
	(c)	30-35%	(d)	40-50%			
41.	World F	forest Day is celebrated on:					
	(a)	March 21	(b)	April 22			
	(c)	May 17	(d)	October 2			
42.	Which	of the following water-borne dis	ease usu	ally provides protection against a			
	second attack?						
	(a)	Infectious Hepatitis (A)	(b)	Cholera			
	(c)	Amoebiasis	(d)	None of these			
43.	Parathio	on is a/an:					
	(a)	Organochlorine	(b)	Organophosphate			
	(c)	Carbamate	(d)	None of these			

44.	Noise af	Noise affects:							
	(a)	Eye sight, colour perception,	night visio	n					
	(b)	Heart rate, blood pressure, w	ork perfor	rmance					
	(c)	Hearing, sleep, conversation							
	(d)	All of these							
45.	Which one is not a grade of coal?								
	(a)	Racid	(b)	Anthracite					
	(c)	Bituminous	(d)	Lignite					
46.	Hand m	Hand made papers:							
	(a)	Reduce pollution	(b)	Help in saving trees					
	(c)	Provide solution of unemploy	ment (d)	All of these					
	150								
47.	Dachiga	m has been declared as Nation	nal Park in	the year:					
	(a)	1981	(b)	1983					
	(c)	1985	(d)	1986					
48.	Which one of the following groups is not listed as endangered or rare plant species in								
	Red Data Book ?								
	(a)	) Abies delavayi, Acanthephippium, Aconitum							
	(b)	Adinandra, Aglaia, Amblyanthus, Vanda							
	(c)	Populus, Potameia, Psilotum, Rheum							
	(d)	Hordeum vulgare, Secale co	ereal, Sorg	thum vulgare, Eleucine coracana					
49.	In order	to control malaria, offensive r	neasures c	an be taken against:					
		Malaria		Malarial parasites					
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	None of these					
50.	Which o	of the following is not included	in IUCN I	Red list category?					
	(a)	Least concern	(b)	Extinct in the wild					
	(c)	Lowerrisk	(d)	High concern					
51.	The Ori	The Oriental and Australian regions are separated from each other by an imaginary							
	line calle	xd:							
	(a)	Lombok's line	(b)	Bali's line					
	(c)	Wallace's line	(d)	None of these					

	(a)	Rhizomoids	(b)	Rhizoides			
	(c)	Bacteroids	(d)	Bacteriomoids			
=2	0 1						
55.		ole was first discovered by:		CAND MODIFIED			
	(a)	J E Farman	(b)	I E Fosterman			
	(c)	TJ Rogerman	(d)	None of these			
54.	Smog ar	rises by the interaction of:					
	(a)	Hydrocarbons and sulphur die	oxide				
	(b)	Hydrocarbons and nitrogen of	xide				
	(c)	Sulphur dioxide and nitrogen	oxide				
	(d)	All of these					
55.	Which o	one was not among the basic con	spicuous	issues discussed during Earth Summit?			
	(a)	Greenhouse gas emission	(b)	Forests			
	(c)	Population	(d)	NGOs			
56.	Internati	ionally, environmental educatio	n gained r	recognition when the UN conference was held in 1972 at ?			
	(a)	Sweden	(b)	Turkey			
	(c)	Brazil	(d)	Iran			
57.	Which o	ne of the following statements i	s incorrec	xt?			
	(a)	The value of median is influer	nced by ab	normally large or small values			
	(b)	The arithmetic mean does not	get affect	ted by the fluctuations of the sampling			
	(c)	Arithmetic explanation of median is not possible					
	(d)	Mode is rarely used for medic	al and hig	her biological scientific calculations			
58.	Mean va	alues of Hb% of 20 males and 2	0 females	s were calculated as 13.5 and 14 mg/100ml with SD as 3 and 4			
	respectiv	vely. The co-efficient of variatio	n of both	males and females will be:			
	(a)	Males 20.20% & females 25	.50%				
	(b)	Males 22.22% & females 28	.57%				
	(c)	Males 24.50% & females 30	570/				
	(0)	THE COLUMN TO CE TENTIAL COLUMN TO COLUMN THE COLUMN TH	.2170				

52. Inside the root nodule the Rhizobia change their form to cells called:

	(a)	Correlation analysis	(b)	Regression analysis
	(c)	Both (a) & (b)	(d)	None of these
60.	ryra namen		l h . 11 - 337	Late the second state of the second s
60.	A bag co	ontains 3 red, 6 white and 7 b	lue balls. W	hat is the probability that two balls drawn are white and blue?
60.	A bag co	16/3	(b)	7/20

### ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

- The second stage of evolution of different components of earth as described by Chamberlain denotes:
  - (a) the period of planetesimal accession
  - (b) the actual geological period
  - (c) the period of dominant vulcanism
  - (d) none of the above
- Which one of the following does not pertain to scientific concept in the origin of solar system and earth?
  - (a) dihybrid concept
  - (b) trihybrid concept
  - (c) monistic concept
  - (d) dualistic concept
- Laterite soils are composed of :
  - (a) little clay and much gravel of red sand stones
  - (b) organic material, much clay and iron
  - (c) large proportion of decomposed mineral grains
  - (d) none of the above
- Regur soils occur mainly in :
  - (a) Maharashtra, Western Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat
  - (b) Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh
  - (c) Orissa, Jharkhand and Andhra Pradesh
  - (d) None of the above
- Soil erosion is a serious problem in :
  - (a) hills
  - (b) arid areas
  - (c) semi-arid areas
  - (d) all of the above

6.	Soil	erosion has been called as creeping death of soil by :				
	(a)	Raw				
	(b)	Burges				
	(c)	van der Drift				
	(d)	Rama Rao				
7.	Exfoliation weathering is also known as:					
	(a)	spalling				
	<b>(b)</b>	sheeting				
	(c)	onion weathering				
	(d)	isolation weathering				
8.	The	frequency of rock falls depends on :				
	(a)	aridity humidity factor				
	(b)	lithological and structural characteristics of rock				
	(c)	both (a) and (b)				
	(d)	none of the above				
9.	Which one of the following statements is not correct?					
	(a)	Himalayan rivers perform intense erosional activity				
	(b)	Himalayan rivers are perennial				
	(c)	Himalayan rivers flow through shallow valleys				
	(d)	Himalayan rivers have made spectacular gorges				
10.	The	drainage basin of river Krishna is shared by :				
	(a)	Maharashtra, Karnataka and Andhara Pradesh				
	<b>(b)</b>	Kerala, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu				
	(c)	Maharashtra, Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh				
	(d)	Maharashtra, Orissa and Jharkhand				
Envi.	Sc.	2				

11.		ulation growth rate by 1990's was decreasing in most of the countr the decline was greatest in :	ies		
	(a)	India			
	(b)	China			
	(c)	Indonesia			
	(d)	USA			
12.	Ove	r population is a situation when :			
	(a)	there is a large size of population			
	<b>(b)</b>	resources are few			
	(c)	resources are too few for the size of the population			
	(d)	population in a country grows rapidly			
13.	In India the total in-situ reserves of Bauxite as on 1st, April 2000 are :				
	(a)	1075 million tonnes			
	(b)	2050 million tonnes			
	(c)	3075 million tonnes			
	(d)	4050 million tonnes			
14.	Koyna hydro power project is in :				
	(a)	Maharashtra			
	<b>(b)</b>	Tamil Nadu			
	(c)	Karnataka			
	(d)	Kerala			
<b>15</b> .	Occurrence of dry Gas has been reported in Kashmir Division by :				
	(a)	Oil and Natural Gas Commission			
	<b>(b)</b>	Natural Gas Commission			
	(c)	Commission for Natural Gas and Oil			
	(d)	Oil and Natural Gas Committee			
Envi.	Sc.	3 P.T.	0.		

In F	Kashmir Division galena deposits have been reported from:				
(a)	Sumbhar [Anantnag]				
(b)	Lashtial [Baramula]				
<b>(c)</b>	Wuyan [Srinagar]				
(d)	None of the above				
When two solutions differ from each other by 1 pH unit it means that one					
solution has:					
(a)	5 times the hydrogen ion concentration of the other				
<b>(b)</b>	10 times the hydrogen ion concentration of the other				
(c)	50 times the hydrogen ion concentration of the other				
(d)	100 times the hydrogen ion concentration of the other				
In u	inpolluted region the pH of rain water is:				
(a)	6.7				
(b)	7.0				
(c)	5.6				
(d)	6.5				
Iodi	ne requirement for an adult human is :				
(a)	50 μg				
(b)	100 µg				
(c)	150 µg				
(d)	200 рд				
Whi	ich of the following elements is not essential to all plants and animals?				
(a)	Sulphur				
(b)	Zinc				
(c)	Copper				
(d)	Barium				
Sc.	4				
	(a) (b) (c) (d) Whe solu (a) (b) (c) (d) In v (a) (b) (c) (d) Vhi (a) (b) (c) (d) Whi (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (d)				

		received a Nobel prize for formulating a polymeric structure for rubbe	r			
	ш 1. (a)	Staudinger				
	(a) (b)	Strausberger				
	(c)	Bohr				
		Gibbs				
90	(d)					
22.	Cellulose fibres:  (a) can be made to bent and twist					
	(a)					
	(b)	do not stretch much				
	(c)	both (a) and (b)				
BK.	(d)	none of the above				
23.		oids are a class of hormones made from :				
334	(a)	amino acids				
	(b)	cholesterol				
	(c)	proteins	1			
	(d)	none of the above				
24.	A compound that cannot be synthesized by a given organism but is vital for					
	its	survival or health is:				
	(a)	glycogen				
	(b)	protein				
	(c)	vitamin				
	(q)	lactose				
25.	Fra	nkia is associated with:				
	(a)	nitrification				
	<b>(b)</b>	denitrification				
	(c)	nitrogen fixation				
	(d)	ammonification				
Envi.	Sc.	5 P.T	ю.			

26.	Sed	imentary type of biogeochemical cycle is found in case of :				
	(a)	nitrogen				
	(b)	sulphur				
	(c)	carbon				
	(d)	oxygen				
27.	Hydrological cycle is driven by evaporative power of solar radiation which					
	is approximatelyper cent of the total radiation reaching the outer					
	atm	osphere.				
	(a)	5				
	(b)	10				
	(c)	15				
	(d)	20				
28.	Larg	ge store of water in polar ice caps has :				
	(a)	little effect on hydrological cycle				
	(b)	great effect on hydrological cycle				
	(c)	no effect on hydrological cycle				
	(d)	none of the above				
29.	Clin	ical lead poisoning occurs when blood lead levels rise to :				
		25 µg/dl				
	(b)	40 µg/dl				
	(c)	60 μg/dl				
	(d)	80 µg/dl				
30.	To obtain the Eco mark the maximum concentration of lead in tea leaves					
	[acco	ording to BIS] should be :				
	(a)	<10 ppm				
	(b)	<6.5 ppm				
	(c)	<3.5 ppm				
	(d)	<4.8 ppm				
Envî.	Se					
		6				

31.	Αυ	useful drug that can cause severe errosive gastritis if taken with	200214001001
	(a)		alcono! :
	(b)	antihistamine	
	(c)	aspirin	
	(d)	none of the above	
32.	The	antidote for paracetamol poisoning is :	
	(a)	penicillamine	
	(b)	deferrioxamine	
	(e)	N-acetylcysteine	
	(d)	none of the above	
33.	Acco	ording to Cosmozoic theory, life originated from :	
	(a)	spores of other planets	
	(b)	non-living organic matter	
	(c)	special creation	
	(d)	none of the above	
34.	Нур	othesis of Panspermia was propounded by :	
	(a)	Preyer	
	(b)	Ambarzumian	
	(c)	Arrhenius	
	(d)	Spallanzani	
<b>3</b> 5.	Whe	n amount of NADP available is low :	82
	(a)	only pigment system I is active	
	(b)	only pigment system II is active	
	(c)	both pigment systems [I and II] are active	
	(d)	none of the above	
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36.	ligh carbon dioxide consumption point is found in :	
	$C_3$ plants	
	c) C <sub>4</sub> plants	
	c) CAM plants	
	d) lichens	
37.	late of respiration increases:	
	a) at high CO <sub>2</sub> concentration	
	b) at very high temperature	
	c) in well hydrated plants	
	d) in intense light	
38.	For two molecules of glucose, glycolysis uses and produces ATP molecule	s :
	(a) 4 and 8	
	(b) 2 and 4	
	(c) 2 and 8	
	(d) 2 and 2	
39.	Type I restriction enzymes are :	
	(a) non-specific in their cleavage	
	(b) specific in their cleavage	
	(c) suitable for gene manipulation	
	(d) none of the above	
40.	Pomato is a novel somatic hybrid formed by the fusion of protoplasts	of:
	(a) pea and tomato	
	(b) pea and potato	
	(c) tomato and potato	
	(d) carrot and potato	
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41.	Gum	is obtained from:	
(	(a)	Acacia sapota	
	(b)	Bosewallia serrata	
	(c)	Sterculia urens	
	(d)	All of the above	
42.	Fish	and sea fishes are rich sources of minerals especially :	
	(a)	calcium	
	(b)	potassium	
	(e)	sodium	
	(d)	magnesium	
43.	Ozor	ne and PAN exert their biochemical effects by producing:	
	(a)	carbonium	
	(b)	free radicals	
	(c)	H <sup>+</sup> ion	
	(d)	Ozonides	
44.	Acre	olein, an air pollutant is a type of :	
	(a)	aldehyde	
	(b)	ketone	
	(c)	paraffin	
	(d)	olefin	
<b>45</b> .	In	oligotrophic lakes and water bodies, there is:	
	(a)	excessive growth of algae	
	(b)	depletion of dissolved oxygen	
	(c)	nutrient enrichment	
	<b>(d)</b>		
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- 46. If too much organic matter is added to water, :
  - (a) all available oxygen will be used up
  - (b) fishes and other forms of aquatic life will die
  - (c) anaerobic bacteria will begin to breakdown the waste
  - (d) all of the above
- 47. Cork from oak tree is one of the best ecologically friendly resource as :
  - (a) cork is harvested by peeling layers of trees
  - (b) removing cork helps it grow better
  - (c) cork is not harvested by cutting down the trees
  - (d) none of the above
- 48. Wind power, a non-polluting energy, is used in:
  - (a) remote power
  - (b) hybrid system .
  - (c) both (a) and (b)
  - (d) none of the above
- 49. In the mountains of South-west China the population of Giant Panda is as few as:
  - (a): 500
  - (b) 1000
  - (c) 1500
  - (d) 1800
- 50. According to Final Technical Report of National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan, India has lost:
  - (a) over 50 per cent of its forest cover and 40 per cent of its mangroves .
  - (b) over 40 per cent of its forest cover and 50 per cent of its mangroves
  - (c) over 30 per cent of its forest cover and 70 per cent of its mangroves
  - (d) over 70 per cent of its forest cover and 30 per cent of its mangroves

51.	The	helminth parasite which inhabits the lymph vessels is:
	(a)	Ascaris
2	· (b)	Wuchereria
	<b>(c)</b>	Enterobius
	(d)	Ancylostoma
<b>52</b> .	Pyor	Thoea caused by Entamoeba gingivalis is transmitted by:
	(a)	flies
	(b)	kissing
	(c)	air
	(d)	mosquito bite
53.	Mad worl	agascar and Mauritius are included in which zoogeographic region of the
06	(a)	Neotropical region
	<b>(b)</b>	Neoarctic region
	(c)	Ethiopian region
	(d)	Oriental region
54.	Vert	tical distribution of life in aquatic habitats is referred to as:
	(a)	bathymetric distribution
	(p)	altitudinal distribution
	(c)	both (a) and (b)
	(d)	none of the above
55.	'Sup	perbug' was created, to mop up all types of hydrocarbons in the oil, from
	diffe	erent strains of :
Ť	(a)	Bacillus
	<b>(p)</b>	Pseudomonas
	(c)	Clostridium
	(d)	Azotobacter

56.	Thie	bacillus bacteria can accumulate which metal, for reuse from waste waters
	and	industrial sites?
	(a)	copper
	<b>(b)</b>	silver
	(c)	aluminium
	(d)	none of the above
57.	Squ	are of standard deviation is termed as :
	(a)	variance
	(b)	quartiles
	(c)	percentiles
	(d)	root mean square deviation
58.	The valu	statistical method which helps us to estimate or predict the unknown e of one variable from the known value of the related variable is called:
	(a)	correlation
	(b)	scatter diagram
	(c)	regression
	(d)	dispersion
<b>59</b> .	Whe	n a mean deviation is divided by the average used in finding out the
	(a)	n deviation itself, the resulting quantity is described as the :  coefficient of mean deviation
	(b)	coefficient of standard deviation
	(c)	coefficient of variance
	(d)	none of the above
60.		elation studies can be represented by :
	(a)	scatter diagram
	(b)	correlation graph
225	(c)	both (a) and (b)
	(d)	none of the above

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## **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

1.	The	thickness of earth's core is	
	(A)	2883 km	
	<b>(B)</b>	2895 km	
	(C)	3475 km	
	<b>(D)</b>	6370 km	
<b>2</b> .	Whic	ch of the following groups of geological periods are included in Ce	nozoic
	era '	?	
	(A)	Holocene, Oligocene, Pliocene and Miocene	
	<b>(B)</b>	Eccene, Oligocene, Miccene and Pliccene	
	(C)	Cretacious, Carboniferous, Cambrian and Devonian	
	<b>(D)</b>	Migocene, Eccene, Jurassic and Triassic	
3.	To w	which group does the black cotton soil of India belong?	
	(A)	Laterite .	
	<b>(B)</b>	Podozol	
	(C)	Chermozen	
	<b>(D)</b>	Alluvial	18
4.	Late	erization occurs in :	
	(A)	Warm, humid areas	
	(B)	Poorly drained areas	
	(C)	Cool temperate areas	
	<b>(D)</b>	Riverine tracts	
5.		ch country loses higher amount of top soil from its croplands dion ?	lue to
	(A)	Brazil	
	<b>(B)</b>	China	
	(C)	India	
	(D)	USA	
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<b>6</b> .	Gully	erosion have already degraded the land in India to the tune of :
	(A)	10 lakh hectares
	( <b>B</b> )	40 lakh hectares
	(C)	70 lakh hectares
	(D)	100 lakh hectares
7.	The p	pedogenic regime of calcification is commonly associated with:
	(A)	Hot and humid areas
	(B)	Cool and temperate areas
	( <b>C</b> )	Mid latitude steep lands
	<b>(D)</b>	Coastal areas
8.	The	essential constituent of igneous rock is :
	(A)	Carbon
	<b>(B)</b>	Calcium
	(C)	Magnesium
	(D)	Silica
9.	Whic	ch one of the longest dam in India ?
	(A)	Bhakra
	<b>(B)</b>	Damodar
	(C)	Hirakud
	(D)	Narmada
10.	Of v	which river system does the Teesta form a part?
(3)	(A)	Ganga
	(B)	Brahmaputra
	(C)	Indus
	(D)	Godavari

11.	The	average density of population in India as per 2001 census was:
	(A)	39 persons / km <sup>2</sup>
	<b>(B)</b>	117 persons / km <sup>2</sup>
	(C)	324 persons / km²
	<b>(D)</b>	> 600 persons / km <sup>2</sup>
12.	Whic	ch are the factors leading to the development of nucleated settlements?
	Ι	Universal availability of rainfall
	II	Rough terrain
	III	Danger to life and property
	IV	Plain topography
	(A)	I and IV
	<b>(B)</b>	I, II and IV
	(C)	II, III and IV
	(D)	III and IV
13.	Copp	er-gold-iron-coal are connected with
	(A)	Kolar-Kundremukh-Khetri-Jharia
	<b>(B)</b>	Khetri-Kolar-Kundermukh-Jharia
	(C)	Kundermukh-Kolar-Khetri-Jharia
	(D)	Kolar-Khetri-Jharia-Kundermukh
14.	Hydr	opower derived from water, is one of the earliest sources of energy. Where
	was	the first hydel plant set-up in 1897 in India?
	(A)	Shimla
	<b>(B)</b>	Dehra Dun
	(C)	Kullu
	( <b>D</b> )	Darjiling
15.	Whic	ch area of the J&K State does not contain limestone?
	(A)	Doda
	(B)	Kupwara
	(C)	Poonch
	(D)	Kargil
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16.	In Ka	shmir Valley the Kerawas (Waduras) better developm	ent in the	e :
	(A)	Northern region		
	(B)	Southern region		
	(C)	Eastern region		
	<b>(D)</b>	Western region	郑	
17.	Fluidi	icity of water is maintained by		
	(A)	Delayed formation and dissociation of hydrogen bonds molecules.	between	water
	(B)	Rapid formation and dissociation of hydrogen bonds molecules	between	water
	(C)	Greater electronegativity of oxygen than hydrogen	· ·	
	(D)	All the above		
18.	Dipo	le moment (degree of polarity) of water is :		ė.
	(A)	0.90 debye		
J.	(B)	1.49 debye		
	(C)	1.64 debye		
	(D)	1.84 debye	20	83
19.	Littl	e leaf/leaf rosetting is a deficiency disease of :		
	(A)	Fe (Iron)		1
	(B)	Mn (Manganese)		
	(C)	Zn (Zinc)		
	(D)	B (Boron)		
20.	Whi	ch of the following is not an essential micro-nutrient	?	
	(A)	Boron		
	(B)	Nickel		
	(C)	Manganese		
	(D)	Molybdenum	% .	16,
Env	i. Sci.	4		

Syntl	hetic polymer which resembles natural rubber is:
(A)	Neoprene
(B)	Chloroprene
(C)	Glyptal
(D)	None of the above
$\mathbf{F}_2\mathbf{C}$	= CF <sub>2</sub> is a monomer of:
(A)	Teflon
<b>(B)</b>	Glyptal
(C)	Nylon-6
(D)	Buna-S
Sucre	ose is made up of :
(A)	D-glucose + L-fructose
(B)	D-glucose + D-fructose
(C)	L-glucose + L-fructose
(D)	L-fructose + L-glucose
The	vitamin that contains nitrogen and sulphur is:
(A)	Vitamin A
<b>(B)</b>	Vitamin B <sub>1</sub>
(C)	Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>
<b>(D)</b>	Vitamin C
Whi	ch biogeochemical cycle does not necessarily have to involve decomposers
(A)	Carbon
<b>(B)</b>	Nitrogen
(C)	Phosphorus
<b>(D)</b>	None of the above
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	(A) (B) (C) (D) (F <sub>2</sub> C) (A) (B) (C) (D) Sucre (A) (B) (C) (D) The (A) (B) (C) (D) White (A) (B) (C)

26.	Nitri	fication is a process in which :
	( <b>A</b> )	Ammonia is converted into Nitrate
	<b>(B)</b>	Ammonia is converted into Nitrite
	(C)	Nitrite is converted into Ammonia
	<b>(D)</b>	Nitrate is converted into Ammonia
27.	How	much solar energy is required to run the hydrological cycle in
	natu	re ?
	(A)	$6.0 \times 10^{20} \text{ KJ Yr}^{-1}$
	<b>(B)</b>	$7.1 \times 10^{20} \text{ KJ Yr}^{-1}$
	(C)	$8.2 \times 10^{20} \text{ KJ Yr}^{-1}$
	<b>(D)</b>	$9.3 \times 10^{20} \text{ KJ Yr}^{-1}$
28.	Wate	er cycle is made up of two overlapping cycles. These are :
	( <b>A</b> )	Groundwater and atmospheric water cycle
	<b>(B)</b>	Surface water and atmospheric cycle
	(C)	Larger global and smaller local H <sub>2</sub> O cycle
	(D)	Oceanic and freshwater cycles
29.	Whie	ch part of human body is most affected by chronic lead toxicity?
	(A)	Muscles and bones
	(B)	Nervous system
	(C)	Reproductive system
	( <b>D</b> )	Blood-vascular system
30.	Whi	ch one of the following metals causes systematic poisoning in man?
	(A)	Zinc
	(B)	Manganese
	(C)	Selenium
	<b>(D</b> )	Lead

31.	Aspi	rin is an acetylation product of :	
	(A)	o-hydroxyl benzoic acid	
	(B)	o-dihydroxy benzene	
	(C)	m-hydroxyl benzoic acid	
	<b>(D</b> )	p-dihydroxy benzene	
32.	Whie	th of the following is non-narcotic analgesic drug?	
	(A)	Aspirin	
	<b>(B)</b>	Phenyl-butazone	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	<b>(D)</b>	Paracetamol	
33.	Orga	nic compounds first evolved on earth and required for origin of life were	<b>:</b> :
	(A)	Urea and amino acids	
	<b>(B)</b>	Proteins and nucleic acids	
	(C)	Proteins and amino acids	
	<b>(D)</b>	Urea and nucleic acids	
34.	Euk	aryotes developed around :	
	(A)	1.6 billion years ago	
	<b>(B)</b>	2.0 billion years ago	
	(C)	2.5 billion years ago	
	(D)	2.8 billion years ago	
35.	Eme	rsion effect is related to	
	(A)	Decrease in photosynthesis in presence of high light intensity	
	(B)	Decrease in photosynthesis when lights of two different wavelength are provided together	18
	(C)	Increase in photosynthesis in presence of monochromatic light	
	(D)	Increase in photosynthesis when lights of two different wavelength are provided together	ıs
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36.	Photo	ophosphorylation is synthesis of:	
	(A)	ADP from ATP	
	<b>(B)</b>	Glucose 6-phosphate from glucose	
	(C)	ATP from ADP	
	<b>(D)</b>	NADP+ from NAD+	
37.	Conn	necting link between glucolysis and Krebs cycle is / before enteri	ng Krebs
	cycle	pyravate is changed to :	
	(A)	Oxaloacetate	
	<b>(B)</b>	PEP	
	(C)	Pyruvate	
	(D)	Acetyl CoA	
38.	Subs	strate phosphorylation occurs during	
	(A)	Fumaric acid → Malic acid	
	<b>(B)</b>	Oxalo-succinic acid → α-ketoglutaric acid	
	(C)	Succinic acid → fumaric acid	
	<b>(D)</b>	α-ketoglutaric acid → Succinic acid	
39.	Wide	dely used tool in genetic engineering of crop plants is :	
	(A)	Protoplast fusion	
	(B)	Transposon	
	(C)	Microinjection	
	(D)		¥.
40.	Res	striction endonucleases (enzymes) are used in genetic engineeri	ng because
	the	by:	
	(A)	can join DNA fragments	
	<b>(B)</b>	cut DNA at specific base sequence	# E
	(C)		
172	(D)	are proteolytic enzymes which degrade harmful proteins	
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41.	Whi	ch of the following cluster is purely useful animals to man:
	( <b>A</b> )	Apis, Laccifera and Hirudanaria
	<b>(B)</b>	Naja, Heloderma and Python
	(C)	Apis, Bombyx and Cirrhina mirigala
	<b>(D)</b>	Bubalus bubalus, Panthera leo and Neptunus
42.	Whi	ch of the following plants yield cardiac stimulant and tonic :
	(A)	Rauwolfia
	(B)	Aconitum
	(C)	Digitalis
	<b>(D)</b>	Dioscorea
43.	Lich	ens, bioindicators of air quality, are extremely sensitive to two common
		ospheric pollutants
	(A)	NO <sub>2</sub> and SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>(B)</b>	O <sub>3</sub> and SO <sub>2</sub>
	(C)	CO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>(D)</b>	$O_3$ and $NO_2$
44.	Phot	ochemical smog consists of :
	(A)	O <sub>3</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> and hydrocarbons
	<b>(B)</b>	O <sub>3</sub> , PAN and NO <sub>x</sub>
	(C)	SO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> and hydrocarbon
	<b>(D)</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> , PAN and smoke
45.	Whic	ch algal group is the best indicator of water pollution?
	(A)	Cyanophyceae
	<b>(B)</b>	Chlorophyceae
	(C)	Baçillariophyceae
	<b>(D)</b>	Desmidaceae
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46.	and	ch minerals are found in the run-off from agricultural land and treated untreated sewage effluents, which are highly responsible for eutrophication				
		ater bodies ?				
	( <b>A</b> )	Phosphorus and carbon ,				
	( <b>B</b> )	Potassium and arsenic				
	(C)	Nitrogen and phosphorus				
	(D)	Sodium and calcium				
<b>47</b> .		Which among the following is generally the best way to extract energy from biomass having a high moisture content?				
	(A.)	Gasification				
	<b>(B)</b>	Pyrolysis				
	(C)	Anaerobic digestion				
	( <b>D</b> )	Hydrolysis and distillation				
48.	Least polluting energy generating technique among the following is:					
	(A)	Magnetic hydrodynamics				
	<b>(B)</b>	Thermal power				
	(C)	Fission bases nuclear energy				
	( <b>D</b> )	Photovoltaic				
49.		ch of the following species of rhinoceros is said to be most critically ngered species?				
	( <b>A</b> )	Indian one-horned rhino				
	(B)	Javan rhino				
	(C)	African black rhino				
	(D)	Sumatran rhino				
50.	An e	example of in situ biological conservation method is to establish :				
	(A)	Seed Banks				
	(B)	Botanical gardens				

(C)

(D)

Zoos

Biosphere reservoir

51.	Whi	ich of the following diseases are caused by pathogenic pro	tozoa
	Ι	Coccidiosis	
	II	Babesiosis	
	III	Snoring disease	
	IV	Johne's disease	
	(A)	I and II	
	<b>(B)</b>	I, II and IV	
	(C)	II and IV	
	(D)	I, II and III	
<b>52</b> .	The	helminth parasite of man which inhabits the lymph vessel	s and causes
		hantiasis :	
	(A)	Enterobius	
	<b>(B)</b>	Ancyclostoma	
	(C)	Wucheria	
	(D)	Taenia	
53.	Man	nmals like aye-aye and jumping hares are found in :	0
	(A)	Palaearctic region	
	(B)	Oriental region	
	(C)	Ethopian region	
	<b>(D)</b>	Neoarctic region	
54.	Whic	ch zoogeographical region is the largest :	
	(A)	Oriental	
	<b>(B)</b>	Neotropical	19
	(C)	Australian	
	<b>(D)</b>	Palaearctic	
55.	The	biodegradative ability of Pseudomonas is attributed to:	
	(A)	Resistance to adverse conditions	
	<b>(B)</b>	Presence of plasmids	
	(C)	Presence of sialic acid in cell wall	•
7/2	( <b>D</b> )	Presence of hydroxylose enzyme	
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56.	Myco	orrhiza helps in the uptake of which nutrient :
	(A)	Nitrate
	<b>(B)</b>	Potassium
	(C)	Phosphorus
	<b>(D)</b>	Molybdenum
57.	The	relationship between standard deviation and variance is :
	( <b>A</b> )	Standard Deviation = $-\sqrt{\text{Variance}}$
3.	(B)	Standard deviation = $+\sqrt{\text{Variance}}$
	'(C)	Standard Deviation = - (Variance)2
	(D)	Variance = \sqrt{Standard Deviation}
58.	Stan	dard deviation expressed as a percentage of mean is called :
•	(A)	Coefficient of variation
	(B)	Mean deviation
	(C)	Standard error
	<b>(D)</b>	None of the above
<b>59</b> .	The	value of probability is always:
	(A)	Less than 1
	(B)	Less than 0
	(C)	Greater than 1
	<b>(D)</b>	Between 0-1
60.	The	value of correlation coefficient between two variables lie between :
72	(A)	0 and $\alpha$
	<b>(B)</b>	$-\alpha$ and $+\alpha$
	(C)	0 and 1
	(D)	-1 and +1

## ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

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	(D)	None of the above			
	(C)	both (A) and (B)			
	(B)	chemical stability of the rock			
	(A)	local climate			
	by:				
4.	The effectiveness of water as a chemical weathering agent may be enhanced				
	(D)	Miocene			
	(C)	Oligocene			
	(B)	Palaeocene			
	(A)	Eocene			
	the earth?				
3.	During which epoch of the tertiary period did the modern birds appear on				
	(D)	$U^{238}$			
	(C)	K <sup>40</sup>			
	<b>(B)</b>	Rb <sup>87</sup>			
	(A)	C14			
	in th	ne age group of 100 to 1,00,000 years ?			
2.	Whie	h radioactive substance is used for determining the age of organic materia			
	<b>(D</b> )	0.007 atm			
	(C)	0.006 atm			
	(B)	0.005 atm			
	(A)	0.004 atm			
		at a pressure of:			
1.	Wate	er coexists in all its three phases in equilibrium at a temperature of 273.16K			

5.	More	than half of the world human population occupies only about :
	(A)	5% of the land
	<b>(B)</b>	10% of the land
	(C)	15% of the land
	(D)	20% of the land
6.	The	iron catastrophe was a critical moment in the evolutionary history of
	earth	when iron located in one of the following depths got liquefied. The depth
	was	:
	(A)	Surface layer of the earth
	<b>(B)</b>	100-400 km
	(C)	200-500 km
	(D)	400-800 km
7.	Whi	ch of the following measures is used to tackle soil erosion by water as
	well	as wind?
	(A)	Netting
	(B)	Terracing
	(C)	Contour ploughing
	(D)	All of the above
8.	On	an average the residence time of water in atmosphere is:
	(A)	2-4 days
	<b>(B)</b>	8-10 days
	(C)	4-6 days
	<b>(D)</b>	6-7 days
Fine	in Sci	2

	In the context of human population, the number of persons per unit area				
of	agricultural (arable) land available within a country	y is known as its :			
(A)	Arithmetic density				
<b>(B)</b>	Physiological density				
(C)	Agricultural density				
(D)	None of the above				
0. W	nich one of the following is not a polyester?				
(A)	Dacron				
<b>(B)</b>	Vycron				
(C)	Vycra				
(D)	All the three are polyesters				
11. Ba	Bakelite is a condensation polymer of:				
(A)	Phenol and Formaldehyde				
(B)	Phenol and Acetaldehyde				
(C)	Formaldehyde and Benzoic acid				
<b>(D</b> )	Ethylene glycol and Formaldehyde				
12. Th	e total carbon content stored in the oceans is about	$3197 \times 10^{15} \text{ mol C}.$			
Of	this major portion is in the form of:				
(A)	Soluble organic carbon				
<b>(B)</b>	Carbonates and bicarbonates				
(C)	) Biomass				
<b>(D</b> )	All the components are of equal importance				
		P.T.O.			

13.	Which of the following is not a polysaccharide?	•
	(A) Amylopectin	·
	(B) Amylose	
	(C) Cellobiose	
	(D) All the above are polysaccharides	
14.	Fibrous proteins are not present in:	
	(A) Fibrinogen	
	(B) Myosin	
	(C) Collagen	<b>8</b>
	(D) Keratin	
15.	Heating of C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ONa at about 400 K with CO <sub>2</sub> under pres	sure followed by
	acetylation results in the formation of:	**************************************
	(A) N-Acetyl-p-phenatidine	
	(B) N-Acetyl-p-aminophenol	
	(C) Phenyl salicylate	
	(D) Acetyl-salicylic acid	
16.	Which of the following heavy metals reacts directly with t	he red blood cell
	membrane, causing it to become fragile and more suscept	ible to hemolysis
	that may lead to anemia?	
	(A) Cadmium	
	(B) Lead	
	(C) Chromium	
	(D) Nickel	
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THIY!		

17.	Whi	ch of the following statements is/are true according to Plat	e
	Tect	onics ?	
	(A)	The outer portion of the earth, called lithosphere, is composed of larg	e
		rigid units called plates	
	(B)	The plates move in response to the flow of the heat-softened liquid oute	T
		core	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	(D)	None of the above	
18.	The	contribution of the ground water resource of the world (which is approx	i-
	mate	ely 7 million km <sup>3</sup> ) to the global hydrological cycle is about:	
	(A)	0.1%	
	(B)	0.5%	
	(C)	1.0%	
	(D)	1.2%	
19.	Deh	ydrogenation of isocitric acid results in the formation of oxalosuccinic ac	id
	and	the latter on decarboxylation forms:	
	(A)	Succinyl-CoA	
	(B)	Succinic acid	
	(C)	α-Ketoglutaric acid	
	(D)	None of the above	
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20.	Whi	ch of the following is used as an anti-inflammatory medicine?
٠	(A)	Butazolidine
	(B)	Aspirin
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(D)	None of the above
21.	The	adverse health effects caused by the ingestion or inhalation of cadmium
	inch	ıde:
	(A)	Renal tubular dysfunction
	<b>(B)</b>	High blood pressure
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	<b>(D)</b>	None of the above
22.	The	largest reservoir within the phosphorus cycle is the earth's crust, where
	the	total quantity of phosphorus stored (in 1015 mol P) is about :
	(A)	6.78
	<b>(B)</b>	3.78
	(C)	1.78
	(D)	9.78
23.	Con	version of Citric acid to Isocitric acid through the sequence Citric
	Acid	$\rightarrow$ cis-aconitic acid $\rightarrow$ Isocitric acid requires the enzyme :
	(A)	Isocitrate dehydrogenase
	<b>(B)</b>	Aconitase
	(C)	Aconitase followed by Isocitrate dehydrogenase
	(D)	Isocitrate dehydrogenase followed by Aconitase
Down	e.	

•	24.	Natu	ural rubber is obtained from the plant:		
5		(A)	Crotalaria juncea		
		(B)	Hevea brasiliensis		
		(C)	Both (A) and (B)		
		(D)	None of the above		
	25.	Pushm (pashmina) wool is obtained from:			
		(A)	Moschus moschiferus		
		(B)	Panthelops hodgsoni		
		(C)	Ovis ammon		
		<b>(D)</b>	Capra siberica		
	26.	Whi	ch one is the correct sequence of transformation of Fruct	cose-6-phosphate	
		duri	ng Blackman's reaction ?		
		(A)	$\rightarrow$ Erythrose-4-phosphate $\rightarrow$ 1, 7-Sedoheptulose diPO $_4$ –	Sedoheptulose-	
			$7-PO_4 \rightarrow Ribose-5-PO_4$		
		(B)	$\rightarrow$ 1, 7-Sedoheptulose diPO $_{4}\rightarrow$ Erythrose-4-phosphate $-$	Sedoheptulose-	
			$7-PO_4 \rightarrow Ribose-5-PO_4$		
		(C)	$\rightarrow$ 1, 7-Sedoheptulose diPO $_{\! 4} \rightarrow$ Sedoheptulose-7-PO $_{\! 4} \rightarrow$	Ribose-5-PO <sub>4</sub> →	
			Erythrose-4-phosphate		
		<b>(D)</b>	$\rightarrow$ Sedoheptulose-7-PO $_{4}\rightarrow$ 1, 7-Sedoheptulose-diPO $_{4}\rightarrow$	Ribose-5-PO <sub>4</sub> →	
			Erythrose-4-phosphate		
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27.	Which of the below mentioned plants is listed as endangered by the IUCN?				
	(A)	Papaver somniferum			
	(B)	Limum usitatessimum			
	(C)	Aconitum heterophyllum			
	(D)	None of the above			
28.	Majo	r soil types found in Maharashtra are :			
	(A)	Black and alluvial			
	(B)	Alluvial and laterite			
	(C)	Black and red			
	(D)	Red and alluvial			
29.	The	light energy utilized by green plants for photosynthesis forms :			
	(A)	Less than 10% of the total light incident on earth			
	(B)	Less than 5% of the total light incident on earth			
	(C)	Less than 2% of the total light incident on earth			
	(D)	Less than 1% of the total light incident on earth			
30.	Buf	fer capacity of water is large in :			
	(A)	Strongly acidic and strongly basic solution			
	(B)	Strongly acid and weakly basic solution			
	(C)	Weakly acidic and strongly basic solutions			
	(D)	Solutions of intermediate pH			
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31.	The	unconsolidated products of mechanical and chemical weathering the	t cover
	almo	st all of the earth's land surface are called;	
	(A)	Regolith	
	(B)	Xenolith	
	(C)	Lopolith	
	(D)	Batholith	
32.	Soil	erosion rates are highest in areas with :	
	(A)	fine-grained soils and periodic intense rainfall	
	(B)	steep slopes and periodic intense rainfall	
	(C)	fine-grained soils, steep slopes and periodic intense rainfall	
	(D)	None of the above	
33.	Whic	ch of the following rivers is connected with the Bay of Bengal	?
	(A)	Chambal	
	(B)	Betwa	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	(D)	None of the above	
34.	The	markhor, which has been designated as an endangered animal	as per
	the Jammu and Kashmir Wildlife Act, is zoologically known as:		
	(A)	Capra capra	
	(B)	Capra falconeri	
	(C)	Capra siberica	
	(D)	Procapra picticaudata	
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35.	Hira	kud dam is associated with:
	(A)	Godavari river system
	( <b>B</b> )	Mahanadi river system
	(C)	Krishna river system
	(D)	Tapi river system
36.	Coas	stal belt across India is mainly characterized by :
	(A)	Laterite soil
	(B)	Desert soil
	(C)	Alluvial soil
	(D)	Red soil
<b>37</b> .	Majo	ority of the trace elements are :
	(A)	s-block elements
	<b>(B)</b>	d-block elements
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(D)	None of the above
38.	For	predicting the best value of X for given Y, we make use of :
	(A)	Regression equation of Y on X
	<b>(B)</b>	Regression equation of X on Y
	(C)	Means of X and Y series
	(D)	None of the above

39.	The correlation coefficient between two variables is 0.8, then the coefficient		
	of determination is:		
	(A) 0.64		
	(B) 0.89		
	(C) 0.80		
	(D) 1.00		
<b>40</b> .	Leh district is situated between the east longitudes of :		
	(A) 75° 45' and 85° 20'		
	(B) 70° 45' and 76° 20'		
	(C) 78° 45' and 86° 20'		
	(D) 75° 45' and 80° 20'		
41.	Slipped tendon disease (Perosis) in the chicken has been related with the		
	deficiency of:		
	(A) Cobalt		
	(B) Manganese		
	(C) Mercury		
	(D) Cadmium		
42.	The main problem associated with the release of Nitrogen oxides into the		
	stratosphere is the:		
	(A) production of acid rain		
	(B) production of photochemical smog		
	(C) depletion of ozone		
	(D) All of the three		
D			
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43.	Diarr	hial diseases are infections of intestinal tract and are mainly caused
	by:	
	(A)	$Salmonella\ {\tt spp.},\ Treponema\ pollidum,\ Yersinia\ pestis\ {\tt and}\ Shigella\ {\tt spp.}$
	(B)	E. coli, Vibrio cholerae, Salmonella spp. and Shigella spp.
	(C)	E. coli, Vibrio cholerae, Treponema pallidum and Yersinia pestis
	(D)	E. coli, Salmonella spp., Treponema pallidum and Yersinia pestis
44.	Most	of the iron ore deposits in India are found in:
	(A)	Peninsular India
	(B)	Himalayan Belt
	(C)	Northern India
	(D)	None of the above
45.	The	first bioherbicide developed in 1981 for controlling the growth of milk
	weed	d was mycoherbicide based on the fungus:
	(A)	Rhizopus nigricans
	(B)	Puccinia recondita
	(C)	Phytophthora palmivora
A	(D)	None of the above

Whic	ch of the following regions has Himalayan as well as Karakoram		
Mountain ranges ?			
(A)	Jammu		
<b>(B)</b>	Kashmir		
(C)	Ladakh		
(D)	None of the above		
Which of the following microbes has been genetically engineered so as to use			
it fo	r the production of human insulin, interferons, interleukin, etc. :		
(A)	Escherichia coli		
(B)	Pseudomonas putida		
(C)	Rhizobium meliloti		
(D)	Pseudomonas fluorescence		
The	product of two regression coefficients is:		
(A)	> 1		
(B)	1		
(C)	< 1		
(D)	None of the above		
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	Moute (A) (B) (C) (D) Which it for (A) (B) (C) (D) The (A) (B) (C)		

49.	The presence of Escherichia coli and/or Aerobacter aerogenes in a water body
	is an indication of the entry of:

- (A) contaminated wastes from industrial units into it
- (B) organic wastes from human settlements into it
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of the above

## 50. Weil's disease, is associated with:

- (A) Air pollution
- (B) Water pollution
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of the above

## 51. GGU and GGC codons code for the amino acid:

- (A) Glutamic acid
- (B) Glycine
- (C) Alanine
- (D) None of the above
- 52. Globally anthropogenic output of sulphur dioxide gas, produced mainly as a result of fossil fuel burning, accounts for :
  - (A)  $1.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ mol S a}^{-1}$
  - (B)  $2.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ mol S a}^{-1}$
  - (C)  $3.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ mol S a}^{-1}$
  - (D) None of the above

53.	The	fish Neoceratodus is a characteristic feature of which of the following	3
	zooge	ographical realms ?	
	(A)	African	
	(B)	Australian	
	(C)	Nearctic	
	(D)	Neotropical	
54.	In a	simultaneous throw of two dice, the probability of getting a total of	f
	6 is	:	
	(A)	2/36	
	(B)	3/36	
	(C)	4/36	
	(D)	5/36	
55.	Allig	cator is present in which of the following zoogeographical realms?	
	(A)	Palaearctic	
	(B)	Nearctic	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	<b>(D)</b>	None of the above	
56.	Among the various types of coal the least carbon content is found in :		
	(A)	Anthracite coal	
	(B)	Bituminous coal	
	(C)	Lignite coal	
	(D)	Brown coal	
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<b>57</b> .	Mos	t commonly used green manure in India is :	
	(A)	Cluster bean	
	(B)	Berseem	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	(D)	None of the above	
58.	Hun	nan disease caused by protozoans includes :	
	(A)	Trichomoniasis	
	(B)	Meningitis	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	
	(D)	None of the above	
59.	Incu	bation period in case of malarial parasite, Plasmodium vivax, is:	
	(A)	2-4 days	
	<b>(B)</b>	10-17 days	
	(C)	30-40 days	
	(D)	None of the above	
60.	Whi	ch of the following bacteria has been successfully used as a microbial	
	insecticide ?		
	(A)	Bacillus thuringiensis	
	(B)	Bacillus buschlii	
	(C)	Beggiatoa mirabilis	
	(D)	Bacillus coli	
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